

# Federal Democratic Republic of Ethiopia

# National Food and Nutrition Strategy

Draft 7

December 2019

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### ABBREVIATIONS AND ACRONYMS

AISE Agricultural Input Supply Enterprise

AMIYCN Adolescent, Maternal, Infant and Young Child Nutrition

ATA Agricultural Transformation Agency
BFHI Baby Friendly Health Facility Initiatives

CA Conservation Agriculture

CBO Community Based Organizations
CCA Consumers Cooperatives Association

CSO Civic Society Organization
CSW Commercial Sex Workers
DP Development Partner
EBA Ethiopian Broadcast Agency

ECA Ethiopian Conformity Assessment

ECFPC Environment, Climate and Forest Protection Commission

EDHS Ethiopian Demographic Health Survey
EDRI Ethiopian Development Research Institute
EFDA Ethiopian Food and Drug Administration
EIAR Ethiopian Institute of Agricultural Research

EIC Ethiopian Insurance Corporation

EMDDI Ethiopian Meat and Dairy Development Institute
ENBI Ethiopian National Biotechnology Institute

EPHI Ethiopian Public Health Institute
EPHI Ethiopian Public Health Institute
ERA Ethiopian Road Authority

FAO Food and Agricultural Organization

FBO Faith Based Organization

FNGB Food and Nutrition Governing Body

FNIMS Food and Nutrition Information Management Sy

FNP Food and Nutrition Policy
FSS Food Security Strategy
FTC Farmer Training Center
GAP Good Agricultural Practices
GHP Good Hygienic Practice

GMP Growth Monitoring and Promotion

GoE Government of Ethiopia

HACCP Hazard Analyses and critical Control Point

HEI Higher Education Institutions

ICIK International Centre for Indigenous Knowledge

IDP Internally Displaced People KPI Key Performance Indicators M&E Monitoring and Evaluation
MDG Millennium Development Goals

MINT Ministry of Innovation and Technology
MIS Management Information System

MoA Ministry of Agriculture
MoE Ministry of Education
MoF Ministry of Finance
MoH Ministry of Health

MoLSA Ministry of Labor and Social Affairs

MoR Ministry of Revenues

MoSHE Ministry of Science and Higher Education

MoTI Ministry of Trade and Industry

MoWCY Ministry of Women, Children and Youth MoWIE Ministry of Water, Irrigation and Energy MoWYC Ministry of Women, Youth and Children

NCD Non-Communicable Disease

NDRM National Disaster Risk Management
NFNC National Food and Nutrition Council
NGO Non-governmental Organization
NNCB National Nutrition Coordination Body

NNP National Nutrition Program
 NNS National Nutrition Strategy
 NSA Nutrition Sensitive Agriculture
 ORS Oral Rehydration Solution
 OTP Outpatient Therapeutic Program
 PCA Producers Cooperatives Association
 PFSA Pharmaceutical Fund and Supply Agency

PLW Pregnant and Lactating Women PSNP Productive Safety Net Program

PTC Pastoral Training Center

RASFF Rapid Alert System for Food and Feed RFNC Regional Food and Nutrition Council RUSF Ready to Use Supplementary Food RUTF Ready to Use Therapeutic Food

SBCC Social and Behaviour Change Communication

SDG Sustainable Development Goals
SHNS School Health and Nutrition Strategy
SOP Standard Operating Procedure

US United States

WASH Water, Sanitation and Hygiene

WFNCB Woreda Food and Nutrition Coordination Body

### PURPOSE AND USE OF THE DOCUMENT

Ethiopia has been implementing the national Nutrition strategy and National nutrition program I and II. However, both documents did not address the food aspect and mutisectoral intervention was ineffective. The national Food and Nutrition Policy, which addressed the aforementioned gaps was endorsed in November 2018. The policy has comprehensively addressed food security, food safety, food quality, postharvest management and other system level issues including multi-sectoral approaches and institutional arrangements for food and nutrition governance. This strategy was driven from the food and nutrition policy of Ethiopia and has taken the following issues into consideration. First, the overarching policy directions were unpacked into strategic objectives, strategic directions and strategic initiatives. This will help to streamline and keep the vertical logic between the policy directions and strategies to be persued. Moreover, as this is a sole national strategy for food and nutrition, the document has further considered developing strategic actions and performance indicators in order to guide the implementing sectors.

Therefore, this strategy serves as a reference (template) for the implementing sectors indicating their lead and supporting roles, strategic actions and key performance indicators succinctly. The sectors are expected to reflect these strategic actions into their sectoral strategic plans, develop detailed activities and relevant sector specific guidelines and manuals for implementation.

### 1 Introduction

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### 1.1 Differences between food security and nutrition security

To design effective strategy for intervention, it is important to spell out the distinction between food security and nutrition security, why food and nutrition are each important development issues, how the two are linked, as well as the key direct and indirect determinants of food and nutrition insecurity.

### 1.1.1. Understanding food security

**Food security** exists when all people, at all times, have physical and economic access to sufficient, safe and nutritious **food** that meets their dietary needs and **food** preferences for an active and. healthy life. Lack of access to food – the key factors behind food insecurity – remain central concerns in Ethiopia. In Ethiopia, many households with good access to sufficient food suffer from poor nutritional status because of poor dietary practices. They often consume monotonous, undiversified diet and so suffer from all forms of malnutrition.

In Ethiopia, agriculture and the market system are important components of whether individuals and households are food insecure. Raising agricultural productivity and prevention of post harvest loss remain powerful forces for reducing food insecurity. Higher production and productivity on one's own farm or from one's own herds enhances household food security. However, poverty constrains the ability of farming or pastoralist households to invest in productive assets and agricultural technologies. In Ethiopia, high level of qualituative and quantitative postharvest loss food and insufficient value addition hampers food availability and marketing. Moreover, poor market system results in high costs of inputs and low prices for farm outputs, providing poor economic incentives for farmers to invest in yield-enhancing sustainable agricultural production systems. Moreover, for both rural and urban Citizens, stable access to food through the market requires that the food marketing system is effective in supplying food, while also providing benefits to farmers who have food to sell. Yet, efforts within agriculture alone, if conducted in isolation from activities in other sectors such as marketing, health and education, will not bring food security to many Citizens.

### 1.1.2. Understanding nutrition security

Food security is a component of nutrition security. However, nutrition security is, concerned with the utilisation of the food obtained by a household or individuals to generate optimal nutritional status, wellbeing, productivity and longevity. A household achieves nutrition security when it has secure access to food that is, food security – coupled with a sanitary environment, adequate health services, and knowledgeable care to ensure a healthy life for all household members. When food insecurity interacts with problems of health and care, it translates into nutrition insecurity. However, food security alone is insufficient to assure nutrition security. Several complementary factors relating to how the food is utilized must also be in place if all are to enjoy a healthy and active life resulting from proper nutrition. Among these is a hygienic environment and access to health services. Access to clean water and adequate health services – both preventive and curative – are central components of attaining nutrition security. Unhygienic environments coupled with poor access to health services impose a heavy burden of disease that makes it difficult for individuals to utilize properly and absorb the nutrients they consume.

The ultimate objective of nutrition security is improved welfare for individuals so that they are able to live longer, healthy and productive lives. From this perspective, efforts to improve food and nutrition security share the same objective as those aimed at eradicating poverty. It is, therefore, important that the implementation of the Ethiopian Food and Nutrition Policy (FNP) be clearly identified as a component of overall development of the country.

### 1.1.2. Determinants of nutrition security

A model or conceptual framework of why malnutrition (nutrition insecurity) happens puts the determinants in clearer perspective for focusing the direction of the Food and Nutrition Strategy. Such a model helps define key problems to be addressed; priority activities for identifying the sectors and institutions and their responsibilities for addressing nutrition security; and provides a basis to judge whether a particular activity should be included in the plan. Moreover, such a conceptual framework provides a basis to select key indicators that should be monitored to evaluate performance in attaining broad nutrition security or to determine the alignment and coherence of the different interventions needed to achieve such successes. The global conceptual framework of child under nutrition presents a generalised understanding of how nutrition security is the outcome of specific development interventions related directly to the level of dietary intake and the health status of the individual. These are the *immediate* determinants of nutrition security.

These immediate determinants are driven by three underlying determinants – the underlying food security status of the household in which the child resides, the quality of care he or she receives, and the availability of health services and a healthy environment. The degree, to which these underlying determinants are expressed, positively or negatively, is a question of resources and equity of their distributions across the different segments of the population within the household. These include the availability of food, the physical and economic access which an individual or household has to food, the caregivers' own health status, and the control the caregiver has over resources within the household that might be used to nourish the individual. Finally, the level of access to information on and services for maintaining health, whether curative services are available, and the presence or absence of a healthy environment with clean water, adequate sanitation, and proper shelter all contribute to determining the nutritional status of an individual. Sustained healthy and active life is only possible when these underlying determinants of the nutritional status of children and, indeed, all household members are of a sufficiently beneficial character. The underlying determinants of nutritional status for children and others within a household is dependent to a considerable degree on how available resources are distributed within society. The availability of nutrition resources at the household level is linked to a set of basic determinants, which themselves are the function of how society is organized in terms of economic structure, political and ideological expectations, and the institutions through which activities within society are regulated, social values are met, and potential resources are converted into actual resources. Indeed, it is because the structure and actions of the state and the economy at this broad level are basic determinants of nutritional status that the development of the Food and Nutrition Policy and this Food and Nutrition Strategy is justified.

### 1.2. The Ethiopian Food and Nutrition Policy

Ethiopian government formulated the Food and Nutrition Policy (FNP), which was endorsed by the council of ministers in November 2018. The goal of FNP is to enable the attainment of optimal nutritional status at all stages of life span and conditions to a level that is consistent with good health, quality of life and productivity. The policy was developed through the efforts of a broad set of stakeholders not limited only to line ministries, regional states, city administrators, sectors and wide ranges of partners through a highly participatory consultative process at various levels. The process has taken several waves of revisions and editions. The FNP of Ethiopia identifies seven priority intervention areas as policy directions:

- 1. Ensuring availability, accessibility and utilization of diversified, safe and nutritious food;
- 2. Ensuring the safety and quality of foods from farm to table;
- 3. Improving post-harvest management of agricultural food products;
- 4. Ensuring optimum nutrition at all stages of life;

- 5. Creating system for an effective food and nutrition emergency response;
- 6. Effective nutrition communication and;
- 7. Creating an effective food and nutrition governance.

The Ethiopian FNP and the seven intervention areas it describes are used as blueprint for the design of all sections of this strategy. The policy also spells out the multi-sectoral character of any effort to address food and nutrition security effectively. It reiterates that the implementation of the policy should be undertaken in a multi-sectoral manner for which there will be a dedicated coordinating body with highest authority from national to kebele level. This coordinating body should be linked with sectors dealing with food and nutrition.

### 2. Vision, Mission, Goal and Objectives of the Food and Nutrition Policy

### 2.1. Vision

To see all Citizens with optimal nutritional status, quality of life, productivity and longevity.

### 2.2. Mission

• We strive to ensure food and nutrition security through coordinated implementation of nutrition specific and nutrition sensitive interventions.

### 2.3. Goal

• To attain optimal nutritional status at all stages of life span and conditions to a level that is consistent with quality of life, productivity and longevity.

### 2.4. Objectives

By creating an enabling policy environment, the food and nutrition policy will:

- 1. Ensure the availability and accessibility of adequate food to all Citizens at all times.
- 2. Improve accessibility, quality of nutrition and nutrition smart health services at all stages of life span in equitable manner.
- 3. Improve consumption and utilization of diversified and nutritious diet that ensures citizen's optimal heath throughout their life cycle.
- 4. Improve the safety and quality of food throughout the value chain.
- 5. Reduce food and nutrient losses along the value chain.
- 6. Improve food and nutrition emergency risk management, preparedness and resilience systems.
- 7. Improve food and nutrition literacy of all Citizens.

### 3. Rationale for the Development of Food and Nutrition Strategy

Ethiopia has been facing significant problem of malnutrition due to environmental, social, political, economic and culture related problems. Inadequate productivity, postharvest loss, poor food safety and quality, poor caring practices and hygiene and health problems are some of the major drivers of food and nutrition insecurity. The problem of food and nutrition insecurity is further compounded by cultural beliefs, food taboos and traditional cooking and feeding practices which tend to discourage women and children from consuming nutritious foods. There have also been frequent bouts of drought and food insecurity from time to time demanding emergency response at the scale level. As a result, over 53 percent of deaths among Ethiopian children can be attributed to malnutrition. Over 37 percent of children below 5 years of age in Ethiopia are stunted with compromised future potential for productivity. Moreover, the problem of micronutrient deficiency is still rampant.

On top of the aforementioned issues, the problem of obesity and related non-communicable diseases is mounting making the country grapple with double burden of nutrition insecurity.

These prevailing situations of food and nutrition insecurity necessitated the need for strategic interventions that enhance the capacity of the government at various levels to meet its obligations of ensuring food and nutrition security. Food and nutrition insecurity is a key development challenge that Ethiopia faces. There is a need to reduce the health burden and productivity loss due to nutrition insecurity at the individual and household level. The economic burden of malnutrition on individuals and households has resonating national effect as the preventable problem of malnutrition results in reduced intellectual capacity and general human capital erosion translating into reduced aggregate economic productivity. Malnourished individuals require more costly care throughout their life and have increased demand for health services. The Food and Nutrition Strategy is formulated based on the Food and Nutrition Policy with the view to comprehensively address poverty eradication, Sustainable Development Goals and the vision of the country for becoming the lowest middle income category by 2025.

# 4. Linkages of the food and nutrition strategy with national and international declarations and commitments

### 4.1. Obligations of Ethiopian Government to ensure right to food for all Citizens

The rights of citizens to food are enshrined in the constitution of federal democratic republic of Ethiopia. This obliges the government to take necessary steps to encourage people to grow, store and consume adequate food. It also requires the government to establish national food reserves and to promote proper nutrition through mass education and other means to build a healthy state. In fulfilment of this objective, the Government of Ethiopia adopted a development policy agenda that resulted in several action plans to address problems of poverty, hunger and malnutrition. The most important of these are: Poverty Eradication Action, Growth and Transformation Plan and Sequota Declaration.

Although these policies, strategies and programs address certain dimensions of the food and nutrition problem, they did not comprehensively deal with the underlying problems of advocacy, partnerships, and Multisectoral coordination that are required to effectively reduce food and nutrition insecurity. Reducing food and nutrition insecurity must be key components of the overall development effort in Ethiopia. In November 2018, the government endorsed the food and nutrition policy with the view to promoting food and nutrition security in a multi-sectoral and coordinated manner. Effective implementation of the aforementioned efforts, particularly the food and nutrition policy, needs development of food and nutrition strategy.

### 4.2. International obligations and commitments to which Ethiopia has subscribed

Ethiopia has subscribed to international conventions and instruments that are highly liked to food and nutritrion security, including the Universal Declaration of Human Rights (1948), the African Charter on Human and Peoples' Rights (1981), the United Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child (1989), the Convention on the Elimination of all forms of Discrimination Against Women (1995) and the African Charter on Rights and Welfare of the Child (1999) and ILO Declaration on Fundamental Principles, Sustainable Development Goals(2015), Universal Health Coverage (2005), African Food and Nutrition Security Strategy(2015), Malabo Declaration of accelerated agricultural growth and transformation for shared prosperity and improved livelihoods(2014) and Rights at Work (1998). The commitment of international community to the eradication of extreme hunger is clearly reflected in the target set by the World Food Summit to reduce the number of undernourished people and in the sustainable development goals. Ethiopia is part of these global commitments. Food and nutrition programs shall progressively realize the human rights of all citizens of the country. It is the policy of the government that all citizens, throughout their life-cycle at all times enjoy safe food in sufficient quantity and quality to satisfy their nutritional needs for optimal health.

### 5. Food and nutrition strategic objectives and implementation strategies

# 5.1. Strategic objective 1: Improve the availability and accessibility of adequate, diversified, safe and nutritious foods for all Citizens at all times

Improving the availability and accessibility of food is to attain universal physical, social and economic access to sufficient, safe and nutritious food by all Citizens at all times to meet their dietary and food preferences for an active and healthy life. The strategic objective to improving the availability and accessibility of adequate, diversified, safe and nutritious foods for all at all time shall be realized through the implementation of the following strategic directions, strategic initiatives and strategic actions (Table 1).



Table 1: Strategic directions, initiatives, actions and their corresponding key performance indicators (KPIs) to improve availability of adequate, diversified, safe and nutritious foods to all citizens at all times.

Strategic direction 1.1 Improve availability of adequate, diversified, safe and nutritious foods to all citizens at all times Strategic initiative 1.1.1 Enhance nutrient rich food crops production and productivity by using improved agricultural technologies and practices

uiic	i praetices			
Stı	rategic actions	Key performance indicators	Lead sectors	Collaborating sectors
2)	Strengthen the capacity of agricultural research institutions such that they can develop and demonstrate nutrition sensitive agricultural technologies and practices.  Increase production of diversified nutritious food	<ul> <li>Number of nutrition sensitive research outputs</li> <li>Percentage of yield increment of individual crop</li> </ul>	MoA	<ul> <li>MoWIE</li> <li>Private sectors</li> <li>Development partners,</li> <li>Biotechnology institute,</li> <li>MoSHE</li> </ul>
3)	Support the establishment of horticultural nursery and demonstration sites.	<ul><li>Number of established nursery sites</li><li>Number of demonstration sites</li></ul>		<ul><li>MoTI</li><li>Higher Learning</li></ul>
4)	Increase productivity of staple field crop varieties through promotion and demonstration activities.	Production increment of staple crops per unit area		Institutions
5)	Strengthen the link between agricultural input suppliers and farmers to produce nutrient dense crops.	Number of farmers involved in the utilization of improved agricultural production packages		
6)	Promote the use of appropriate irrigation systems	% of irrigated area		
7)	Promote IPM and GAP in crop productions	<ul> <li>Number of farmers applied IPM and GAP</li> <li>Number of planting materials</li> </ul>	-	
8)	Strengthen crop biotechnology/tissue culture	Number of institutions established crop biotechnology/tissue culture		
9)	Promote improved and sustainable soil fertility	Area of land soil fertility management		

management practices for enhanced productivity.  10) Strengthen the capacity of farmers training centres to promote and disseminate improved agricultural technologies  11) Develop and promote production of bio fortified crops	<ul> <li>practiced</li> <li>Number of farmers practiced soil fertility</li> <li>Number of FTC strengthened</li> <li>Number of improved agricultural technologies</li> <li>Number of bio-fortified varieties released</li> <li>Proportions of HHs engaged in production of bio fortified (nutrient rich) crops</li> </ul>		
12) Develop and promote micro fertilizers utilization culture in the crop farming systems	Proportion of HH applied micro fertilizer		
Strategic initiative 1.1.2 Enhance animal prod	uction and productivity		
Promote high yielding and nutritious forage varieties     Support forage production and feed processing at community level		Agri Insti • Live Rese	onal and National cultural Research tutes stock and Fishery earch Centers.
3) Increase concentrate feed production and utilization	# of farmers utilized concentrated feed	partı	ners.
4) Strengthen animal breed improvement research (dairy, beef, small ruminant, poultry, fish, etc).	# of improved breeds released		
5) Strengthen production and productivity of animal and animal products (dairy, beef, small ruminant, poultry, fish, etc).	<ul> <li>Percentage of productivity increment (dairy, beef, small ruminant, poultry, fish, etc).</li> <li>% of milk production increment</li> <li>% of red meat production increment</li> <li>% of poultry production increment</li> <li>% of egg production increment.</li> </ul>		

extension services  7) Enhance animal health-care and extension services at all levels  • #of farmers benefited animal health care service						
8) Promote improved animal husbandry veterinary practices  • Proportion of farmers received improved animal husbandry and veterinary practices						
9) Support the engagement of private sectors in provision of day-old-chicks and pullets (broilers, layers, dual purpose)   # of day old chicken and pullets distributed						
<ul> <li># of privates involved in LS sector</li> <li># of privates involved in LS sector</li> <li># of privates involved in poultry sector</li> <li>Proportion of private sectors that are engaged in the poultry farming business</li> </ul>						
11) Support community initiated fishery in small and large dams, reservoir, river and in aquaculture  • % of pond fish production • # of private involved in inputs for fish production12						
12) Promote private sectors in the provision of inputs for fish production  • National Fish production/year/area						
Strategic initiatives 1.1.3 Enhance agro-ecology based farming systems and sustainable natural resource management						
1) Promote cultivation of agro-ecology based crops  • Proportion of house hold accessed cultivation of agroecology based crops  2) Promote sustainable farmland and wetland • Proportion of food crops  • Proportion of house hold accessed cultivation of agroecology based crops  • Ministry of Iindus • Private sectors	stry					

	management practices	produced perfect to the agro- ecology		Development partners
3)	Strengthen research capacity to develop technologies for natural resources management	<ul> <li>Percent of rehabilitated natural resources</li> <li>Number of problem solving researches in the natural resource management sector.</li> </ul>		
4)	Protect natural resources through improved management practices (fodder production, terracing, mulching, composting, establishment of tree and fruit nurseries and planting)	<ul> <li>Water use and management efficiency in the production of vegetables, fruits and animal feed and fodder.</li> <li>Land use efficiency (%) of the farming community in terms of terracing, mulching, composting, establis hment of trees and fruit nurseries and planting materials.</li> </ul>		
5)	Promote zero grazing, cut and carry practices and protection of pasture land	Proportion of protected pasture land through zero grazing and cut and carry practices		
6)	Promote afforestation, area closure and integration of bee keeping, and multi-purpose tree species planting.	Percent of afforested area/land through plantation of multipurpose tree species and beekeeping.		
Stra	ategic initiative 1.1.4 Promote commercial farming	g practices including nutrient dense ag	gricultural p	products
1)	commercial farming	in the commercial farming system	oF	<ul><li>MoA</li><li>Private financial institutions</li></ul>
2)	commercial farming sector	Proportion of functional finance services for agricultural products nationally		<ul><li>Development partners</li><li>Federal and regional investment commission</li></ul>
3)		Hectare of land provided for commercial farming		Government and Private

5) Strengthen regulatory system in the commercial farming businesses.  and privileges  Functional regulatory put in place of farming businesses.	m the incentive  (Commercial and Development Banks)  Ilatory systems for commercial sses.
services nationally.	
7) Strengthen access to finance for agribusiness business sector # of agribusiness finance	
Strategic initiative 1.1.5. Strengthen the linkage among food value cl	hain actors
contractual farming  2) Improve the awareness and skills of actors in harvesting, handling, shipping, storage, processing and packaging of perishable agricultural produces  # of actors shipping, storage, packaging agricultural  • Skill levels of harvesting, is storage and perishable agricultural	trained in handling, orage, processing and of perishable produces of actors engaged in handling, shipping, processing of gricultural produces.  • Private sectors • Private and Government Financial Institutions • MoTI
Strategic initiative 1.1.6 Promote urban, peri-urban and homestead a	agriculture practices
urban and farmstead level  urban Fuits&Vege  Proportion produced Fu	of farmers HHs its &Vegetables  Trade and industry  Ethiopian Horticulture
2) Strengthen poultry activities at household level  • Percent of HHs produc	urban and per-urban Producer Exporter Association

	Strengthen intensive rearing of small ruminants, dairy and aquaculture activities at homestead level.  Promote improved horticultural gardening including mushrooms in the urban areas	<ul> <li>Percent of urban and per-urban produced small ruminants and dairy and fish products in the market</li> <li>Percent of urban HHs engaged in horticultural gardening.</li> </ul>		
Str	ategic initiative 1.1.7. Promote utilization of unde			
1)	Study and promote edible agro-forestry plant species as nutritious food.	# Number of validated study on neglected agro-forestry plant species as nutritious food.	MoA	<ul><li>MoH</li><li>MoSHE</li><li>Health Research</li></ul>
	Promote the production and utilization methods of neglected and underutilized plant foods	Number of production and utilization methods of neglected and underutilized plant foods promoted		Centers • EPHI • Agricultural Resea rch Centers
3)	Introduce and adopt exotic edible plant and animal species for food	Number of adopted exotic plants and animal species for food		<ul><li>Religious Leaders</li><li>Higher learning</li></ul>
4)	Promote behavioural change practices to enhance the consumption of wild food crops and animal species	<ul> <li># of safe to consume wild food crops and animal species identified</li> <li>number of households consumed wild food crops and animal species</li> </ul>		institutions
	ategic initiative 1.1.8 Advocate for land use policy			
	Advocate the development of land policy at all levels	• # of advocacy events conducted	MOA/ Land	<ul><li>Development partners</li><li>Investment</li></ul>
	Develop scientifically sound land policy and use.	• Existence of sound land policy	use admi	<ul><li>Commission</li><li>Private Sectors</li></ul>
3)	Promote use of cultivable land for agricultural food produces	• Percent of calcitvable land used for food produces	Comissi on	<ul><li>NDRMC</li><li>Land use</li></ul>
4)	Identify and provide suitable farmlands to the community and for commercial farming	<ul> <li>Percentage of community and commercial farmers received farmland</li> <li>Presence of suitable farm land for</li> </ul>		administration Comission

		a a managai al famaina managaital	<u> </u>	1
	Y 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	commercial farming per capital		
3)	Implement intra-regionally and voluntarily	Percent of underutilized farmeland		
	resettlement of farmers in suitable, under-	used for resettlement.		
	utilized areas based on need.			
6)	Support resettled farmers to bring food self-	Supports offered to the resettled		
	sufficiency	farmers in terms of food crops and		
		animals production for self-		
		sufficiency and surplus.		
		Number of resettled farmers HHs		
		who have food self-sufficiency		
Stra	ategic initiative 1.1.9 Empower women to access	productive resources and labour saving t		S
1)	1 1	Number of gender transformative	MoA	• MoL
	pre-harvest and postharvest technologies	agricultural technologies promoted		<ul> <li>Investment</li> </ul>
2)	1 1 7	• Number of food preparation		Commission
	preparation and processing techniques	techniques and technologies that are		Private sectors
		efficient and time saving developed		Development
3)	Encourage private sector on development and	Number of gender transformative		partners
	importation of appropriate gender-	agricultural technologies developed		1
	transformative technologies	and imported by the private sector		
4)	Support the establishment of child day care	Number of established child day		
',	centre at the farm gate	care center at the farm gate		
Str	ategic initiative 1.1.10 Strengthen the capacity of		<u></u> า	1
	Enhance food system actors` knowledge to	Number of actors utilized	MoA	• MoTI
1)	utilize appropriate nutrition sensitive	appropriate nutrition sensitive	111071	MoSHE
1	technologies.			
	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	technology.		Private sectors
2)	Capacitate entrepreneurship skill of actors	• # of actors involved in		Development
	along with the agricultural value chain.	agribusiness		partners
3)	Develop/revise nutrition sensitive and gender	Number of revised/developed		• Investment
	inclusive extension packages and systems.	nutrition sensitive and gender		commission
		inclusive extension package and		• MInT
		system		
4)	Capacitate extension workers on nutrition-	Number of extension workers		
	sensitive and gender inclusive agricultural	participated on nutrition sensitive		
	technologies and practices	and gender inclusive training		
		1 11 6 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	L	_1

<ul> <li>5) Harmonize nutrition into the agricultural extension and higher education curricula</li> <li>6) Strengthen farmer training centres (FTC) to demonstrate nutrition sensitive agriculture (NSA)</li> <li>7) Strengthen the capacity of agricultural disciplines (directorates) on mainstream nutrition sensitive agriculture</li> <li>8) Promote nutrition sensitive agriculture among development partners and respective stakeholders.</li> <li>Strategic initiative 1.1.11 Adopt /develop and promote</li> </ul>	Availability of harmonized agricultural extension and higher education curriculum that comprises nutrition as a subject.      Number of FTCs with full capacity to demonstrate NSA      Proportion of program mainstreamed NSA in agriculture sector      Proportion support from partners for implementing NSA  e small scale/homestead food processing to the section of the section o	o ensure vea	r-round availability of
food	onar searcy nomestead rood processing t	o officiale year	Todala availability of
Develop new feasible small scale food processing techniques     Develop small scale equipment for harvesting, threshing, transportation and storage	<ul> <li>Number of adopted small scale food processing techniques</li> <li>Number of adopted small scale equipment harvesting, threshing, transpiration and storage.</li> </ul>	MOA	<ul><li>MoTI</li><li>MoR</li><li>MoSHE</li></ul>
3) Promote innovated/adopted small scale technologies at community level			
4) Encourage private sectors to involve in the manufacturing of equipment for post-harvest and small scale food processing	<ul> <li>Number of private sectors involved in the manufacturing equipment for post harvest management</li> <li>Number of equipment for post-harvest and small scale food processing manufactured</li> </ul>		
5) Engage private sectors in small scale and safe food processing businesses	<ul> <li>Number of private sectors engaged in small scale and safe food processing businesses</li> </ul>		
6) Create an enabling environment to facilitate	• Presence of incentive schemes for		

cooperatives` and private sectors` capacity to engage in supply and use of post-harvest technologies.	<ul> <li>cooperatives and private sectors</li> <li>Proportion of cooperatives engage in in supply and use of post-harve technologies</li> </ul>	est				
Strategic initiative 1.1.13 Strengthen agricultural rese		MoA/EI				
Promote to develop food and nutrition research thematic areas	<ul> <li>Developed and functional food and nutrition research thematic areas</li> </ul>	AR	<ul><li>MoTI</li><li>MoSHE</li><li>NDRMC</li></ul>			
Capacitate agricultural research institutes with facilities and human resources	Proportion of agricultural research institutes with full capacities in facilities and human resources		<ul><li>FBDG</li><li>EGTE</li><li>DPs</li><li>HEIs</li></ul>			
3) Promote research on nutrition - agricultural linkage	<ul> <li>Proportion of agricultural researches linked to nutrition</li> <li>Availability of developed and functional food and nutrition research thematic areas</li> </ul>					
Strategic initiative 1.1.14 Strengthen national food a	nd feed reserve capacity					
1) Enhance the food distribution system	# of improved food distribution system	NDRMC	<ul><li>DPs</li><li>MoA</li></ul>			
2) Construct more food reserve points	• # of new food reserve points		<ul> <li>Private sectors</li> </ul>			
3) Increase the food reserve that lasts for five years	<ul> <li>proportion of the food reserved per year</li> </ul>					
4) Develop and strengthen feed and fodder banks	<ul> <li>Number of new food and feed/fodder reserve points/banks</li> <li>Number of existing food and feed/fodder reserve strengthened</li> </ul>					
	Strategic initiative 1.1.15 Strengthen agricultural inputs and services provision system					
1. Enhance the system of mass production and distribution of improved fruits and vegetables planting materials.	<ul><li>% of households engaged in planting materials business</li><li>Number of distributed improved</li></ul>	MoA	<ul><li> Ministry of trade,</li><li> Ministry of lindustry</li></ul>			

2.	Establish authorized farmers` cooperative associations in the seed including bio-fortified production and distribution business.	fruits and vegetables planting materials  • Number of authorized farmers` cooperatives association in the biofortified seed production and distribution business		<ul><li>Private sectors</li><li>Development partners</li><li>Job Creation Commission</li></ul>
3.	Organize youth groups in the rental and maintenance of agricultural machineries.	Number of youth groups in the rental and maintenance of agricultural machineries		
	Enhance the system of mass production and distribution of improved animal breed and other inputs	<ul> <li>% of households engaged in animal bread and inputs business</li> <li>Number of distributed animal breads and other inputs</li> </ul>		
	Develop market system and market linkages for agriculture input supply.	<ul> <li>Number of developed market system and market linkage</li> <li># of market linkage platforms established</li> </ul>		
6.	Organize youth and women groups to engage in modern beekeeping, input supply and processing services.	<ul> <li>Number of youth groups engaged in beekeeping, input supply and processing service</li> <li>Number of women groups engaged in beekeeping, input supply and processing service</li> </ul>		
	ategic direction 1.2 improve accessibility of a	1	us food t	o all citizens
Str	ategic initiative 1.2.1 Improve consumption of nut		T = = .	
•	Support cooperatives/ enterprises to engage in large-scale production and commercialization of locally produced certified complementary foods	Number of cooperative engaged in production of large scale CF production	MoA	<ul> <li>MoH,</li> <li>MoE</li> <li>MOSHE</li> <li>Medias</li> <li>DPs</li> <li>Private sectors</li> </ul>

•	Promote nutrient retaining/ enhancing food processing technologies and recipes  Develop/Adapt FBDG to the context of agro ecological zones	<ul> <li>Proportion of enhanced food processing technologies and recipes</li> <li>Percentage of practiced FBDG to the context of agro ecological zone</li> </ul>		
Str	ategic initiative 1.2.2 Strengthen income generating	g activities		
1)	Promote the production of high value crops and multipurpose trees at household level	<ul><li>Hectar of high value crops</li><li>Number of multipurpose tree</li></ul>	MoA	• Environment commission,
2)	Facilitate the livestock production at household level	• percent of households engaged in income generating livestock production		<ul><li> MoIT</li><li> Ministry of transport</li><li> Road authority</li></ul>
3)	Engage farmers in off-farm businesses	• Proportion of farmers involved in off-farm businesses		<ul><li>DPs</li><li>Private</li></ul>
4)	Encourage farmers to engage in agricultural input supply and service provision business	• Proportion of farmers involved in in Agro inputs supply		
5)	Promote small scale agro-processing businesses	Percent of householkds involved in agro-processing businesses		
6)	Engage households in agricultural and forest products marketing businesses.	<ul> <li>Proportion of households engaged in agricultural and forest products marketing businesses</li> </ul>		
7)	Improve infrastructure including road and transport to facilitate better agricultural marketing systems	<ul> <li>Status(percent) of infrastructures used to facilitate agricultural marketing systems</li> <li>Percent of rural roads construction</li> </ul>	MoT	MoTI
8)	Promote simple and effective transportation trailers (animal drawn wheel systems and small power tractors)	Number of simple and effective transportation means		
9)	Strengthen/establish appropriate and feasible farm gate center with necessary facilities depending on the commodities	Number of farm gate established/strengthened		

10) Engage private sectors in appropriate transportation system for long distance      11) Develop and strengthen marketing corners in the local market  Strategic initiative 1.2.3 Support women empowerm	effective transportation means for shipping agricultural produces	ion-making	z role
Involve women in production of high value agricultural products around the farmstead      Strengthen women leadership through appropriate trainings and social empowerment	<ul> <li>Proportion of women involved in production of hiogh value agricultural products around the farmstead</li> <li>Proportion of women empowered for decision making</li> </ul>	MoA	<ul> <li>Financial institutions</li> <li>Ministry of women, youth and children (MoWYC)</li> </ul>
Strengthen/Establish women's saving groups and provide entrepreneurship training for off-farm business activities development	<ul> <li>in production assets</li> <li>Proportion odf woemen involved in off farm business</li> <li>Proportion of women with access to productive resources</li> </ul>		
Ensure women access to productive resources  Strategic initiative 1.2.4 Strengthen trade mechanism	Proportion of women using productive resources  Proportion of women using productive resources  Proportion of women using productive resources		
Establish rural market points with appropriate facility      Strengthen producer-consumer linkage	Consistency of agricultural produces in supply, amount and price scheme all year round.	MoTI	<ul><li> MoA</li><li> Private sector</li><li> Development partner</li></ul>
3. 4.	linkage platforms established  •		
5. Strengthen/ establish existing rural food processors to engage in diversified services	Number of small scale industries rural food processors engaged in		

	diversified services	
Strategic direction 1.3 Improve sustainability of a	I I	all citizens at all times
Strategic initiative 1.3.1 Update/develop <b>environmen</b>	1	
Strategic initiative 1.3.1 Optate/develop chryfolinter     Strengthen the environmental protection policies and strategies enforcement  Strategic initiative 1.3.2 Develop and promote improvement	<ul> <li>Number of invo; lved and harmonized ministries and offices</li> <li>Number of revised policies and strategies enforcement in sustainable way</li> <li>Environment, Climate and Forest Protecti n Commission (ECFPC)</li> <li>MoTI</li> </ul>	• EWCA MoA
1. 2. Promoting agroforestry farming, IPM,	<ul><li> Proportion of farmers</li></ul>	MoTI     EIAR
afforestation technology, soil fertility and ecosystem services	practicing agroforestry farming, IPM, afforestation technology, soil fertility and ecosystem services  • Number of forest areas covered	<ul><li>ECFPC</li><li>DPs</li></ul>
3. Livelihood improvement program for pastoralist community	<ul> <li>by multipurpose trees</li> <li>Proportion of households with water points</li> <li>Proportion of households with adequate livelihood</li> </ul>	
4. Promote one water point and one fruit tree for each household	<ul> <li>Proportion of HH practicing integrated farming</li> <li>Proportion of HH planted fruit tree</li> </ul>	
Strategic initiative 1.3.3 Improve coping mechanisms		
Strengthen producer and consumer cooperatives and associations	• Number of functional producer /consumer cooperatives and associations • MoA/ MoTI	Producers cooperatives association (PCA) Consumers` cooperativ
2. Stregthen control mechanism of trade system	Proportion of improved and functional mechanism of trade system	e associations

	T	T T
3. Improve production practice (2-3 times per	Number of HHs practiced	•
years).	• producing 2-3 times per year	• MoTI
		• MR
4. Knowledge based production and market	Numbere of HHs using	
information system	knowledge based production	
	Number of farmers that used	
	market information system	
Strategic initiative 1.3.4 Adopt and promote advance		
1. Promote small scale improved agricultural	Proportion of farmers using	MoA • MoTI
machineries.	appropriate agricultural machinaries	• MR
2 Strongthon machinery loose system		• EIAR
2. Strengthen machinery lease system.		• DPs
	machniary service	• MInT
	Number of actors involved in  machinery loss delivery	
	machinery lease delivery	
3. Promote agricultural machinery service	<ul><li>system</li><li>Number of private and public</li></ul>	
delivery sectors.	sectors engaged in machniary	
derivery sectors.	delivery service	
	<ul> <li>Number of private and public</li> </ul>	
	sectors engaged in delivery	
	tools and maintenance	
Strategic initiative 1.3.5 Strengthen systems to conse		urres
1. Develop/strengthen sustainable and efficient	• Number of water harvesting and	MoA • Ministry of water, Irrig
water harvesting and utilization technology	utilization guidelines	ation and Energy
strategies and guidelines.	developed/utilized	(MoWIE)
2. Implement excess water drainage system.	Hectar of land drained	• DPs
3. Strengthen treatment of degraded soils.	Hectar of degraded land	• ATA
	treated/rehabilitated.	Cooperatives
4. Promote integrated conservation agriculture	Hectar of land cultivated	1
(CA).	using conservation agriculture	
	(CA)	
Strategic initiative 1.3.6 Strengthen connections between	veen agricultural risk management and	resilience for smallholder farmers

1.	Promote productive safety net program	Financial and Social security status of rural community	MoA	<ul><li>NDRM</li><li>ATA</li></ul>
2.	Promote job creation programs in the rural areas.	Number of users and women benefited from job creation		<ul><li>Development partners</li><li>Private sectors</li></ul>
3.	Enhance rural credit system for the improvement of agricultural investment	<ul> <li>Number of farmers affiliated with agricultural insurance system</li> <li>Number of farmers affiliated with agricultural credit system</li> </ul>		Insurance Institutions
4.	Improve productivity of indigenous livestock species	• Proportion of indigenous life stock species		
5.	Conduct adult education/learning	Proportion of adult learning in the rural areas		
6.	Strengthen Agricultural credit and insurance system	<ul> <li>Number of famers         affiliated with agricultural         insurance system</li> <li>Number of farmers affiliated with</li> </ul>		
		agricultural credit system		

### 5.2 Strategic Objective 2: Strengthening and apply on integrated food safety and quality system

This objective is meant for addressing the quality and safety of agricultural inputs, agricultural commodities and processed food products in the food chain, that is,. It is divided into 6 strategic directions each of which are further disaggregated into strategic initiatives. The initiatives are made to have their corresponding activities that would be implemented by the lead and collaborating sectors. Key performance indicators that enable to measure the performance of the responsible sectors are also enumerated (Table 2).



Table 1: Strategic directions, initiatives, actions and their corresponding key performance indicators (KPIs) to ensure the safety and quality of food throughout the food value chain.

	Strategic direction 2.1: Establish a system for ensuring the safety and quality of primary agricultural food commodities						
	rategic Initiative 2.1.1: Strengthen t		Pre-harvest Food Safety Management systems				
	Strategic actions		<b>Key performance indicators</b>	Le	ead sectors	Co	llaboratin
						_	sectors
1)	Promote integrated pest	0	Proportion of farmers practicing integrated pest	0	MoA	0	MoWIE,
	management and control		management and control methods	0	EVDFACA,	0	MIST
2)	methods						
2)	Develop and implement systems	0	# of developed systems to ensure safety of agricultural				
	to ensure safety of agricultural		inputs				
	inputs	0	# of implemented systems to ensure safety of				
		_	agricultural inputs				
		0	Number of developed and implemented guidelines for				
3)	Promote appropriate use of	0	appropriate use of agricultural inputs  # of Number of trained farmers on safe use of agro-				
3)	agricultural inputs	0	chemicals, breeds, seeds and veterinary drugs				
	agricultural inputs	0	Number of innovated and adopted technologies on				
			safe use agricultural inputs				
4)	Establish the capacity of safe	0	Number of safe disposal sites				
	disposal of agro-chemicals	0	Number of organized safe agro-chemical disposal				
			institutions				
5)	Develop and implement strategy	0	Number of developed mitigation strategy for affected				
	for mitigation of affected water		water bodies				
	bodies for the safe use of fishery	0	Number of implemented mitigation strategy for				
	and other agricultural activities.		affected water bodies				
		0	Number of conducted assessments to analyze the				
			safety status of water bodies				
6)	Promote good animal husbandry	0	# developed standard guidelines for good animal				
	and health care practices		husbandry and health care practice				
		0	Proportion of farmers/pastoralist implemented good				
			animal husbandry and animal health care practice				

8)	Provide awareness on safety and quality issues of pre-harvest management agricultural produces  Promote the implementation of food safety and quality standards and procedures for agricultural	0	# farmers received trainings on pre-harvest mangent for improving safety and quality of agricultural produce  # enacted food safety and quality standards and procedures		
	produces  Develop and integrate the traceability system of agricultural produce into agricultural extension services	0	Number of developed traceability systems for agricultural produce # of integrated traceability systems into extension packages		
Str	Strategic actions	rosi	t-harvest Food Safety Management system  Key performance indicators	Lead sectors	Collaboratin
					g sectors
1)	Promote good handling, storage, transportation and preparation practice for ensuring safety and quality of agricultural produce		# of developed guidelines for good handling, storage, transportation practices for improving safety and quality of agricultural produces  Proportion of value chain actors (i.e farmers, wholesalers, retailers, etc.) exercising good handling, transportation and storage practice.	MoA,	<ul><li>Research institutes,</li><li>ATA</li><li>HEIs</li></ul>
2)	Promote quality based price systems for ensuring safety and quality of agricultural produce		# of developed quality based price systems to incentivize farmers strive for safe and quality produces Proportion of farmers benefited from quality based price system		
3)	Integrate quality and safety standards in collection, transportation, storage, processing and distribution agricultural produces	0	# of integrated quality and safety standards into extension packages along food value chain		

Promote farmers' skill, knowledge and attitude on post- harvest food safety management systems     Incorporate and implement food safety issues in extension advisory services	<ul> <li>Proportion of farmers with good skill, knowledge and attitude on post-harvest food safety management systems</li> <li>Proportion of farmers received food safety handling advisory services</li> </ul>		0
	nd implement Food safety Regulations and control systems	T	C. II. I
Strategic actions	Key performance indicators	Lead sectors	Collaboratin g sectors
1) Establish and implement the	<ul> <li># of developed regulatory systems for pre-harvest,</li> </ul>	o EVDFAC	HEIs,
regulatory system along the food	harvesting and post-harvest practices	A,	research
value chain	<ul> <li># of enforced regulatory systems along the food value</li> </ul>	o MoA,	institutes,
varae cham	chain	0 1,1011,	Private
2) Establish and implement			sectors
agricultural produce safety and	regulatory experts		
quality monitoring and	o # of developed agricultural produce safety and quality		
evaluation systems	monitoring systems		
·	o # of implemented agricultural produce safety and		
	quality monitoring systems		
3) Improve capacity of quality	<ul> <li>Number of established/accredited laboratories</li> </ul>		
control laboratory	<ul> <li>Proportion of quality assured agricultural produces</li> </ul>		
4) Establish and utilize evidence	<ul> <li>Number of evidence based legal frameworks</li> </ul>		
based regulation and control	developed and enacted		
systems			
5) Improve the capacity of boarder	_		
and port regulations and control	infrastructure, expert		
systems			
6) Promote harmonization of legal	Number of harmonized and implemented legal		
framework development and	frameworks		
implementation among			
regulatory bodies, private			

	<u></u>		
sectors, government and partners			
7) Establish and utilize data	# of established data management system for		
management system for	monitoring and evaluation of food safety along the		
monitoring and evaluation of	value chain		
food safety along the value chain			
8) Prepare and implement code of	o # of developed and utilized codes of conducts on food		
conduct on food safety risk	safety risk communication		
communication			
Strategic Initiative 2.1.4: Improve foo	od safety research capacity		
Strategic actions	Key performance indicators	Lead sectors	Collaboratin
			g sectors
1) Strengthen applied and	Number of food safety and quality problem solving	Research	MoA,
operational research for	researches conducted	institutes, HEIs	EVDFACA
improved safety and quality of	o # of technologies innovated/adopted via operational		
agricultural commodities	research for improving food safety and quality		
2) Innovate/adopt technologies for	Number of innovated and adopted technologies on		
ensuring the safety and quality of	quality and safety of agricultural commodities		
agricultural commodities			
3) Strengthen food safety risk	<ul> <li>Number of developed and tested risk assessment,</li> </ul>		
analysis, risk assessment and	communication and management guidelines		
communications capacity			
4) Strengthen capacity to use	Number of established data base infrastructure for		
information management	food safety and quality management system		
systems			
5) Develop and test food safety and	o # of food safety and quality information utilized for		
quality monitoring and	monitoring and control systems		
evaluation systems			
6) Develop and test traceability	# of tested traceability system of agricultural produce		
system of agricultural produce			
	for ensuring the safety and quality of processed foods.		
	entation of food safety and quality assurance systems for processed	foods	

1)	Creating awareness among food processing firms and the community on impacts of effluents/byproducts of factories on safety of crops cultivated in the surrounding environment	0	# of trained experts in the food value chains	
2)	Strengthen applied and operational research to identify the bottlenecks and improve the system for food safety and quality of processed foods	0	# of processed food safety bottle necks improved through conducted operational research	
	Strengthen food safety risk analysis, risk assessment and communications (capacity – personnel, technology, policy, strategy guidelines etc.	0 0	# established food safety risk assessment # of conducted food safety risk communication as per the standard	
4)	Strengthen capacity to use and utilize food safety information management systems	0	Proportion of food safety information utilized	
5)	Establish a system for detection of food contaminants and toxins in foods and utilization of generated data	0	# of established center of excellence for food contaminants and toxin detections	
6)	Develop and implement food safety risk assessment and communication	0 0	# of developed food safety risk assessment systems Proportion of food safety risk communication	
7)	Developing strategy/guideline on food safety risk management/mitigation	0 0	# of developed strategy for food safety risk management/mitigation # of implemented food safety risk management/mitigation strategy	
8)	Develop legal frameworks for risk assessment	0 0	# of developed legal frameworks for risk assessment Proportion of enacted legal frameworks for risk assessment	
9)	Improve the investment of testing facilities	0	# of established food safety testing facilities	

10) Provide training for food hazard detection and analysis	0		
11) Promote food safety data base	0		
management			
12) Improve regular food safety	0		
monitoring and evaluation systems			
<u> </u>	plement food safety risk assessment and communication		
1) Identifying food safety risks for			
different agricultural produce and			
processed products			
2) Developing strategy/guideline on	0		
food safety risk			
management/mitigation			
3) Prepare guideline on food safety	0		
risk communication			
4) Develop food safety risk	0		
communication code of conduct			
	and quality of raw materials used for food processing		
1) Prepare guideline/specification for	Number of developed and implemented guidelines	EFDA	MoTD, MoA,
safety and quality compliance of			FBPIDI HEIs
raw materials used in food			
processing			
2) Strengthen the capacity of facilities			
and technical skill for testing	Number of trained technical personnel		
safety and quality of raw materials			
used in food processing			
	mote food safety and quality guidelines for micro and small scale f	food processing prac	ctices.
1) Develop a guideline for small/micro	0		
and cottage level food processing			
practices to ensure safety and			
quality			
2) Creating awareness among business	0		
holders about the importance of			
having food safety and quality			
guidelines			

4)	Establish monitoring system on the proper implementation of a guideline for small/micro and cottage level food processing practices to ensure safety and quality  Develop and enact legal framework for implementation of a guideline	0		
	for small/micro and cottage level food processing practices to ensure safety and quality			
5)	Promote environmental protection standards such as ISO14000 to food industries	<ul> <li>Proportion of food industries certified for environmental protection standards</li> </ul>		
Str	Strategic initiative 2.2.5: Establish a system for ensuring safety and quality of imported foods and food items.			
1)	Update import/export permit legal frameworks	<ul> <li># of developed port permit legal frameworks</li> <li># of implemented port clearance legal frameworks</li> </ul>		
2)	Strengthen the food safety and quality assurance capacity at boarders/ port of entry/	<ul> <li># of trained inspectors in the port of entrance</li> <li># of established testing and inspection infrastructure at specified entry ports</li> <li>Proportion of consignment tested processed foods while importation</li> </ul>		
3)	Establish data base system for imported food and food items	<ul> <li># of implemented data base management for imported food monitoring</li> </ul>		
	Promote consignment third party certification system at country of origin	<ul> <li>Proportion of imported food those possess third party certification</li> </ul>		
5)	Establish a safe and quality imported food and food items transportation system	<ul> <li>Proportion of food items transported with vehicles which are food grade and comply with food transporting standards</li> </ul>		
6)	Create awareness on safety and quality issues for those organizations/bodies/individuals who are engaged in transporting	<ul> <li># of conducted food good handling, storage and transportation practices for organizations enageded in food transporting and distribution activities</li> </ul>		

imported food and food items				
7) Develop legal frameworks for food	<ul> <li># developed legal frameworks for food and food items</li> </ul>			
and food items transportation	transportations			
8) Enact the regulatory framework for	o # enacted legal frameworks for food and food items			
food and food items transporting	transportations			
bodies				
9) Ensure the use of food additives as	0			
per national and/or international				
food additive standards				
10) Ensure Food contacts and food				
coating materials are food grade and				
fit for the purpose				
11) Ensure food packaging materials	0			
met national and/or international				
standard				
12) Ensure blockage of contraband food				
items, chemicals and drugs from				
entry				
13) Ensure all packed foods possess	0			
standard labelling information in				
national and local languages				
	porne illness surveys and post marketing surveillance			
1) Develop guidelines for food-borne	# Guideline developed to assess, analyse and			
risk assessment, analysis, and	communicate food –borne disease			
communications				
2) Conduct regular food borne illness	Surveillance conducted for food borne illness			
surveillance and its consequences				
3) Conduct risk identification, analysis	# of identified food borne risks			
and communication				
4) Take corrective actions and				
mitigation measures on the				
identified food-borne risks				
5) Implement documentation and				
information management systems				
<b>Strategic direction 2.3:</b> Ensure the safety and quality of foods prepared and served to the community by hotels, restaurants, street vendors				

and other catering establishments. Strategic initiative 2.3.1: Strengthen a system that ensures the safety and quality of raw materials used for food preparation in food establishments. **Strategic actions Key performance indicators Collaborating** Lead sectors sectors 1) Develop guidelines for safe and MoTI, EFDA MoA quality raw material receptions 2) Put emplace system that prevail origin of raw materials to be used in food establishment 3) Create market linkage among food primary establishment and producers, certified suppliers and distributes 4) Improve systems for ensuring reputable sources of raw materials used in food preparation. 5) Conduct training for operators and raw materials suppliers on the systems for ensuring safe and quality raw materials supplies 6) Improve access to potable water Number of Improved safe water backup (water storage supplies for food preparation facility) constructed for food establishments Strategic initiative 2.3.2: Strengthen a system that ensures the traceability of raw materials used for food preparation. Collaborating **Key performance indicators Strategic actions** Lead sectors sectors 1) Develop and implement MoTI, EFDA user Developed guidelines for safe & quality raw material MoA friendly data base and information receptions management systems 2) Implement traceability systems for Prepared procedures for traceability of raw materials used MOWIE, HEIs, MOH, raw materials used for food for food preparation Developed manual for promotion of Ethiopian **EFDA** preparations third party certification, record keeping and conformity documentation system assessment

Promote third party certification systems for raw material suppliers      Promote record keeping and documentation systems of supplier and food establishment    State of third in this case of the state of the	<ul> <li>Proportion of raw materials used for food establishment which are third party certified</li> <li>Number of training delivered for raw food material suppliers</li> <li># of established record keeping and documentation systems</li> <li># of implemented record keeping and documentation systems</li> <li>tem for food handler's regular and periodic health assessment.</li> </ul>		
Strategic actions	Key performance indicators	Lead sectors	Collaborating
Develop and implement strategy for identification and monitoring of communicable disease that should be regularly checked and controlled for food handlers	# of developed strategy # of implemented strategy	EFDA, MOTI, EPHI	Ethiopian conformity assessment, MOH
2) Link food establishment with health institutions to check the identified communicable disease	# of food establishments carry out regular health check		
	nplement a system that improves food handler's knowledge and s		
Strategic actions	Key performance indicators	Lead sectors	Collaborating sectors
Conduct food handler's knowledge and skill gap assessment	# regular training gap assessment	Regional health bureaus	EFDA, MoTI, MOH, HEIs, MoLSA
2) Develop and implement harmonized food safety handling training manuals	<ul> <li># of developed food safety handling training manual</li> <li># implemented food safety handling training manual</li> </ul>		
3) Provide regular on job training on keeping safety and health of food handler's	# Proportion of food handlers training in food safety handling and safe food preparation		
Strategic initiative 2.3.5: Conduct routine	e and periodic quality assurance on food safety handlings at food e	establishments.	
Strategic actions	Key performance indicators	Lead sectors	Collaborating sectors

1)	based food good preparation practice, handling and serving practice	Number of factories and food handlers audited and take corrective action	Regional regulatory authorities	MOTI, MOH , EFDA, EPHI
2)	Promote record keeping and documentation on over all food preparation and handling practice	<ul> <li># of established record keeping and documentation systems</li> <li># of implemented record keeping and documentation systems</li> </ul>		
3)	Put emplace the internal audit and take corrective actions	<ul> <li># of corrective measures taken based on conducted internal audit</li> </ul>		
	Establish and implement the system that ensures the hygiene and sanitation of food preparation establishments at all steps of food preparation.	# of established systems for ensuring hygiene and sanitation of food preparation establishment	1 15 15	
Str		plement promotion and advocacy strategies that ensure food safety		
	Strategic actions	Key performance indicators	Lead sectors	Collaborating sectors
1)	Incorporate the food safety and quality preparation and handling practice in school curriculum	Developed curriculum that address food safety and quality	MoE	MoH, HEIs
2)	Establish and develop safe food preparation and handling practice demonstration at school	# of food safety handling demonstration conducted		
3)	Establish food safety and quality handling practice in school club	# of functional clubs established in school to give awareness on food safety and quality handlings		
4)	Establish and equip food handling, preparation and storage demonstration centres at school, health facilities and F/PTC	# of established food handling and preparation demonstration at school and health		
	Incorporate and implement food safety issues in extension packages.	# updated extension package incorporating food safety issues		
6)	Incorporate and implement food safety issues in extension advisory services	# of HH received food safety handling advisory services		

7)	Promote appropriate cooking practice to prevent nutrient loss and introduce hazardous chemicals into food.	# of food fair and demonstration's organized to promote appropriate food cooking, minimizing loss and to reduce antinutritional factors		
8)	Strengthen the systems that improve the consumers informed choice for prepared foods at different food establishments.	Proportion of consumer knowledge and skill on safe food choice		
	Improve capacity of food operators for declaring prepared food nutrient compositions	Proportion of ready to be served foods declared nutrient compositions		
Str	ategic initiative 2.3.7: Strengthen a sys	tem that ensures safe and quality compliance to standard in food e	stablishments.	
	Strategic actions	Key performance indicators	Lead sectors	Collaborating sectors
1)	Establish and implement standard and other legal frame works for all levels of food establishments	# of updated national food establishment standards Prepared food inspection standard and implemented	Regional health regulatory authorities	EFDA , ECA, MOTI, <b>HEIs</b>
2)	Improve the enforcement of updated national food establishment standard	# of enacted national food establishment standard		
3)	Develop regulation and control mechanisms on catering services (street food vendors, restaurants, hotels) to ensure the safety and quality of foods.	# of developed standard, guideline and directive # of conducted surveillance		
4)	Emplace third party certification	# of food establishments third party certified		
5)	Improve standard compliance through regular monitoring and internal audit	# of corrective measures taken from regular monitoring and audit		
	Provide capacity improvement training for compliance with the national standard	# of sensitization and familiarization training on food safety standards		
7)	Promote hygiene and food safety and quality at household level through community based	Proportion of HH reached on food hygiene and food safety handling through community based organizations		

organizations and women's			
development groups		1.6 1.11 . 6 4 4	
Strategic initiative 2.3.8: Strengthen syste	ems that ensure appropriate use of raw food cleaning materials and <b>Key performance indicators</b>	Lead sectors	Collaborating
Strategic actions	They performance indicators	Lead Sectors	sectors
1) Develop and implement national	# of developed national standard for food grade and disinfectants	EFDA, regional	MoH, MoTI
food grade cleaning and disinfectant specifications	# of implemented national standard for food grade and	regulatory Authority	
specifications	disinfectants	Authority	
2) Provide capacity building training	# Proportion of food cleaning and disinfectants suppliers		
for compliance with specifications	trained on specifications		
for suppliers			
	aste management systems at food preparation establishments.		T -:
Strategic actions	Key performance indicators	Lead sectors	Collaborating sectors
1) Promote good waste handling	Number of event organized to promote good waste handling	EFDA, MOTI	МоН
practice in environmental friendly	and waste water re-use		
way			
2) Promote waste treatment and waste	# of established waste treating facilities		
water re-use for the appropriate			
purpose  3) Appropriate and safe disposal	# of established waste safe disposal facilities		
system	# of established waste safe disposal facilities		
	pacity of private sectors and cooperatives working on food handli	ng, post-harvest ma	nagement and
marketing along the value chain.			_
Strategic actions	Key performance indicators	Lead sectors	Collaborating sectors
1) Develop guidelines and training	# of developed training materials	MoTI, EFDA	MoH, MoA,
materials on multiple local language	# of developed training materials	WioTi, El Di	HEIs
2) Train the value chain actors on	# of trained food production and preparation actors on		
improved handling, transportation,	safe food handling and preparation practice		
storage and processing etc.	3		
3) Develop tools for improved way of	# of adopted and utilized technologies form locally		
handling and storage using locally	available materials		
available materials and support the	# of incentive packages provided for technology adopters		

adoption of the improved materials Strategic initiative 14: Implement national food and nutrition policy and quality assurance programs in production and processing of foods and food products. **Key performance indicators Strategic actions Lead sectors** Collaborating sectors EFDA, MoTI., **HEIs** Strengthen the FDA, Ethiopian # of strengthened institute MoH, MoA Standard Agency, Conformity % of institute strengthened assessment enterprise, Legal # of training delivered Metrology Institute Support the establishment of specialized testing laboratories Develop the capacity of the laboratory personnel to test parameters related to food safety risk Develop different certification scheme • Support the establishment of different certification bodies Crate mechanisms to promote /award the certified safe and quality food producers Develop food law Crate enforcement mechanism • Adoption of clear and deterrent legal texts to punish violators in food safety cases Harmonization of legislations with international systems and global concepts of monitoring food safety Effective participation in the development of national, regional and international standards and

guiding principles relevant to foods			
	y framework for third party certification system.		- I
Strategic actions	Key performance indicators	Lead sectors	Collaborating sectors
<ul> <li>Conduct the need assessment for third party certifications</li> <li>Develop standard and technical guidelines for third party certifications</li> <li>Conduct familiarization and sensitization of standard and technical guidelines for respective stakeholders and regulators</li> </ul>	<ul> <li># of awarded producers</li> <li># of developed guideline</li> <li># of event organized</li> </ul>	MoTI, MoA, EFDA	HEIS, MoH
Strategic direction 4: Strengthen and imple	ement a system that mitigates food adulteration, misbranding, courods into the market for public consumption.  The health risks of food adulteration	nterfeiting and sub	-standardization
Strategic actions	Key performance indicators	Lead sectors	Collaborating sectors
<ul> <li>Assess the public knowledge level of on the health risks of adulteration and other malpractices</li> <li>Develop guidelines and training materials on health risks of adulterations</li> <li>Conduct impactful awareness creation activities at all level from federal to communities using different channels (media, champions, community and</li> </ul>	<ul> <li># of conducted training and awareness creation</li> <li># of developed directive and guidelines</li> </ul>	MoH, MoTI, EFDA, EPHI	Broadcasts corporation, HEIs
religious leaders etc)	and traceability system to prevent food adulteration, misbrand	ding, counterfeiting	ng and sub-

			sectors
<ul> <li>Innovate and adopt from other countries effective technologies put emplace the tracking and traceability systems</li> <li>Sensitize the innovated and/or adopted technologies</li> <li>Conduct capacity building activities for all stakeholders for effective utilizations of technologies</li> <li>Implement and documents its effectiveness</li> <li>Update technologies based on their effectiveness</li> <li>Promote brand /trade mark/regulation and put emplace traceability and track systems</li> <li>Establish data base system of producers &amp; supplier</li> <li>Promote use of barcode technology</li> </ul>		EFDA, MoTI	HEIs
	t system for food adulteration, misbranding, counterfeiting and su	b-standardization n	
Strategic actions	Key performance indicators	Lead sectors	Collaborating sectors
<ul> <li>Innovate and/or adopt user friendly rapid alert systems</li> <li>Sensitize and advocate rapid alert systems</li> <li>Conduct capacity building activities for users/operators</li> <li>Develop SOPs for system implementations</li> <li>Implement and monitor the system</li> </ul>	<ul> <li># of established systems</li> <li># of innovate and adopt technology</li> <li># of conducted training</li> <li># of implement and update technology</li> <li># of adopt technology</li> </ul>	EFDA, MoTI	HEIs, Ethiopian Innovation and Technology institutions, Attorney general

effectiveness		
• Implement record keeping and		
documentations		
<ul> <li>Promote SMS system</li> </ul>		
• Establish free call system at all		
stages		
<ul> <li>Update rapid alert systems</li> </ul>		

Strategic initiative 4: Strengthen quality control system for fast identification and response on food adulteration, misbranding, counterfeiting and sub-standardization malpractice.

Strategic actions	Key performance indicators	Lead sectors	Collaborating
			sectors
• Improve high tech laboratory	% of capacity building in laboratory	EFDA, ESA,	TCCP,
facilities investment	% of improved technology	HEIs, MoH,	Attorney
• Improve access to rapid lab test		TCCP	General,
kits			<b>EPHI</b>
• Improve capacity of quality			
laboratory analysis			
• Promote and support private			
laboratories			

Strategic initiative 5: Strengthen legal framework development and enforcement to control food adulteration, misbranding, counterfeiting and sub-standardization.

Suo-standardization.				
Strategic actions	Key performance indicators	Lead sectors	Collaborating	
			sectors	
Adoption of clear and deterrent		EFDA, ESA	TCCP,	
legal texts to punish violators in	• # of inspection		Attorney	
food safety cases	<ul> <li># of conducted PMS and assessment</li> </ul>		General,	
Promote food quality and safety control manual	# of registered food product (market authorization)		ЕРНІ	
Ratifying the legal frame work				
(legislation, regulation and				
directives) and due regulation				
Harmonizing food regulation				
system across sector				
• Improve capacity of legal				

framework interpretation Strategic initiative 6: Develop and implement a system that prevents and mitigates food adulteration, misbranding, counterfeiting and substandardization. **Strategic actions Key performance indicators** Collaborating **Lead sectors** sectors EFDA, MoTI ESA, MoH, In place regular post & pre market % of capacity building in laboratory inspection & regulation MoA, % of improved technology Promote & capacitate domestic food **FBPIDI** # of developed legal framework processing factory, local traders, importers # of inspection Provide competency certification # of conducted PMS and assessment Establish market entry certification system • # of registered food product (market In place regular inspection & regulation of authorization) local food manufacturing factory Promote inspection and regulation of import and export food Strategic direction 5: Ensure food safety during emergency cases. Strategic initiative 1: Promote and implement safe food storage and distribution/delivery strategies in emergencies. **Strategic actions Key performance indicators** Collaborating **Lead sectors** sectors Number of guidelines and SOPs developed NDRM, EFDA MoA, MoH Develop and implement guidelines and SOPs for good Storage facilities constructed storage and distribution Number of capacity building activities carried out of food practices during Monitoring and evaluation activities conducted emergency **Execute** the construction of appropriate storage facilities that ensures safety of foods used in emergencies

Strategic initiative 2: Strengthen the systems that ensure safety of foods used in emergency situations.

Conduct

activities Monitor

and SOPs

capacity

implementations of guidelines

and

building

the

evaluate

Strategic actions	Key performance indicators	Lead sectors	Collaborating sectors
<ul> <li>Develop and implement guidelines and SOPs for ensuring the safety of foods used in emergency cases</li> <li>Sensitize and advocate guidelines for respective stakeholders and implementers</li> <li>Conduct capacity building trainings for implementers</li> <li>Strengthen entry/exit port inspection services, consignment tests on food and food items used in emergency</li> <li>Conduct record keeping and documentations</li> <li>Develop system for monitoring and evaluations</li> <li>Update the systems timely</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Guidelines and SOPs developed and implemented</li> <li>Number of capacity building trainings</li> <li>Number of entry/exit port inspection services</li> </ul>	NDRM, EFDA	MoA, MoH
Strategic initiative 3: <b>Promote safe and o Strategic actions</b>	Key performance indicators	Lead sectors	Collaborating
			sectors
<ul> <li>Develop and implement good practices for production of foods used in emergency cases</li> <li>Improve the skill and knowledge of stakeholders and implementers</li> <li>Improve capacity of surveillance and vigilance as well as quality control laboratory</li> <li>Improve the capacity of border and port regulation</li> <li>Develop and implement legal</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Number of implemented good practices</li> <li>Number of capacity building activities</li> <li>Number of developed and implemented legal frameworks</li> </ul>	MoTI, MoA	EFDA

frameworks  Sensitize and advocate the legal frameworks  Improve the capacity of regulators and operators on legal frameworks  Establish and utilize the use of information management systems  Update the legal frameworks timely	For ensuring the availability, safety and quality control of water sup	mlies	
	ability and accessibility of safe and quality public water supply.	opiies.	
Strategic actions	Key performance indicators	Lead sectors	Collaborating sectors
<ul> <li>Innovate and adopt technologies to improve availability and accessibility of safe and quality public water supplies</li> <li>Improve the system for ensuring the safety and quality of water supplies, hygiene and sanitation</li> <li>Develop and implement strategy to ensure the safety and quality of public water supply</li> <li>Improve implementation capacity of relevant stakeholders and implementers</li> <li>Develop monitoring and evaluation systems</li> <li>Update effectiveness of technologies</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Number of innovated and adopted technologies</li> <li>Number of activities conducted to improve implementation capacity</li> </ul>	MoWIE	MoTI
	ement systems for ensuring safety, quality and performance of hou		
Strategic actions	Key performance indicators	Lead sectors	Collaborating

			sectors
<ul> <li>Develop regulatory frameworks, guidelines and SOPs for ensuring safety, quality and performance of house hold water treatment</li> <li>Sensitize the regulatory framework and technical guidelines</li> <li>Conduct capacity building training for respective stakeholders and regulators</li> <li>Implement the regulatory frameworks</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Number of legal frameworks, guidelines and SOPs developed</li> <li>Capacity building activities conducted</li> </ul>	MoWIE	
	s water purification knowledge and practices.	T	
Strategic actions	Key performance indicators	Lead sectors	Collaborating sectors
<ul> <li>Assess indigenous potable water purification knowledge and practices</li> <li>Improve research on methods of upgrading the performance level</li> <li>Set standards and the right formulations and utilizations</li> <li>Conduct familiarizations trainings</li> <li>Improve documentation and record keepings</li> </ul>		MoWIE	MoH, HEIs
	or ensuring the safety and quality of bottled water and beverages.	T=	Ta
Strategic actions	Key performance indicators	Lead sectors	Collaborating sectors
<ul> <li>Develop regulatory framework, guidelines and SOPs for ensuring safety, and quality of bottled waters</li> <li>Sensitize the regulatory</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Number of legal frameworks, guidelines and SOPs developed</li> <li>Number of sensitization events/ activities organized</li> <li>Number of capacity trainings conducted</li> <li>Regulatory frameworks implemented</li> </ul>	FBPIDI	MoWIE

framework and technical guidelines  Conduct capacity building training for respective stakeholders and regulators  Implement the regulatory frameworks in sustainable ways			
•	quality of potable water supplies for emergency situations.	T 1 4	G 11 4
Strategic actions	Key performance indicators	Lead sectors	Collaborating sectors
<ul> <li>Develop regulatory frameworks for potable water supplies during emergency</li> <li>Implement good handling, transportation and delivery of potable water supplies during emergency</li> </ul>		NDRM	EFDA, MoWIE

Strategic initiative 6. Strengthen and promote biosafety and bio security capacity development			
	Percent of pollution free and biosafety environment  Proportion of industries practiced the disposal of industrial waste to water body  Proportion of ensured infrastructure of biosafety and chemical laboratori es in the country.	MoA	<ul> <li>MoTI</li> <li>EARI</li> <li>Media</li> <li>Environme nt, Climate and Forest Commissi on</li> </ul>
4. Strengthen quarantine system	Percentage of ensured quarantine system in the country		on
5. Regulate introduction of genetically modified organisms	Proportion of regulated introduction of genetically modified organisms		
Strategic initiative 7, Integrate indigenous agro-eco	logical knowledge with modern agricultural practices		

1	. Capitalize and modernize indigenous knowledge to use agro ecological production of local biodiversity as a source of sustainable diversified diets.	Number of HH improved diuetary diversity using moderninized indigenous knowledge      MoA	<ul> <li>International Center for Indigenous Knowledge (ICIK)</li> <li>DPs</li> </ul>
2	. Scale up best practices in the use of local bio diversity as a source of sustainable management and use.	# of best practices compiled and scaled	

## 5.3 Strategic Objective 3: Improve postharvest management throughout the food value chain.

The strategic objective on improving postharvest management throughout the food value chain is considered critical to improve the safety of foods and prevent the quantitative and qualitative loss of foods through establishing modern postharvest management system, which demands appropriate technologies, skills, infrastructure and sufficient resources along the food value chain. The strategic directions and initiatives meant to improve the postharvest management system along the food value chain and their corresponding key performance indicators that enable to measure the performance of the responsible sectors are enumerated (Table 3).



Table 3: Strategic directions, initiatives, actions and key performance indicators to improve postharvest management throughout the food value chain..

Strategic direction 3.1: Strengthening Postharvest management research and development.			
Strategic Initiative 3.1.1: Improve Postharvest manage	ement Researches.		
Strategic actions	Key performance indicators	Lead sectors	Collaborating sectors
Strengthen a national postharvest management research council(NARC)	<ul> <li>Postharvest management research department under the NARC Established</li> <li>Number Postharvest management research departments in regions(under REFLAC)</li> </ul>	MoA,	MoTI, MoE, MINT, EARI
2) Design area and produce specific postharvest management research agenda aligned with the national and regional research agenda	<ul> <li>National and regional postharvest management research agenda for 10-15 years designed</li> <li>Number of identified and prioritized research gaps at national and regional levels</li> </ul>		
3) Establish comprehensive national and regional research centers on most relevant and highly prioritized postharvest management throughout the food value chain	· Number of comprehensive national and regional postharvest research centers established		
4) Build capacity of research institutes, academia and private sectors for effective and appropriate quality postharvest management research and development	Appropriate quality research outputs are available for stakeholders  Number of new post harvest technologies invented		
5) Demonstrate and scale up proven postharvest technologies research to users.	·Number of technologies generated and users adopeted		

Strategic actions	Key performance indicators	Lead sectors	Collaborating sectors
1) Design and integrate postharvest management in the national education system,	Number of students who are educated on post harvest management at differet levels Number of postharvest professionals graduated	MoE, MoA	EARI,
2) Produce highly competent engineers and postharvest management professionals who are capable in designing and manufacturing of postharvest handling (harvest, package, transport, storage, etc) and processing equipment's	Number of competent engineers and postharvest management professionals produced		MoTI, MINT
3) Facilitate professional engagement in entrepreneurship on postharvest management and technology innovation	· Number of professional entrepreneurs engaged in postharvest management		
4) Establish maintenance and service provision of postharvest equipment and facility	Number of professionals/skilled personnel in maintenance and service provision of postharvest equipment and facility		
Strategic direction 3.2: Strengthen postharvest manag	ement information and extension system.	L	<u> </u>
Strategic initiative 3.2.1 Establish accessible central po	ostharvest management information system		
Strategic actions	Key performance indicators	Lead sectors	Collaborating sectors
Establish an open access national and regional postharvest management information database center	· Presence of one national and regional postharvest information database centers	MoA	MoTI, EARI, MoE, MINT
2) Strengthen food marketing information system for all commodities at different administrative level	· All postharvest related information are readily available electronically in one center		

4)	Disseminate postharvest management and technology information using available media (TV, Radio, Newsletter)	Number of media events and spots on postharvest management and technology		
Str	rategic initiative 3.2.2: Enhance integration of post-	harvest management services in extension sys	tem.	
Str	rategic actions	Key performance indicators	Lead sectors	Collaborating sectors
1)	Promote appropriate and sustainable (cost effective, gender sensitive, labor saving, environmentally friendly, socially acceptable) postharvest technologies across the food system	· Appropriate and sustainable post harvesting and primary processing technologies and services are readily accessible by all stakeholders in the food system	MoA	MoTI, EARI, MINT
2)	Improve and promote agri-business and agro- processing entities to support postharvest management best practices	· Number of agri-business and agro- processing entities		
3)	Incentivizing (tax, finance, price subsidy etc.) for postharvest management equipment and supplies and facilitate to access appropriate product specific standardized packaging materials across the value chain	Number of institutes improved, product specific and standardized for postharvest management equipment, supplies, food packaging and handling materials are readily available and accessible for all		
4)	Awareness creation through different means of reach (training, media) on postharvest loss causes, impact and management along the food system	Increased number of stakeholders and consumers who have better knowledge, skills and attitudes towards improved Postharvest management		
5)	Establish food product specific postharvest technology training/incubation centers at woreda level	· Established one postharvest technology training/incubations centers in each potential woreda		

## Strategic direction 3.3: Improve Post Harvest Management Infrastructure. Strategic initiative 3.3.1: Improve storage and road facilities. **Key performance indicators** Collaborating Strategic actions **Lead sectors** sectors 1) Improve household food storage facilities ·Number of introduced, adapted, transferred MOA. MoA, ERRI, and promoted appropriate new storage **EARI** facilities. 2) Avail improved community onsite and offsite · Number of improved community onsite and MoTI. Federal MOA storage facilities/warehouse and packaging houses offsite storage facilities/warehouse and regional for market aggregation potential and traceability for Number of packaging houses for agricultural Coops Agency, produce at woreda level increased Uniions and commodity (durable and perishable products) Number of cold storage facilities established cooperatives, 3) Ensure construction of storage and distribution Availability of feasible collection and private sectors, distribution centres for agricultural investment facilities with appropriate accessories nearby the agency, FDA, commodities markets MoH, Financial institutions 4) Promote usage of appropriate packaging materials • Proportion of appropriate packaing and containers materials use 5) Promote usage of appropriate packaging materials Proportion of appropriate packaing and containers materials used 6) Promote technologies for post-harvest food • Number of agricultural research results/ technologies adopted for processing, preservation, and preparation to help increased household access to safe and ensure the food is both nutritious and diverse. nutritious food. 7) Facilitate the engagement of youth and women · Number of youth and women engaged in MoA Federal and small and medium enterprises(SMEs) in improved SMEs in improved transportation and storage regional Coops transportation and storage services Agency, SME services Number of SMEs established MoTI, MoWYC. EIA, 8) Improve access to all weather roads for agricultural ·Number of agro food producing potential ERA. MoTI MOA, ERRI production areas to woredas woredas with access to all weather roads

Strategic actions	Key performance indicators	Lead sectors	Collaborating sectors
Increase access to improved fish harvesting, landing, onsite processing and storage facilities	Number of sites with cites with landing and processing facilities	MoA	EARI, MoTI EIA, Fish cooperatives, SEMs
2) Facilitate the engagement of youth and women (SMEs) in improved fish harvesting, landing, onsite processing and cold storage facilities	· Number of youth and women (SMEs) involved in fishing and fish farming Number of youth and women (SMEs) involved in processing and cold storage facilities	MoA	Federal and regional Coops Agency, SME MoTI, Job Creation Commission
3) Create and strengthen cooperatives for animal husbandry (Milk, poultry, honey etc.)	Number of cooperatives, youth, women, SMEs and private investors for dairy and its products Number of cooperatives, youth, women, SMEs and private investors for meat and its products Number of cooperatives, youth, women, SMEs and private investors for poultry and its products Number of cooperatives, youth, women, SMEs and private investors for honey and its products	MoA	MoTI, EARI, EDRI
4) Increase access animal product specific standardized collection centers and transportation facilities	· Number of youth, women, SMEs and private investors with standardized collection centers and transportation facilities	MoTI/MoA	MoWYC, EIA, Private sector
Strategic initiative 3.3.3: Improve food market infrast	ructure and marketing system	1	ı
Strategic actions	Key performance indicators	Lead sectors	Collaborating sectors

	uild appropriate produce specific food market at llage/cluster level	· Number of village/cluster withe access to food market	MoTI/MoA	,Private sector, cooperatives, SMEs agency,
	uild appropriate produce specific whole sale arket	Number of produce specific whole sale food market strengthened     Number of new whole sale food market established	MoA/MoTI	
· ·	stablish standard farmers market centers in big wns	<ul> <li>Number of farmers market centers in cities/ towns established</li> <li>Number of existing farmers market centers in cities/ towns strengthened</li> </ul>	MoA	
	stablish a legal framework for food market frastructure establishment and marketing system	·Presence and enforcement of legal framework for food market system	MoTI	
sup	ransform urban small food shops in to standard permarkets	· Number of urban small food shops in to standard supermarkets	MoTI	
G				
`	gic direction 3.4: Increase private sector investm			
Strates	gic initiative3.4.1: Transform Private sector inv	restment on Agro-Processing.		
Strates	<u>.</u>		Lead sectors	Collaborating sectors
Strates Strates  1) Suppro	gic initiative3.4.1: Transform Private sector inv	restment on Agro-Processing.	Lead sectors  MOTI	

Ensure access to financial services to agro processing private sector	<ul> <li>Number of agro-food processing private investors with access to financial services</li> <li>Number of financial institutions that provided financial services</li> </ul>	
4) Strengthen and create strong linkage system between agro food producers, processor and consumers	Number of product specific structured strong linkage system among food producers, processors and consumers established. Number of product specific existing structured linkage systems among food producers, processors and consumers strengthened.	

## 5.4 Strategic Objective 4: Improve the nutritional status of people with special focus on pregnant and lactating women, children and adolescents.

Thus strategic objective targets the improvement of the nutritional status of people along the lifecycle. It focuses on the 1000days+ window of opportunities with special focus that appropriate nutrition throughout the life cycle especially mother's nutrition during pregnancy is critical to the health and future development of children, and that addressing both maternal and adolescent nutrition is essential to break the inter-generational cycle of under-nutrition. The section also addresses the nutritional needs of the elderly as one of the life stages as well as the needs of people in special situations. Nutritional challenges being multi-causal, the section has identified selected interventions calling for multi-sectoral collaboration to address nutrition sensitive and nutrition specific interventions. Directions, initiatives, activities and lead and collaborative sectors responsible for implementation of prioritized nutrition interventions along with their corresponding key performance indicators are included (Table 4).



Table 2: Strategic directions, initiatives, actions and key performance indicators for the nutritional status of people with special focus on pregnant and lactating women, children and adolescents.

Strategic Objective 4: Improve the nutritional status of people with special focus on pre-pregnant, pregnant and lactating women, children and adolescents.				
Strategic direction 4.1: Improve nutritional status of pre-pregnant, pregnant and lactating women  Strategic Initiative 4.1.1: Improve quality and coverage of nutrition services.				
Strategic Intuative 4.1.1: Improve quant	Key Performance Indicators	Lead er Secto rs	Collaborate Sectors	
<ul> <li>Provision of pre-conception folic acid to women of reproductive age</li> <li>Identify early and provide nutrition counselling to pregnant women and lactating mothers using all contact points.</li> <li>Provision of iron and folic acid to pregnant women</li> <li>Provide free insecticide-treated nets (ITNs) in all malaria endemic areas</li> <li>Provide micronutrient supplementation and deworming for pregnant women (after first trimester of pregnancy).</li> <li>Ensure quality of nutrition services</li> <li>Provide Nutrition services through mobile health and nutrition teams for pastoralist and hard to reach communities</li> <li>Ensure system for sustainable</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Proportion of women of reproductive age who received preconception supplementation of folic acid</li> <li>Proportion of pregnant women who received Nutrition counselling</li> <li>Proportion of pregnant women who received iron and folic acid supplement at least 90 + (WHO's recommendation is 180)</li> <li>Proportion of pregnant women in all malaria endemic area who sleep under insecticide-treated nets (ITNs)</li> <li>Proportion of pregnant women who received de-worming treatment per the national guidelines</li> <li>Proportion of pregnant women who received skilled nutrition services</li> <li>Proportion of pregnant and lactating women satisfied with nutrition services</li> <li>Proportion of pregnant women who gained at least 10-12kgs during pregnancy (to be qualified based on their pre-pregnancy BMI)</li> <li>Proportion of pregnant women who received at least four rounds of ANC</li> <li>Percentage of household using adequately iodized salt (&gt;15 PPM)</li> <li>Number Health facilities implementing ten steps of BFHI</li> <li>Prevalence of hemoglobin less than 11gm/dl in pregnant women</li> <li>Prevalence low birth weight( &lt; 2.5 kg)</li> </ul>	МоН	MOWCY, FDA, PFSA	

delivery of supplies • Proportion of	Weredas with Stock out of nutrition supplies		
Strategic Initiative 2: Improve the nutritional status of P	regnant and Lactating Women under PSNP.		
Strategic Actions	Performance indicators		
<ul> <li>Early identification of pregnant women and timely transition from public work to direct support</li> <li>Link all PLW to PSNP and ensure exempted from public work</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Proportion of pregnant women under PSNP who were identified in the first month of pregnancy and received food baskets.</li> <li>Proportion of pregnant women under PSNP who were exempted from public work and received food baskets</li> </ul>		MoH, MoWCY, DPs
Strategic Initiative 3: Strengthening women's econom		ing powe	er and creating
conducive working environment for PLW to improve nut			
Strategic Actions	Performance indicators		
<ul> <li>Create women group to access resources through microfinance services and facilitate cross learning of best practices</li> <li>Create access to time and labor-saving technologies, allowing resting time during the day for working PLW</li> <li>Support men, grandmothers and other household members to engage in decision making process of PLWs</li> <li>Ensure that employers and employees in both private and public sectors adhere with maternity leave for PLW</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Proportion of women engaged in income generating activities Proportion of women with access to labour and time saving technologies</li> <li>Proportion of women actively engaged in women support group</li> <li>Proportion of men, grandmothers and other household members who engaged in decision making process of PLWs</li> <li>Number of women groups engaged in income generating activities (such as production of complimentary foods)</li> </ul>	MoA, MoLSA MoWCY Private Sector	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Strategic Initiative 4: Improve production, promotion an		<u>PLW</u>	
<ul> <li>Support the households and the communities to produce nutrient dense crops, fruits and vegetables, and improved small ruminants, improved chicken breeds and fishery</li> <li>Support private/government sector for production of fortified foods including iodized salts, edible oils, wheat floors etc</li> <li>Ensure the quality and safety of domestic and</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Performance indicators</li> <li>Proportion of households who had homestead gardening</li> <li>Proportion of household who consumed fruits and vegetables</li> <li>Proportion of household who consumed animal source foods</li> <li>Number of fruit nursery sites</li> </ul>	MoTI, Media	MoHealth, MoWCY, DPs, FBOs, CSOs

regulatory authority of Ethiopia  Support the development of food based dietary guidelines addressing seasonality, socio cultural situation and related factors for diversifying household diet.  Engage and conduct awareness creation events for the private sector on nutrition related requirements and standards for locally manufactured and imported food items.	
Strategic Actions	Performance indicators
<ul> <li>Promote and practice of early essential newborn care</li> <li>Ensure immediate drying and skin to skin contact and bedding-in of mother and new-born babies,</li> <li>Delaying, appropriately and timely clamping of the cord,</li> <li>Routine newborn care (eye care, vitamin k, weighing,</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Proportion of health facility providing essential new born care</li> <li>Proportion of infants getting immunization appropriate for age</li> <li>Proportion of newborns getting vitamin K, weight measurement and physical</li> </ul>

immunization and physical examination)	examination (APGAR score)
•	Proportion of children with acute
	malnutrition managed
Strategic Initiative 2: Promote and support optimal breastfeeding p	
community and facility level through appropriate individual and gro	up counselling.
Strategic Actions	Performance indicators
Promote optimal infant and young child feeding practices	Proportion of newborns initiated
Counsel pregnant women at third trimester and lactating women	early with breast feed within one
partners, family members and other influential communit	
members on optimal breastfeeding practices.	• Proportion of newborns feed sector,
Promote and support exclusive breastfeeding for the first site.	•
months and promote breast feeding messages at all contact point	Proportion of infants exclusively DPs,
and integrating with other services like immunization program.	breastfeed 0-5 month( <b>180 days</b> ) MoWCY
• Ensure quality and coverage of monthly growth monitoring, and	
promote timely and need based counseling for all mothers	implementing ten steps of BFHI
• Promoting shifts in social norms and ensure men engagement is	
supporting exclusive breast feeding to be continued for at least two	
years	Proportion of newborns who
<ul> <li>Counsel and support mothers to space births at least 3 years apar</li> </ul>	
in order to achieve the optimal duration of breast feeding	promotion program
<ul> <li>Advocate for revision of maternity leave to 6 months</li> </ul>	Proportion of men in supporting
• Ensure social responsibilities of media outlets in nutritio	
messaging (e.g. allocate free airtime messaging for nutrition	
message, allocate air time/program for nutrition)	
Strategic Initiative 3: Protect optimal breastfeeding practices for infa	ints 0–5 months (180 days) at community and facility level.
Strategic Actions	Performance indicators
Promote designated breastfeeding rooms with the appropriate q	uality in • Proportion of health MoH, Private
workplace for all lactating women	facilities having separate sector,
<ul> <li>Support breastfeeding working mothers to exclusively breastfeed</li> </ul>	
child is six months old and encourage mothers to continue breas	t feeding • Proportion of mothers DPs
until two years and beyond	exclusively breast-feed EFDA
• Ensure the development of written breast feeding guideline	that is for 6 months(180 days) MoLSA,
routinely communicated to all staffs and parents	<ul> <li>Proportion of work place MoWCY,</li> </ul>
Ensure the enforcement of breast-milk Substitutes code to promote	e, protect (public and private) that Media,
and support breast feeding.	established daycare CSOs,
	MoTI

•	Ensure that employers and employee in both private and public sector		centers  Proportion of health		
•	adhere with maternity leave laws  Advocate and ensure that lactating women working in the public or private workplaces have access to breast feeding services at the workplace with	•	Proportion of health facilities who having written facility level		
•	minimum facilities  Ensure proper transmission of message to the community related with nutrition (Exclusive breast feeding and adhere to the code) in accordance with the national regulations and laws	•	infant feeding guidelines Allocation of air time/print media for nutrition messaging by		
•	Establish day care centers in public and private institutions		media outlets		

Strategic Initiative 4: Ensure health facilities (Public and Private) offering maternity services, establish and implement baby friendly health facility initiatives (BFHI) and become certified according to BFHI requirements				
Strategic Actions	Performance indicators			
<ul> <li>Collaborate for the development baby friendly health facility initiatives (BFHI) guideline and standard for all types of health facilities which provide maternity services</li> <li>Mobilizing more resources, enhance cross learning and testing innovations to enhance BFHI</li> <li>Build the capacity of health workers to apply BFHI</li> <li>Ensure all facilities prepare rooms, equipment and other supplies for BFHI services</li> <li>Train, supervise and mentor health care providers to adhere to code of marketing of Breast-milk substitute</li> <li>Establish monitoring and evaluation mechanisms to ensure the application of the BFHI</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Number of health workers trained on baby friendly health facility initiatives (BFHI)</li> <li>Proportion of health facilities that initiated (BFHI)</li> <li>Proportion of health facilities certified for BFHI</li> <li>Proportion of workplace (public and private) that adhere to maternity leave standards</li> <li>Number of health facilities implementing ten step of BFHI</li> </ul>	МоН	Private sector, DPs EFDA	
Startegic Initiative 5: Management of acute malnutrition among infa				
Strategic actions	Key performance Indicators			
Ensure management of acute malnutrition among infants under six months at facility level	<ul> <li>Proportion of infants 0-5 months with acute malnutrition identified through child health services and linked to acute malnutrition treatment programs</li> <li>Proportion of infants 0-5 months with acute uncomplicated malnutrition managed at community leve;</li> </ul>			
• Ensure psychosocial stimulation is part of the treatment of	Psychosocial stimulation part of the			

children with acute malnutrition	treatment of acutmalnutrition		
Strategic direction 3: Improve nutritional status of Strategic Initiative 1: Promote timely initiation of			
	Performance indicators		
<ul> <li>Build the capacity of service providers on appropriate complementary feeding for children aged 6-23 months</li> <li>Support lactating women to continue breastfeeding until age 2 and beyond</li> <li>Ensure appropriate complementary feeding practices</li> </ul>		МоН	Private sector, DPs
Strategic Initiative 2: Promote and ensure mormonths.	athly growth monitoring and counseling for all mothers with chi	ildren a	aged 6-23
Strategic Actions	Performance indicators		
<ul> <li>Ensure monthly quality growth monitoring and promotion(GMP) for all children age 6-23 months and promote need based counseling for mothers /care takers.</li> <li>Create system for continues monitoring and evaluation of the GMP implementation</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Proportion of children age 6-23 months who undergone monthly growth monitoring service.</li> <li>Proportion of children with growth faltering linked to treatment and care services</li> </ul>	МоН	Private sector, DPs
Strategic Initiative 3: Develop and enforce minimum standards on nutritional services for young children in special situations (Refugee camps, IDPs, disabled children, street children, orphanages, neglected children etc).			
Strategic Actions	Performance indicators		T
<ul> <li>Ensure provision of nutrition services an medical care for young children in specia</li> </ul>	•	MoH, NDR	Private Sector,

situations  Ensure mother with children under one year exempted from public work requirements  Prioritize and ensure access for nutrition services for household with under two children in PSNP areas	<ul> <li>Proportion/Number of children accessed medical care.</li> <li>Proportion/Number of children w got nutrition screening.</li> <li>Proportion/Number of children w received treatment for acute malnum error of children who received treatment for acute malnum error of children who received proportion/Number of mothers who in PSNP area exempted from public proportion/Number of under the PSNP areas with access for nutrition.</li> </ul>	rith special need who has utrition. ed food support rith under one year infant lic work wo year old children in ion services	DPs, MoLSA, MoWC Y, FBOs
Strategic Initiative 4: Prevent and control micronut			
<ul> <li>Ensure provision of Vitamin A supplementation months of age biannually.</li> <li>Ensure promotion of the proper use of iodized salevel.</li> <li>Ensure provision of zinc supplementation.</li> <li>Promotion use of fortified foods (edible oil and the promotion of the use of micronutrient powders in deficiency is greater than 20% among children use.</li> <li>Promote the use of animal source foods and divertackle micronutrient deficiencies.</li> <li>Enhance screening and treatment of anemia.</li> </ul>	supplementa months of a Proportion of using iodize cour).  areas where iron der five. sified diet to solution (OI ment.	f Vitamin A ation in children 6–23 age. of household properly ed salt. f zinc supplementation 6–23 months of age. of children 6–23 months nc with oral rehydration RS) for diarrhea treat-	Pri vat e sec tor
Strategic Initiative 5: Strengthen a system for preven	ion and management of acute malnu	trition 6-23 months	
Strategic Actions	Performance indicators	S	7
<ul> <li>Promotion of active case finding and reference malnourished children across the continuum of promote community mobilization to create may villages</li> <li>Ensure children visiting health facilities for services are screened for nutrition related problem.</li> <li>Enable mothers/care givers to screen malnered.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Proportion of malnutrition ide health services malnutrition treatment.</li> <li>Proportion of malnutrition ide health services malnutrition treatment.</li> <li>Proportion of K malnutrition.</li> </ul>	children with acute MoH, entified through child MoTI, and linked to acute NDR	Priva te secto r

## MUAC

- Ensuring the establishment of quality and comprehensive inpatient and outpatient treatment services at all health care system per the national standards
- Building the capacity of health care workers(HWs/HEWs) to identify, treatment and timely referral of acutely malnourished children.
- Ensuring timely availability of appropriate nutrition products and commodities according to the management guideline.
- Ensuring all acutely malnourished children are exempted from health care service fees and mothers/caretakers are able to get food at stabilization centers (SC).
- Link the primary caregiver of acutely malnourished child to social protection services and all benefits unconditionally.
- Ensure quality of acute malnutrition management
- Establishing center of excellence for training on management of acute malnutrition at national and regional level
- Ensure psychosocial stimulation is part of the treatment of children with acute malnutrition
- Ensure treatment of children with acute malnutrition at health post level

- community level for acute malnutrition and treated
- Proportion of health facilities providing quality and comprehensive acute malnutrition management services per the national standards
- Number of health care workers/HEWs trained on acute malnutrition management.
- Proportion of health facilities reported zero stock out nutrition supplies.
- Proportion of health facility (health center and health posts) treating malnourished children free of charge and provide meal for mothers/caregivers.
- Beneficiary satisfaction using different measurement tools like community score card
- Psychosocial stimulation part of the treatment of acute malnutrition
- Number of centers excellence for training on management of acute established
- Number of food insecure households with children 6-23 months linked to social protection services and nutrition-sensitive livelihood and economic opportunities.

Strategic Initiative 6: Promote and support local production of enriched complementary food and Therapeutic Foods.			
Strategic Actions	Performance indicators		
<ol> <li>Develop food based dietary guidelines addressing seasonality, socio cultural situation and related factors for diversifying household diet</li> <li>Promote local production of complementary foods meeting acceptable standards.</li> <li>Support women groups in local production of complementary food and established market linkage</li> <li>Building capacity of health extension workers and</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>contextualized at sub national level</li> <li>Number of locally produced complementary foods</li> <li>Proportion of women groups engaged in local production of complementary foods.</li> <li>Proportion of women groups with established market linkage for local production of complementary</li> </ul>	DPs, MoH, Private sector	

agriculture development agents on promotion of consumption of nutrient dense foods at FTC/PTC/  13) Ensure and enhance agricultural research and adoption of technology for increased household access to safe and nutritious food.  14) Ensuring consumption of animal source foods (milk, egg, meat, fish, poultry and etc)  15) Support local production of Therapeutic food s	<ul> <li>Proportion of trained health extension workers and Agriculture development agents on promotion of production of nutrient dense foods at farmer training center (FTC), Pastoral training center (PTC) polytechnic.</li> <li>Number of companies producing therapeutic foods locally</li> <li>Number of companies and small and medium scale enterprise producing complementary foods locally</li> </ul>		
<ul><li>16) Support local production of complementary foods</li><li>17) Ensure access of food insecure households to complements try foods insecure household through inclusion the food basket</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Proportion of households who produce and consume animal source foods (milk, egg, meat, fish, poultry and etc.)</li> </ul>		
Strategic Initiative 7: Promote key actions for diversificat	ion and utilization of complementary foods at household l	evel.	
Strategic Actions	Performance indicators		
<ul> <li>Ensure harmonization and standardization of complementary feeding and dietary diversity communication materials and supportive supervision tools.</li> <li>Training health workers and health and agriculture extension workers on appropriate complementary foods</li> <li>Develop and implement optimized context specific complementary food preparation guideline(reciepe).</li> <li>Ensure capacity building for regional, zonal and woreda health offices and primary health care units on delivery of interventions to promote child growth</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Existance of harmonized complementary feeding and dietary diversity communication materials and supportive supervision tools</li> <li>Proportion of households with children 6-23 months old who practiced preparation of enriched complementary foods.</li> <li>Presence of optimized context specific complementary food preparation guideline(reciepe)</li> <li>Number of professionals at regional, zonal and woreda health offices and primary health care units, community care coalition, child parliament who took training on child growth and promotion.</li> </ul>	MoA	MoE, MoLSA, MOWC Y, DPs, FBO
Strategic direction 4: Improve nutritional status of 24 – 5	months old children.		
Strategic Initiative 1: Promote appropriate feeding and dietary practices, ensure growth monitoring and promotion for 24-59 months.			
Strategic Actions Performance indicators			
Ensure quarterly growth monitoring (height and weight)		МоН,	Private
	months undergone quarterly growth	MoA,	secto
Promote households with pre-school children to	implement monitoring(weight and height measurement)	MoE, MoWCY	r, DPs,

home/kitchen/school gardens and small scale for that support a diverse and nutrient dense foods	Proportion of households with children 24-59 months that have home/kitchen/school gardens and small scale food production for a diverse range of nutrition- enhancing foods    Oddards on nutrition services for young children in special situation   Description	
(Refugee camps, IDPs, disabled children, street children		•
	erformance indicators	_
<ul> <li>Establish a mechanism to ensure the provision of nutrition services for vulnerable children</li> <li>Prioritize and ensure access to nutrition services for households with children 24-59 months in special situations in PSNP areas</li> <li>Provide nutrition services for IDPs through linking with PHCU and mobile health nutrition team</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Proportion/Number of children with special need who accessed micronutrient supplementation.</li> <li>Proportion/Number of children with special need who has got nutrition screening.</li> <li>Proportion /Number of children with special need who has received treatment for acute malnutrition.</li> <li>Proportion of children who received food support</li> <li>Proportion/Number of 24-59 months old children in PSNP areas with access for nutrition services</li> </ul>	Private Sector, DPs, MoLSA MoWCY , FBOs
Strategic Initiative 3: Prevent and control micronutrient		
Strategic Actions	Performance indicators	
<ul> <li>Identification and treatment of anemia.</li> <li>Provision of Vitamin A supplementation for children age biannually.</li> <li>Promotion of the proper use of iodized salt at househ</li> <li>Ensure provision of zinc with oral rehydration s diarrhea treatment.</li> <li>Promotion of use of fortified foods (salt, edible oil ar</li> <li>Promotion of the use of micronutrient powders ar areas where iron deficiency is greater than 20% among five.</li> <li>Promote the use of pulses and animal source micronutrient deficiencies</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Coverage of Vitamin A supplementation for children 24–59 months.</li> <li>Proportion of households properly using iodized salt.</li> <li>Proportion of children provided with zinc with oral rehydration solution (ORS) for diarrhea treat-</li> </ul>	Private sector

Strategic Actions	Performance indicators				
<ul> <li>Building the capacity of health care workers/HEWs to identify, treat and timely referral of acutely malnourished (SAM/MAM) children.</li> <li>Ensuring timely availability of appropriate nutrition products and commodities-anthropometric equipment, therapeutic food, supplementary food and essential drugs-as per the acute malnutrition management guideline in all health facilities.</li> <li>Ensure children visiting health facilities for IMNCI and other services are screened for nutrition and access nutrition treatments</li> <li>Ensuring the establishment of quality and comprehensive inpatient and outpatient treatment services at all health care system per the national standards</li> <li>Promotion of active case finding and management for malnutrition and childhood illness in the community and ensure referral linkage across the continuum of care and services</li> <li>Promote advocate for community mobilization for malnutrition free community to create stunting free kebelles/villages</li> <li>Ensuring health care services for all malnourished children are exempted from health care fees and mothers/caretakers able to get food at stabilization centers (SC)</li> <li>Ensure complementary food cooking demonstration practices for mothers and caretakers with the expected quality (clean utensils, clean environment, ensure diversity, appropriate targeting of 24-59 months old children, and etc)</li> <li>Target and link food-insecure households with children 24-59 months to social protection services and beneficiary satisfaction with optimal community engagement to measure satisfaction with optimal community engagement to measure satisfaction with different measurement tools like community score card</li> <li>Ensure the primary caregiver of child with moderately or severely malnourished are exempted from the public works of PSNP during the period of treatment</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>SAM/MAM management</li> <li>Proportion of health facilities with adequate stock of nutrition products and commodities</li> <li>Proportion/Number of children screened for nutrition and treated for SAM/MAM</li> <li>Proportion/Number of health facilities providing quality and comprehensive inpatient and outpatient SAM/MAM treatment services per the national standards</li> <li>Proportion/Number of kebeles/villages declared malnutrition/stunting free</li> <li>Proportion/Number of health facilities (health centers and hospitals) treat malnourished children fee exempted and provide food for mothers/caretakers at stabilization centers (SC)</li> <li>Proportion/Number of health facilities with food cooking demonstration practices for mothers and caretakers with the expected quality</li> <li>Proportion/Number of food-insecure households with children 24-59 months linked to social protection services and nutrition-sensitive livelihood and economic opportunities.</li> <li>Proportion/Number of households with children of moderately or severely malnourished and their primary caregivers exempted from public works of PSNP during the period of treatment</li> </ul>	MoH, MoTI, MoLS A, DPs	Private sector		
Strategic direction 5: Improve nutritional status of $6-10$ years old c	hildren.	Strategic direction 5: Improve nutritional status of 6 – 10 years old children.			

Strategic Initiative 1: Development of policy groof children 6-10 years.	ound and promotes good	nutrition behaviour and improves nutrition	nal status	
Strategic Actions		Performance indicators		
<ul> <li>Develop policy ground to protect children freshildhood labor, and other criminal a mechanism to mentor and fulfill their food a</li> <li>Promote girl's education and harmful tradit girls feeding on nutritious food, enforcing marriage and abduction and use of toilet or young siblings.</li> <li>Advocate for promotion and enforcement of nutritional services for children in special refugee camps, IDPs, disabled children, strength children with chronic illnesses, neglected work sites, etc.</li> <li>Promote foundational lesson towards responshygiene, dressings) towards becoming respectiven</li> <li>Promoting exercise for preventing childhood</li> </ul>	ctivities and establish and nutrition needs ional practices including family law against child a demand and caring for f minimum standards on situations that include the children, orphanages, children, PSNP public asible behavior (personal ponsible and productive obesity.	<ul> <li>Number of children engaged in begging, childhood labor, and other criminal activities fulfill their food and nutrition needs</li> <li>Proportion/Number of girl's protected from harmful traditional practices including girls feeding on nutritious food, enforcing family law against child marriage and abduction and use of toilet on demand and caring for young siblings.</li> <li>Proportion of girl's enrollment at primary school.</li> <li>Proportion/Number of children with special need who got nutritional services and medical care</li> <li>Proportion of children in PSNP with nutritional services public work sites.</li> <li>Number of lessons/trainings provided towards creation of responsible behavior and productive citizen</li> </ul>	MoLS A, MoWC Y, MoE	DPs, FBO
Strategic Initiative 2: Prevent and control macro	and micronutrient defic	ciencies for children 6-10 years.		
Strategic Actions	Performance indicators			]
<ul> <li>Conduct nutritional assessments, identify malnourished children between the age of 6-10 years and link to health care facilities for the identified nutritional problems</li> <li>Promotion and the use of appropriate fortified foods (iodized salt, edible oil and flour).</li> <li>Promote the use of diversified biofortified and food products to tackle</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Prevalence of Vita</li> <li>Prevalence of Iodi</li> <li>Prevalence of aner</li> <li>Prevalence of stun</li> <li>Proportion of cl (screening, counse</li> </ul>	min A deficiency (clinical sign) me deficiency (urinary Iodine concentration) mia among 6-10 years nting, wasting, underweight and obesity hildren who accessed nutritional services reling and treatment) useholds used fortified foods (iodized salt,	MoH, MoE, MoA, HEIs, EARI	MoWCY , DPs

<ul> <li>micronutrient deficiencies</li> <li>Provide biannual de-worming for school and out of school children between the ages of 6-10 years.</li> <li>Proportion of household used diversified food</li> <li>Coverage of biannual de-worming for school children and out of school children</li> <li>Number and type of bio-fortified food products developed</li> </ul> Strategic Initiative 3: Promote appropriate production and utilization of diversified diet based on the agro ecology of the area.			
<ul> <li>Building capacity of health extension workers a Agriculture development agents on promotion a production of nutrient rich crops and animal sour foods</li> <li>Produce animal, plant and fish foods based on the age ecology of the area considering agrarian, urban a pastoral contexts</li> <li>Support the development of national food based dieta guideline</li> <li>Target and link food-insecure households with childres 6-10 to social protection services and nutritice sensitive livelihood and economic opportunities.</li> <li>Ensure and enhance agricultural research and adopting of technology for increased household access to say and nutritious food</li> <li>Improve knowledge and practice of Agriculture development agents, households and farmers on NS livestock development and fishery</li> </ul>	agriculture development agents.  Number and type of animal, plant and fish source foods developed based on the agro ecology of the area considering agrarian, urban and pastoral contexts.  Develop and endorsed national food based dietary guideline  Proportion/Number of households food-insecure with social protection services, nutrition-sensitive livelihood and economic opportunities  Number of agricultural research results/adopted technology for increased household access to safe and nutritious food  Number of Agriculture development agents, farmers and household knowledge and practice on	*	MoWYC , DPs

Strategic direction 6: Improve nutritional status of adolescents.		
Strategic Initiative 1: Provide nutritional assessments and counseling services for adolescents at all contacts with health care.		
Strategic Actions	Performance indicators	

<ul> <li>Conduct nutritional assessments and provide counseling services in health facilities when an adolescent comes for any kind of health service.</li> <li>Integrate adolescent nutrition services into youth centers and related community based programs.</li> <li>Conduct regular monitoring of the nutritional status of school-age children/adolescent girls.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Proportion of adolescents with BMI for BMI-forage Z-score &lt;-2SD</li> <li>Proportion of adolescents with BMI for BMI-forage Z-scores &gt;+2sD</li> <li>Number of Health facilities providing comprehensive and routine nutrition assessment and counseling services for adolescents integrated with youth-friendly health.</li> </ul>	MoE, DPs, MoWCY
Strategic Initiative 2: Promote good nutrition behavior and producting behavioral change communication.	revent harmful traditional practices related to nutrition through	
Strategic Actions	Performance indicators	-
<ul> <li>Provision of life skills trainings (such as assertiveness, ne skills, and decision-making, leadership and bargaining s girls and boys to prevent early marriage and pregnancy.</li> <li>Build the capacity of teachers and Parent-Teacher As members in special nutritional needs of adolescent's areas and raise awareness on adolescent nutrition ar services in the community.</li> <li>Aware key influential groups and individuals on the importance adolescent nutrition and the consequences of malnutrition adolescence.</li> <li>Promotion of delaying early marriage until age 21 and depregnancy until age 24.</li> <li>Promotion of diversified and nutritious foods for adolescence.</li> <li>Prevention of food taboos, use of substances, alcohol, what tribute to intergenerational malnutrition.</li> <li>Promotion of healthy and active lifestyle such as prevention and support of girls' education.</li> <li>Promote healthy school environments through school healthy in the programs.</li> <li>Promote access to safe, potable water, and improved and hygiene in schools, community and household.</li> <li>Promoting safe and clean household environments (in repoultry, small ruminants and household waste managements).</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Proportion of adolescent trained on life skills</li> <li>Number of teachers and parents trained on adolescent nutrition and health services</li> <li>Proportion of adolescent girls married below 21 years</li> <li>Number of training given for key influential groups (religious leaders, elders, edir, equb mahiber)</li> <li>Proportion of adolescent who consumed diversified foods (at least five food groups)</li> <li>Percentage of adolescent who used food taboos, use of substances, alcohol, kchat etc</li> <li>Prevalence of teenage (15-19 years) pregnancy</li> <li>Proportion of adolescents who are doing regular physical exercise</li> <li>Proportion of schools integrating a comprehensive nutrition education and promotion activities targeting</li> </ul>	MoWIE, MoA

<ul> <li>Identify mechanisms for provision of sanitary napkins adolescent girls</li> <li>Discourage harmful traditional practices including adolescent feeding on nutritious food, enforcing family law against commarriage and abduction and use of toilet on demand and caring young siblings</li> <li>Promote appropriate nutrition messaging to the community relewith feeding on importance of diversified and nutritious for hygiene and sanitations practices by allocating free airtime</li> <li>Advocate and publicize special programs with best practices food, nutrition and related areas</li> <li>Social media issues should be addressed/web-based informational should be addressed separately, screen time, effect of social medianning cell phone at school and etc.</li> <li>Strategic Initiative 3: Prevent and control macro and micronutries</li> </ul>	nutrition clubs  • Proportion of schools with access to safe and potable water  • Coverage of schools for improved sanitation and hygiene (separated latrine for boys and girls)  • Proportion adolescent girls with access to sanitary pads  • tion, edia,	
Strategic Actions	Performance indicators	-
<ul> <li>Conduct nutritional assessments, identify malnourished adolescents and link to health care facilities for the identified nutritional problems</li> <li>Promotion and the use of appropriate fortified foods (iodized sate edible oil and flour).</li> <li>Promote the use of diversified food products to tackle micronutrient deficiencies</li> <li>Provide biannual de-worming for school and out of school adolescents.</li> <li>Provision of iron folic acid supplementation for adolescent girl schools and health facilities</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Proportion of adolescent girls aged 10-19 years supplemented with IFA/per recent WHO recommendations</li> <li>Prevalence of anemia in adolescents aged 10-19 years</li> <li>Proportion of adolescents received deworming tablets</li> <li>Proportion of house hold consumed diversified and fortified food stuffs</li> </ul>	MoA, DPs
Strategic Initiative 4: Ensure access to reproductive health inform		
8	Performance indicators	3.6.1
<ul> <li>Protect early marriage and pregnancy and promote delaying of first pregnancy at least the age 21.</li> <li>Promotion of the use of adolescent friendly reproductive health services.</li> <li>Reorient existing youth centers to deliver integrated and comprehensive youth related development services</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Numbers of Health facilities providing youth and adolescent friendly reproductive health and nutrition services.</li> <li>Prevalence of teenage (15-19 years) pregnancy.</li> <li>Proportion of youth friendly reproductive</li> </ul>	Media, MoA, DPs, FBO

<ul> <li>(discussion groups, gardening, demonstration)</li> <li>Integration of nutrition assessment and counseling into youth friendly reproductive health services.</li> </ul>	health services integrating a comprehensive nutrition education and promotion activities targeting adolescents.  Numbers of youth centers deliver integrated and comprehensive youth related nutrition, health and development services.  Proportion of gardening in the youth centers  Proportion of food demonstrations conducted at youth services	
Strategic Initiative 5: Develop and enforce minimum standards situations including but not limited to refugee camps, IDPs, dis adolescents and PSNP public work sites.	<b>≛</b>	
<ul> <li>Address the needs of adolescent girls in special situations (HIV/AIDS, emergency, obesity, substance abuse, mental health and eating disturbances).</li> <li>Ensure both male and female PSNP adolescents participate in community BCC sessions on health, nutrition or sanitation.</li> <li>Target and link food-insecure households with adolescent girls to social protection services and nutrition-sensitive livelihood and economic opportunities</li> <li>Support low income households especially widows/widowers with adolescents to fulfill their food and nutrition requirements</li> <li>Support the development of policy ground to protect adolescent from engaging in begging and labor as well as fulfilling the special needs of youth with especial emphasis to adolescent girls with disabilities and chronic illnesses</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Number of adolescents girls with special situations (HIV/AIDS, emergency, obesity, substance abuse, mental health and eating disturbances).</li> <li>Number of adolescent girls PSNP participated in community BCC sessions</li> <li>Percentage of house hold food insecurity with adolescent girls linked to social protection services</li> <li>Number of widows/widowers with adolescent girls linked to income generations</li> </ul>	Media, MoA, DPs, FBO
Strategic Initiative 6: Support Adolescents' empowerment. Strategic Actions	Performance indicators	

<ul> <li>Promote adolescent participation in income generating activities and cultivate decision making power of adolescents</li> <li>Support out of school and school adolescent girls and boys in local production of diversified food, small scale irrigation and livestock related income generating activities to ensure self-confidence to meet their nutritional needs.</li> <li>Increase access of adolescents to small scale income generation activities like microfinance services to fulfill the food and nutritional needs.</li> <li>Establish income generating activities for adolescent girls and minimize girls trafficking, Commercial Sex Workers (CSW) and house-med.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Number of adolescents linked with microfinance services</li> <li>Number of adolescents illegal migration ,girls trafficking, commercial sex workers and house med activities</li> </ul>	MoTI, MoLSA i i	Media, DPs

and minimize girls trafficking, Commercial Sex Workers			
(CSW) and house-med.			
Strategic Initiative 7: Development of policy ground to improve nutrition	al status of adolescents.		
Strategic Actions	Performance indicators		
<ul> <li>Develop policy ground that support adolescent girls working in factories/industries are getting meal service and health care services</li> <li>Discourage/safety issue employment of the youth especially adolescent girls in risky industrial firms (flower farms with chemicals. etc)</li> <li>Advocate considering tax exemption for industries importing supplies, machineries for production of nutritious/fortified foods and regulate the quality.</li> <li>Develop policy ground to protect youth from engaging in substance abuse and other criminal activities to be responsible and productive citizen.</li> <li>Encouraging local food processing factories to participate in fulfilling production requirements for fortified foods</li> <li>Support domestic production, export (from income perspective) and importation of fortified quality foods (edible oil, salt ) and sanitary napkins for adolescent girls and regulate the quality and safety of these foods</li> <li>Ensure sanitation and hygiene practices and safe water supply is available workplace at both private and public</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>which had meal and health services for adolescent girls</li> <li>Proportion/Number of adolescent girls used safety measures employed in risky industrial firms</li> <li>Number of industries producing fortified food</li> <li>Proportion of adolescents engaged in any substances abuse</li> <li>Number of policy guidelines developed regarding adolescent substances abuse at national level</li> <li>Proportion of domestic fortified food productions</li> <li>Percentage of fortified foods exported</li> <li>Percentage of fortified foods imported (edible oil, salt)</li> </ul>	MoTI, MoLSA, MoWCY	Mo H, Mo A, Pri vat e Sec tor, DP s

	•	adequate water supply Proportion of work places with impro- latrine Proportion of work places with hand v facilities	vashing	
Strategic direction 7: Improve nutritional status of adults Strategic Initiative 1: Provide comprehensive and quality			ars).	-
trategic Actions	nearm and numinon se	Performance indicators		
<ul> <li>Conducting nutritional assessments and provide couservices for adults with emphasis for women during an</li> <li>Encourage private sector to be engaged in creating of which promote healthy life style (promote physical heavy alcohol drinks, drugs and tobacco use)</li> <li>Providing access to family planning services and proven reproductive health services</li> </ul>	by health contact points. of community facilities all exercise, discourage	<ul> <li>Proportion of non-pregnant and non-lactating women (20-49 years) who assed nutritionally.</li> <li>Number of private sectors engaged in promoting healthy lifestyle modification.</li> <li>Proportion of non-pregnant and non-lactating women (20-49 years) who has got family planning service.</li> </ul>		Media, DPs
trategic Initiative 2: Provide behavioral change commun		itional status of adults.		
trategic Actions	Performance indicato		T = = ==	
<ul> <li>Develop national food based guideline and translate to regional contexts to influence healthy food choice and eating behavior.</li> <li>Create nutrition literacy among the general public through social and behavior change communication using various communication channels like education through health extension workers, media and community development groups.</li> <li>Promoting engagement of husbands, grandparents and other household members who play key roles in providing continuous care for women.</li> <li>Promoting shifts in social norms on food taboos through religious leaders and influential community members to realize adequate nutrition for women.</li> </ul>	and translate to food choice and Proportion/Num lactating wome dietary practice Proportion of household me continuous care women (20-49 y Proportion/Num influential con shifting social	husbands, grandparents and other embers engaged on providing for non-pregnant and non-lactating	MoH, Private, Media, MoE	DPs, MoWCY

<ul> <li>Educate community on negative consequences of tobacco use, use of substances (e.g. chat) and others.</li> <li>Promote adequate intake of diversified foods and use of iodized salt and fortified foods.</li> <li>Promotion of personal hygiene, environmental sanitation and infection-prevention measures.</li> <li>Ensure PSNP clients participate in community BCC sessions on health, nutrition or sanitation.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>women (20-49 years).</li> <li>Number of non-pregnant and non-lactating women (20-49 years) who changed in knowledge and attitude on negative consequences of substances use (e.g. chat, tobacco) and others.</li> <li>Proportions of non-pregnant and non-lactating women (20-49 years) who consumed adequate, diversified foods, use of iodized salt and fortified foods.</li> <li>Latrine coverage (improved) and availability of handwashing facility.</li> <li>Number of PSNP clients participated in community BCC sessions on health, nutrition or sanitation.</li> </ul>	
Strategic Initiative 3: Prevent and control macro and micro	<mark>onutrient deficiencies.</mark>	
Strategic Actions	<b>Performance indicators</b>	
<ul> <li>Promotion and the use of appropriate fortified (iodized salt, edible oil and flour).</li> <li>Promote the use of adequate and diversified food produ</li> <li>Ensuring the completion of folic acid supplement before pregnancy</li> </ul>	micronutrient deficiencies (Anemia, deficiency of Iodine, Vitamin A)  Private sector,	Media, DPs
Strategic Initiative 4: Support Women empowerment	Performance indicators	-
Promote women participation in income general activities and cultivate decision making power of women.     Support women in local production of diversified small scale irrigation and livestock related in generating activities to ensure adequate income and confidence to meet their nutritional needs.     Increase access of women to small scale income general activities like microfinance services to fulfill the food	rating en lactating women (20-49 years) who participated in income generating activities and cultivate decision making power of women women (20-49 years) who practiced local Proportion of non-pregnant and non-lactating women (20-49 years) who practiced local MoTI	Media, DPs, MoA, MoH, MoE

nutritional needs.  Establish income generating activities for women and minimize human trafficking, Commercial Sex Workers (CSW) and house-med.  Create access to time and labor saving technologies.  Ensure that women have equal job opportunity and equal pay for similar jobs to ensure their food and nutritional need  Ensure that women assigned in factories or other related workplaces assigned in less labor exploiting areas considering their reproductive role.  Promote PSNP systematically addresses gender-related concerns, particularly in the areas of nutrition, household asset management, and community cohesion.	<ul> <li>women (20-49 years) who accessed loan to generate income using small scale to fulfil the food and nutritional needs.</li> <li>Number of established income generating activities for women.</li> <li>Number of time and lobar saving technologies for women</li> <li>Proportion of non-pregnant and non-lactating women (20-49 years) who accessed equal job</li> </ul>	
Strategic direction 9: Improve nutritional status of people in orphanages.	special situations such as old ages, disabilities, refugees and	
Strategic Initiative 1: Initiatives to improve nutritional status of		
Strategic Actions	Performance indicators	
<ul> <li>Develop appropriate guideline for elder's nutrition/health and make sure that it is incorporated in service provision standards and curriculum</li> <li>Provide supportive environment for a coordinated response to nutritional demands of elders</li> <li>Ensure people with special needs have access to health insurance services</li> <li>Providing food and micro-nutrients supplementation to the most vulnerable elders</li> <li>Strengthening the capacity of families, caregivers and other service providers to protect elders</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Developed guideline and incorporated in service provision standards and curriculum</li> <li>Number of elderly homes for a coordinated response to nutritional demands of elders</li> <li>Proportion of elderly people who accessed to health insurance services</li> <li>Proportion of elders with food and micronutrients supplementation.</li> <li>Number of families, caregivers and other service providers trained to provide elderly nutrition services</li> </ul>	MoTI, Media, DPs, Private Sector, FBO

<ul> <li>Ensuring access, prioritize and utilization of essential nutrition services for elders and their caregivers and families/households</li> <li>Ensure medias are advocating to address discrimination to elderly people through appropriate technologies/channels</li> <li>Promotion of adequate intake of diversified food.</li> <li>Ensure elders are exempted and permanently benefited from direct support by PSNP and</li> <li>Establish and support self-help mechanism for elderly people.</li> <li>Support private sector to engage in production of supportive devices for elders.</li> <li>Encourage voluntary community level support for elders for their nutritional need.</li> </ul> Strategic Initiative 2: Initiatives to improve nutritional status of	<ul> <li>Number of suitable health facilities for elders providing essential food and nutrition services.</li> <li>Proportion of elders who got essential food and nutrition service.</li> <li>Allocation of air time/printed media for nutrition message using media out let.</li> <li>Proportion of elders with adequate intake of diversified food.</li> <li>Number of elders benefited from direct support by PSNP.</li> <li>Number of institutions support self-help mechanism for elderly people.</li> <li>Number of voluntaries support for elder's nutritional need.</li> <li>Number of Academic/ community training programs offering/ graduation elderly nutrition.</li> </ul>	
Strategic Actions	Performance indicators	1
<ul> <li>Develop appropriate guideline on nutrition/health for people with disability and make sure that it is incorporated in service provision standards and curriculum</li> <li>Provide supportive environment for a coordinated response to nutritional demands of people with disability</li> <li>Ensure people with disabilities have access to technology /support devices</li> <li>Ensure that disabled people preferential treatment in terms of employment, placement, and engaging them income generating activities.</li> <li>Ensure people with special needs have access to health insurance services</li> <li>Strengthening the capacity of families, caregivers and other service providers to protect people with disability</li> <li>Ensuring access, prioritize and utilization of essential nutrition services for people with disability and their</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Developed guideline and incorporated in service provision standards and curriculum</li> <li>Number of Public/private sectors providing friendly response to nutritional demands of Disabled people</li> <li>Proportion of people with disabilities have access to technology /support devices</li> <li>Number of institutions giving a chance for disabled people preferential treatment in terms of employment, placement, and engaging them income generating activities.</li> <li>Proportion/Number of disabled people employed at public and private institutions.</li> <li>Proportion/Number of disabled people (with special needs) accessed to health insurance services</li> </ul>	MoTI, Media, DPs, Private Sector, FBO

<ul> <li>caregivers and families/households</li> <li>Promotion of adequate intake of diversified food.</li> <li>Ensure people with disability are exempted and permanently benefited from direct support by PSNP</li> <li>Establish and support self-help mechanism for people with disability</li> <li>Support industries and establish standards to ensure prevention of accidents to prevent disability.</li> <li>Support private sector to engage in production of supportive devices for people with disabilities</li> <li>Encourage voluntary community level support for people with disability for their nutritional need.</li> </ul> Strategic Initiative 3: Initiatives to improve nutritional status of ID	<ul> <li>Proportion/Number of trained families, caregivers and other service providers to protect people with disability</li> <li>Number of suitable health facilities for disabled people providing essential food and nutrition services.</li> <li>Proportion of disabled people who got essential food and nutrition service.</li> <li>Proportion of people with disability accessed adequate intake of diversified food.</li> <li>Proportion/Number of people with disability direct support by PSNP.</li> <li>Number of institutions support self-help devices for disabilities</li> <li>Proportion/Numbers of work place establish standards for prevention of accidents.</li> <li>Proportion/Number of sectors engaged in production of supportive devices for people with disabilities</li> <li>Number of volunteers supported people with disability for their nutritional need.</li> </ul>	
Strategic Actions	Performance indicators	
<ul> <li>Ensure that IDPs/refuges have access to nutrition services</li> <li>Provide supportive environment for a coordinated response to a nutritional demands of IDPs/Refugees</li> <li>Develop appropriate guideline on nutrition/health for people with disability and make sure that it is incorporated in service provisions standards and curriculum</li> <li>Provide supportive environment for a coordinated response nutritional demands of people with IDPs/refuges</li> <li>Ensure the provision, consistent use and maintenance of sanitational hygiene facilities/supplies at IDP and Refuge centers and hygiene facilities/supplies at IDP and Refuge centers and hygiene facilities for the provision of the use of water treatment practices, promoting safe and promoting the use of water treatment practices, promoting safe and provided in the provision of the use of water treatment practices, promoting safe and provided in the provision of the use of water treatment practices, promoting safe and provided in the provision of the use of water treatment practices, promoting safe and provided in the provision of the use of water treatment practices, promoting safe and provided in the provision of the use of water treatment practices, promoting safe and provided in the provision of the use of water treatment practices, promoting safe and provided in the use of water treatment practices, promoting safe and provided in the use of water treatment practices.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Number of IDPs/refuges have accessed to nutrition services</li> <li>Number of Public/private sectors which provided a coordinated response to nutritional demands of IDPs/Refugees</li> <li>Developed guideline and incorporated in service provision standards and curriculum</li> <li>Number of IDP/refuges centers provided a coordinated response to health and nutritional demands of</li> </ul>	MoE, Media, DPs, FBO

Performance indicators  Performance indicators  Number of institutions provided coordinated condinated response to the nutritional demands of Orphans/ vulnerable children (OVC)  Ensure Orphans/Street children have access to health insurance service.  Ensure household who support orphan or street children have preferential treatment in terms of employment, and engaging them income generating activities.  Encourage voluntary community level support for orphanage/ vulnerable children (OVC) for their nutritional need.  Ensuring access, prioritize and utilization of essential nutrition services for Orphans/Street children and their caregivers and families/households  Support Orphans/ vulnerable children (OVC) to access to PSNP specially in urban settings  Proportion of orphanage/ vulnerable children (OVC) providing essential food and nutrition services.  Number of institutions vulnerable children (OVC).  Numbers of Orphans/ vulnerable children (OVC) have access to health insurance service.  Number of volunteers who support for orphanage/ vulnerable children (OVC) for their nutritional need.  Number of suitable facilities for orphanage/ vulnerable children (OVC) providing essential food and nutrition services.  Proportion of orphanage/ vulnerable children (OVC) who got essential food and nutrition service.  Number of institutions Orphana vulnerable children (OVC) for their nutritional need.  Number of suitable facilities for orphanage/ vulnerable children (OVC) who got essential food and nutrition services.  Proportion of orphanage/ vulnerable children (OVC) who accessed to PSNP specially in urban settings to Proportion of Orphans/ vulnerable children (OVC) who accessed adequate intake of diversified food.  Strategic direction 10: Promote Early Childhood Care and Development (ECCD) and stimulation through existing community and facility based nutrition program.	<ul><li>washing with soap at IDP and Refuge centers and communities</li><li>Promotion of adequate intake of diversified food.</li></ul>	host with adequate intake of diversified food.	
<ul> <li>Provide supportive environment for a coordinated response to the nutritional demands of Orphans/ vulnerable children (OVC)</li> <li>Ensure Orphans/Street children have access to health insurance service.</li> <li>Ensure household who support orphan or street children have preferential treatment in terms of employment, and engaging them income generating activities.</li> <li>Encourage voluntary community level support for orphanage/ vulnerable children (OVC) for their nutritional need.</li> <li>Ensuring access, prioritize and utilization of essential nutrition services for Orphans/Street children and their caregivers and families/households</li> <li>Support Orphans/ vulnerable children (OVC) to access to PSNP specially in urban settings</li> <li>Number of institutions provided coordinated response to the nutritional demands of Orphans/ vulnerable children (OVC).</li> <li>Numbers of Orphans/ vulnerable children (OVC) have access to health insurance service.</li> <li>Number of institutions provided coordinated response to the nutritional demands of Orphans/ vulnerable children (OVC) have access to health insurance service.</li> <li>Numbers of Orphans/ vulnerable children (OVC) phase access to health insurance service.</li> <li>Number of orbitands with orphan or vulnerable children (OVC) for their nutritional need.</li> <li>Number of overlands with orphan or vulnerable children (OVC) for their nutritional need.</li> <li>Number of overlands with orphan or vulnerable children (OVC) for their nutritional need.</li> <li>Number of overlands with orphan or vulnerable children (OVC) for their nutritional need.</li> <li>Number of overlands with orphan or vulnerable children (OVC) for their nutritional need.</li> <li>Number of overlands with orphan or vulnerable children (OVC) for their nutritional need.</li> <li>Number of overlands with orphan or vulnerable children (OVC) for their nutritional need.</li> <li>Number of overlands with orphan or</li></ul>			
to the nutritional demands of Orphans/ vulnerable children (OVC)  Ensure Orphans/Street children have access to health insurance service.  Ensure household who support orphan or street children have preferential treatment in terms of employment, and engaging them income generating activities.  Encourage voluntary community level support for orphanage/ vulnerable children (OVC) for their nutritional need.  Ensuring access, prioritize and utilization of essential nutrition services for Orphans/Street children (OVC) to access to PSNP specially in urban settings  Ensuring access, prioritize and utilization of essential nutrition services for Orphans/Street children (OVC) to access to PSNP specially in urban settings  MoLS, MoLS, MoH, Wolk, Service.  Proportion of household with orphan or vulnerable children (OVC) engaged income generating activities.  Number of volunteers who support for orphanage/ vulnerable children (OVC) for their nutritional need.  Number of suitable facilities for orphanage/ vulnerable children (OVC) who got essential food and nutrition services.  Proportion of orphanage/ vulnerable children (OVC) who got essential food and nutrition service.  Number of institutions Orphans/ vulnerable children (OVC) who accessed to PSNP specially in urban settings to  Proportion of Orphans/ vulnerable children (OVC) who accessed adequate intake of diversified food.  Strategic direction 10: Promote Early Childhood Care and Development, water, sanitation and hygiene and local production of ready to use therapeutic and supplementary food  Strategic initiative 1: Integrate and ensure Early Childhood Care and Development (ECCD) and stimulation through existing community and facility based nutrition program.	C		
of ready to use therapeutic and supplementary food Strategic initiative 1: Integrate and ensure Early Childhood Care and Development (ECCD) and stimulation through existing community and facility based nutrition program. Strategic Actions  Performance indicators	to the nutritional demands of Orphans/ vulnerable children (OVC)  • Ensure Orphans/Street children have access to health insurance service.  • Ensure household who support orphan or street children have preferential treatment in terms of employment, and engaging them income generating activities.  • Encourage voluntary community level support for orphanage/ vulnerable children (OVC) for their nutritional need.  • Ensuring access, prioritize and utilization of essential nutrition services for Orphans/Street children and their caregivers and families/households  • Support Orphans/ vulnerable children (OVC) to access to PSNP specially in urban settings	response to the nutritional demands of Orphans/ / vulnerable children (OVC).  Numbers of Orphans/ vulnerable children (OVC) have access to health insurance service.  Proportion of household with orphan or vulnerable children (OVC) engaged income generating activities.  Number of volunteers who support for orphanage/ vulnerable children (OVC) for their nutritional need.  Number of suitable facilities for orphanage/ vulnerable children (OVC) providing essential food and nutrition services.  Proportion of orphanage/ vulnerable children (OVC) who got essential food and nutrition service.  Number of institutions Orphans/ vulnerable children (OVC) accessed to PSNP specially in urban settings to  Proportion of Orphans/ vulnerable children (OVC) who accessed adequate intake of diversified food.	Media,
Strategic initiative 1: Integrate and ensure Early Childhood Care and Development (ECCD) and stimulation through existing community and facility based nutrition program.  Strategic Actions  Performance indicators		opment, water, sanitation and hygiene and local production	
Ö	Strategic initiative 1: Integrate and ensure Early Childhood Care community and facility based nutrition program.		
<ul> <li>Promotion of appropriate adult-child interaction.</li> <li>National integration of ECCD into nutrition   MoH,   DPs,</li> </ul>	Strategic Actions		
	<ul> <li>Promotion of appropriate adult-child interaction.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>National integration of ECCD into nutrition MoH,</li> </ul>	DPs,

<ul> <li>Ensuring the development and utilization of locally relevant early childhood development materials.</li> <li>Integration of ECCD into nutrition capacity building efforts (blended integrated nutrition learning module) and preservice training.</li> </ul> Strategic Initiative 2: Ensure access to safe and clean water supplement of locally relevant early supplied to the properties of locally relevant early supplied to the local early	capacity building material and pre-service trainings curriculum.  • Proportion/Number of health facilities and kindergartens with ECCD (adult-child interactions) services.  • Number of health workers trained on integrated nutrition and ECCD program.	Private sector, FBO, MoWCY
Strategic Actions	Performance indicators	7
<ul> <li>Ensure provision and consistent use of safe and adequate water supply.</li> <li>Ensure the provision, consistent use and maintenance of sanitation and hygiene facilities/supplies at community and household level.</li> <li>Promoting the use of household water treatment practices, promoting safe and hygienic preparation and handling of food, and proper hand washing practices and personal hygiene.</li> <li>Promoting safe and clean household environments (in relation to poultry, small ruminants and household waste management).</li> <li>Promoting construction and use of improved latrines at household, community and in schools.</li> <li>Strengthen the coordination of water and sanitation activities through one WASH program.</li> <li>Ensure water quality per the recommendation of control authority.</li> <li>Increase access to small and large scale irrigation schemes for production of variety foods.</li> <li>Strengthen the coordination of water and sanitation activities through mobilizing local resources including allocation by woreda counsel, one WASH program and other initiatives.</li> <li>Avail age-appropriate sanitation and hygiene facilities in schools.</li> <li>Ensure provision and consistent use of safe and adequate</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Proportion of households with clean and safe drinking adequate water supply.</li> <li>Latrine coverage (improved latrine).</li> <li>Proportion of households with water treatment practices.</li> <li>Proportion of households with proper solid waste management.</li> <li>Proportion of HH with safe and clean house hold environment (in relation to poultry and (small ruminants).</li> <li>Proportion of household with appropriate waste management practices.</li> <li>Proportion of HH with hand-washing facility.</li> <li>Proportion of households with access to small and large scale irrigation schemes for production of variety foods.</li> <li>Proportion of school with latrine (improved and separated for boys and girls).</li> </ul>	MoE, MoWCY, DPs, FBO

water supply at school, health facilities, community and household levels.  Strategic Initiative 3: Encouraging local food processing factories of locally produced and imported food items.	s for RUTF, RUSF, and fortified edible oil and ensure qua	lity
Strategic Actions	Performance indicators	
<ul> <li>Ensure local food processing factories to participate in fulfilling production requirements for ready-to-use therapeutic food (RUTF) and ready-to-use supplementary food (RUSF).</li> <li>Support domestic production with different mechanism like tax emption, importation and public awareness on importance of fortified foods (edible oil, salt and wheat) and regulate the quality and safety of these foods</li> <li>Improving the production of quality, iodized salt by enforcing the monitoring and quality control of salt iodization at production sites (including imported salt).</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Number of local factories/industries fulfilling production requirements for ready-to-use therapeutic food (RUTF) and ready-to-use supplementary food (RUSF).</li> <li>Proportion of imported fortified foods.</li> <li>Proportion of locally produced salt appropriately iodized at production site</li> <li>Number of local factories engaged in domestic production of fortified foods (edible oil, salt and wheat) with quality and safety standards.</li> </ul>	ate or
Strategic Initiative 4: Promote the implementation of School Health a children.		l
<ul> <li>Conducting school-based health and nutrition social and behavior change communication for school aged children and adolescents.</li> <li>Capacity building for teachers and Parent-Teacher Association members in child and adolescent nutrition and health services in school and community.</li> <li>Promoting healthy school environments through school health and nutrition programs.</li> <li>Providing school-based and out of school de-worming and malnutrition screening services.</li> <li>Promoting access sanitation and hygiene practices in schools</li> <li>Promote school gardening for production of diversified food items</li> <li>Promote and avail home grown school feeding program for school aged children and adolescents</li> </ul>	Number of teacher and parents trained on children and adolescent nutrition and health services     Number of school based SBCC sessions conducted     Number of health and nutrition clubs, agriculture clubs and environmental science established and engaged in activities at school level     Proportion/Number of schools with gardening for production of diversified food items     Proportion/Number of schools with school feeding program for school children     Proportion/Number of low income, especially widows/widowers linked to income generating activities	E, Media, A, DPs

- Support low income households especially widows/widowers with school age children to fulfil their food and nutrition requirements.
- Establishment of nutrition clubs and strengthen schoolcommunity linkage in collaboration with Farmers/Pastoralist Training Centers (FTCs/PTCs) to produce diversified food items in school garden
- Support nutritional assessments, de-worming and linkage to health care facilities for management of identified nutritional problems
- Avail age-appropriate sanitation and hygiene facilities in schools
- Provide foundational lesson towards building selfconfidence (personal hygiene, dressings) towards becoming responsible and productive citizen
- Create awareness for health workers working in school clinics on nutrition to help the school community on information sharing

- Proportion of adolescents participated in school based SBCC session
- Proportions of adolescents who had on routine nutritional assessment
- Coverage of adolescent who had biannual de-worming
- Prevalence of anemia among adolescent girls
- Number of adolescent who participated in income generating activities
- Proportion of schools who had age appropriate sanitation and hygiene facilities
- Numbers of session conducted to adolescents to build self-confidences (personal hygiene, dressings) towards becoming responsible and productive citizen
- Proportion of adolescent who had knowledge on building self confidence

## 5.5 Strategic Objective 5: Improve the nutritional status of people with communicable and non-communicable and lifestyle related diseases

Nutrition is an important component of a healthy lifestyle and in the prevention and management of chronic communicable and non-communicable diseases. Malnutrition is a critical yet underestimated factor in susceptibility to infection, including HIV/AIDS, tuberculosis and malaria. Infection saps the individual of energy, which reduces productivity at the community level and perpetuates an alarming spiral of infection, disease and poverty. Hence, it is essential to address the nutritional requirements of individuals with infections. In addition, because of changes in dietary and lifestyle patterns, non-communicable diseases like obesity, diabetes mellitus, cardiovascular disease, hypertension, stroke and some types of cancer are becoming increasingly significant causes of disability and premature death in both developing and developed countries, placing an additional burden on already overtaxed national health budgets. Timely interventions will help prevent these diseases or reduce their severity and consequences. All food and nutrition implementing sectors are responsible for implementing nutrition-sensitive and nutrition specific interventions for those dealing with communicable, non-communicable and lifestyle related diseases. The strategic directions, initiatives, actions, key performance indicators and lead and collaborating sectors are described below (Table 5).

Table 3: Strategic objective, directions, initiatives and key performance indicators for the nutritional status of people with communicable and non-communicable and lifestyle related diseases.

Strategic Objective 5: Improve the nutritional status of people with communicable and non-communicable and lifestyle related diseases.

Strategic Directions 1: Improve the nutritional status of people with HIV/AIDS, TB and other infectious diseases.

**Strategic Initiative 1:** Strengthen the capacity of facilities and health professionals to deliver quality standard nutrition services to people living with infectious diseases (HIV, TB, newborn and childhood infections and other infections).

diseases (HIV, TB, newborn and childhood infections and other infections).			
Strategic Actions	Key Performance Indicators	Leader	Collaborate
		Sectors	Sectors
<ul> <li>Integration of nutritional assessment, counseling and support into all existing HIV/AIDS, TB, newborn and childhood infections and other infectious diseases guidelines and training materials.</li> <li>Harmonization of the HIV/AIDS, TB, newborn and childhood infections and other infectious diseases care and treatment guidelines and/or training materials with the National food and Nutrition strategies and Programs.</li> <li>Equip facilities with nutrition assessment and counseling materials.</li> <li>Avail SBCC materials to health service providers (in line with the National Health Communication Strategy).</li> <li>Training health workers on acute malnutrition management for the treatment and support of people who have HIV, TB, newborn and childhood infections and other infectious diseases.</li> <li>Incorporation of nutrition counseling and support service to HIV, TB, newborn and childhood infections and other infectious diseases in to integrated refresher training (IRT) manuals for HEWs.</li> <li>Conduct food and drug interaction research and support for people with TB/HIV, newborn and childhood infections and other infectious disease.</li> <li>Develop and implement dietary guidelines for people with TB/HIV, newborn and childhood infections and other infectious disease.</li> <li>Deploy adequate clinical nutritionist and dietitians to manage TB/HIV, newborn and childhood infections and other infectious disease clinics.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Number of TB/HIV, newborn and childhood infections and other infectious disease guidelines incorporated nutrition services and messages.</li> <li>Number of food and nutrition implementation guidelines incorporated TB/HIV, newborn and childhood infections and other infectious diseases services.</li> <li>Number of health workers trained on TB/HIV, newborn and childhood infections and other infectious disease -with Nutrition linkages.</li> <li>Number of health extension professionals trained on Nutrition and TB/HIV, newborn and childhood infections and other infectious disease linkages.</li> <li>Number of Hospitals providing nutrition services for people with HIV, TB, IMNCI and other infectious diseases by using Clinical nutritionist/dietitians.</li> <li>Number of health facilities providing</li> </ul>	МоН	DPs, CSO, HEIs

Strategic Actions	Performance Indicators	Leader Sectors	Collaborate Sectors
Strategic initiative 3: Ensure availability of Nutrition commodities and logistics for HIV sustainable manner.			
<ul> <li>Supporting facilities to integrate nutrition counseling and clinical nutrition services into existing HIV, TB and Other infectious diseases services.</li> <li>Standardizing clinical nutrition HIV, TB and other infectious disease services as per national guidelines.</li> <li>Prioritizing children under five, pregnant and lactating women in cases of supply shortage.</li> <li>Provide Nutrition screening, treatment and counseling services for TB /HIV patients and other infectious diseases, sick babies, out patients at health facility levels particularly at ANC, PNC, PMTCT services, OPDs and under five clinics.</li> <li>Promoting appropriate feeding options for infants born to HIV-infected mothers.</li> <li>Counseling and supporting HIV-positive mothers on infant feeding as per the national recommendations and strategies for elimination of mother-to-child transmission (EMTCT).</li> <li>Strengthen monitoring and evaluation of nutrition HIV, TB and other infectious diseases services in the national Health Management Information System.</li> <li>Avail adequate food and nutrition supplies for TBHIV and other infectious disease patients with special focus for vulnerable</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Key performance Indicators</li> <li>Proportion of clinically undernourished People Living with HIV (PLHIV) who received therapeutic or supplementary food</li> <li>Proportion of clinically undernourished people with TB who received therapeutic food</li> <li>Proportion of clinically undernourished people with other infectious diseases</li> <li>Number of people living with HIV screened for Malnutrition</li> <li>Number of people with TB screened and treated for Malnutrition</li> </ul>	Leader Sectors MoH	Collaborate Sectors DPs, HEIs, Media
Strategic Initiative 2: Strengthen nutritional assessment, counselling and support integ	nutrition assessment, counseling and services for people with HIV, TB and other infectious diseases.	ctions and o	ther

<ul> <li>Conduct regular integrated food and nutrition supplies forecasting, procurement and distribution</li> <li>Avail food and nutrition commodities and supplies for treatment of TB/ HIV and other infectious diseases (supplements, anthropometric equipment, therapeutic food, supplementary food)</li> <li>Promotion of in-country production of RUSF and RUTF</li> <li>Establish nutrition supply monitoring and evaluation system through integration with PSA IPLS system</li> <li>Conduct research/assessment to develop a recipe for locally produce therapeutic food items</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Number of properly conducted food and nutrition forecasting.</li> <li>Number of Health facilities with Available nutrition stocks.</li> <li>Proportion of therapeutic food covered from Local Manufacturers.</li> <li>Number of Nutrition supplies integrated with the PSA IPLS system.</li> </ul>	NDMR, MoH, DPs	HEIs
Strategic initiative 4: Coordinate facility based therapeutic and community based previous diseases patients through:			
Strategic Actions/activities	Performance Indicators	Leader	Collaborate
<ul> <li>Coordination and integration of TB, HIV and Other infectious diseases nutrition counseling and support at all levels.</li> <li>Provide nutrition education, including knowledge of water purification, food hygiene, preparation and handling, and other complementary interventions.</li> <li>Deliver community based nutrition care and support activities for PLHIV, TB and Other infectious diseases through health extension workers, and health development armies.</li> <li>Promote programs to advocate for prevention of malnutrition and strengthen nutritional care and support for people with infectious diseases</li> <li>Promote livelihood support for TB/ HIV</li> <li>Develop and implement comprehensive packages of Nutrition and TB/HIV-other infectious communication materials to be used by the community</li> <li>Provide training for food handlers on food preparation and handling to serving people with HIV/TB and other infectious diseases</li> <li>Conduct an assessment on the linkages between the facility and community</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Number of TB/HIV and other infectious disease patients attended the Nutrition BCC sessions</li> <li>Number of people with TB/HIV and other infectious diseases benefited from the livelihood support</li> <li>Number of food handlers training on food handling and preparation</li> </ul>	Sectors MoH	MoE, MoWIE

Strategic initiative 5: Strengthen the provision of nutrition services through public and private sectors including an emphasis on food-based approaches to address

services for people with TB and HIV and other infectious disease

delivery platform

Incorporate the TB/HIV and other infectious disease nutrition screening and support services in to the comprehensive and integrated nutrition services

he socioeconomic impacts of HIV/AIDS, TB, and other infections.			,
Strategic Actions	Key Performance Indicators	Lead	Collaborati
		sector	e actors
Promote public privet partnership	Number of public sectors which made	MoH	MoE,
• Capacitate the private sector for provision of nutrition services for people with	partnership with private sectors		MoWIE,
HIV/TB and other infectious diseases	<ul> <li>Number of private facilities provided</li> </ul>		MoWYC
• Collect report from private sectors and support them to strengthen the services	Communicable diseases and nutrition		
	services jointly		
Strategic initiative 6: Ensure availability, accessibility, utilization of diversified and nu other infections.	tritious foods for HIIV/AIDS, TB, newborn and cl	nildhood il	lnesses and
Strategic Actions	Key Performance Indicators	Lead	Collaborat
		sector	g sectors
• Promote and support income generating activities for PLHIV and TB	• Proportion of TB HIV clients with	MoA	MoH, MoI
patients.	backyard garden		
• Promote backyard garden for diversified crop production (vegetable, fruits).	• Proportion of TB HIV clients included		
<ul> <li>Promote and support production of small ruminants</li> </ul>	in livelihood support		
<ul> <li>Promote and support small scale irrigation where feasible.</li> </ul>	• Proportion of TB/HIV, and other		
• Target people with HIV/AIDS and TB to the productive safety net programs	infectious diseases patients benefitted		
and other livelihood supports.	from small scale irrigation support		
• Ensure people with HIV and TB are accessing land for crop production.	• Proportion of TB/HIV, and other		
Avail vegetable seeds and fruits for TB/HIV.	infectious diseases patients benefitted		
•	from PSNP		
• Promote the consumption of diversified diet for people with TB/HIV	• Proportion of TB/HIV, and other		
diseases.	infectious diseases patients accessed		
discuses.	land for crop production		
Strategic Initiatives 7: Strengthen school health and nutrition services (deworming, s	school feeding, school WASH, nutrition education	, nutrition	screening, a
ounseling).			
Strategic Actions/activities	Performance Indicators	Lead	Collaborat
		sector	S
• Ensure HIV, TB and other infectious disease and food & nutrition services	Proportion of schools which incorporated	MoE	МоН,
are incorporated in school curriculum at different levels	TB HIV, and other infectious disease in		MoWIE
<ul> <li>Provide deworming, school feeding and WASH services in schools</li> </ul>	their curriculum		
• Establish and strengthen school nutrition and infectious disease prevention	<ul> <li>Proportion of schools with clubs on</li> </ul>		
clubs at all levels	infectious diseases prevention		1

Strategic Initiatives 8: Improve access to adequate and safe drinking water and to	small scale irrigation.		
Strategic Actions  • Promote hand washing • Promote safe and clean drinking water • Ensure availability, safety, and quality of drinking water • Promote environmental hygiene and sanitation • Avail small scale irrigation access to PLHIV, TB and other infectious diseases	Performance Indicators      Proportion/Number of households with access to safe and clean drinking water     Proportion/Number of PLHIV, TB and other infectious diseases with access to small scale irrigation	Lead sector MoWIE	Collaborativ e sector MoH, MoE
<b>Strategic initiatives 9: Improve access</b> to food and nutrition services for women, childiseases.	dren and adolescent who are living with HIV, hav	e TB and o	ther infectious
Strategic Actions/activities	Performance Indicators	Lead sector	Collaborativ e sector
<ul> <li>Promote use of diversified food.</li> <li>Prevent harmful traditional practices.</li> <li>Ensure all women, children and adolescent who are HIV positive, having TB and other infectious diseases are getting food and nutrition support.</li> <li>Promote and support women, children and adolescent girls who are exposed to HIV, TB and other infectious diseases to get diversified, nutritious foods.</li> <li>Prevent discriminations that hinder the target groups to get the appropriate dietary cares and livelihood support.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Proportion of women, children and youth, having TB/HIV or other infectious disease, who get food and nutrition support.</li> <li>Proportion of women, children and youth, having TB/HIV or other infectious disease, who fulfilled the minimum dietary diversity.</li> </ul>	MoWY C	МоН, МоЕ
Strategic initiatives 11: Ensure the social safety net program addresses the PLHIV, T	B and other infectious diseases critically ill patient	ts.	
Strategic Actions	Key Performance Indicators	Lead sector	Collaborativ e sector
<ul> <li>Promote appropriate nutrition support for the marginalized TB, HIV, and other infectious disease clients</li> <li>Promote inclusion of TB, HIV, and other infectious diseases clients in livelihood support</li> <li>Ensure vulnerable groups (PLHIV, TB patients, Orphans, disabled people,</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Proportion of vulnerable individuals benefitted from appropriate food and nutrition support</li> <li>Proportion of TB, HIV, and other infectious disease patients included in</li> </ul>	MoLSA	МоН

elderly, street children, jobless individuals etc) are getting appropriate food and	the social safety net program		
nutrition support.	<ul> <li>Proportion of TB, HIV, and other</li> </ul>		
• Ensure PLHIV and TB who are affected by malnutrition are getting appropriate	infectious disease patients treated for		
treatment and support	malnutrition		
<ul> <li>Promote and support income generating activities for PLHIV and TB patients</li> </ul>			
Strategic Initiatives 12: Ensure PLHIV, TB and other infectious disease food and nu	trition services are addressed during the National	Emergency	Preparedness,
Response, Rehabilitation and Resilience strategies and plans.	, and the second se	•	•
Strategic Actions/activities	Performance Indicators	Lead	Collaborativ
· ·		sector	e sector
Promote support of TB, HIV and other infectious diseases clients timely	• Proportion of clients with TB, HIV and	NDRM	MoH, MoE
• Target inclusion of TB, HIV and other infectious diseases clients during	other infectious diseases who get		·
emergency	appropriate food and nutrition support		
Promote early warning system on the risk of malnutrition among patients with	timely		
TB, HIV and other infectious diseases	•		
• Strengthen the food and nutrition support capacity of sectors to timely and			
appropriately respond the need of the PLHIV, TB and other infectious diseases			
patients			
Strategic Initiatives 13: Promote the PLHIV, TB and Other infectious diseases nutrit	ion service uptake and awareness creation through	different c	hannels.
Strategic Actions/activities	Performance Indicators	Lead	Collaborativ
28		sector	e sector
Promote and incorporate health education in mass media, including social media	Number of mass media having continuous	Media	MoH, MoE,
Develop nutrition program on mass media for TB, HIV and other infectious	programs on nutrition and infectious		MoWYC
disease clients	diseases		
Organize public awareness creation dialogue on HIV/AIDS, TB and other	Number of public dialogue sessions		
infectious diseases preventions, treatment and nutrition integration through	conducted concerning nutrition and		
different channels	infectious diseases aired through different		
• Create a permanent program to be aired in different channels on TB, HIV, AIDS	media channels		
and other infectious diseases			
<ul> <li>Create a page or platform on social media concerning nutrition and infectious</li> </ul>			
diseases			
Strategic Initiatives 14: Promote evidence generation for program managers to support	ort PI HIV TR and other infectious disease nutriti	on services	nrovision
Strategic Actions/activities	Performance Indicators	Lead	Collaborativ
State gie Hettoris, activités	2 offormation indicators	sector	e sector
• Incorporate nutrition research in TB HIV programs and other infectious	Number of academic and research	HEIs	MoH, MoE
diseases.	institutions which included nutrition as	111110	1.1011, 11101
uiscuscs.	montations which included nutrition as	1	

			Г
<ul> <li>Promote and advocate for use of data for decision makers</li> </ul>	research thematic area		
• Conducting different researches and systematic reviews on nutrition and	•		
infectious diseases			
<ul> <li>Providing technical nutrition services for the local community</li> </ul>			
<ul> <li>Support evidence generation for decision making</li> </ul>			
<ul> <li>Promote and implement skill-based nutrition higher learning institutions</li> </ul>			
Strategic Initiatives 15: Allocate budget for food and nutrition from the government	treasury and established pool fund account and dis	tribute to in	nplementing
sectors.			
Strategic Actions/activities	Performance Indicators	Lead	Collaborativ
		sector	e sector
Incorporate indicators in the country development plan	Proportion/Number of sectors allocated	MoFED	All NNCB
Promote allocation of budget by each of the sectors for nutrition program	budget for nutrition programs		members
Allocate budget for food and nutrition activities			
• Incorporate food and nutrition indicators in the country Growth and			
Transformation Plan			
• Ensure all food and nutrition implementing sectors are allocating budget for			
food and nutrition interventions			
Mobilize additional budget from local and international development partners			
for food and nutrition interventions			
Strategic directions 2: Improve the nutritional status of people with non-communica	ble and lifestyle related diseases.		
Strategic Initiative1: Strengthen national food and nutrition related non-communicab	le disease response through mainstreaming in heal	th policies:	strategies,
programs, guidelines and training materials.		-	
Strategic Actions	Performance Indicators	Lead	Collaborativ
		sector	e sector
<ul> <li>Revising nutrition manuals and guideline to include NCDs.</li> </ul>	Number of food and nutrition	MoH	MoE
<ul> <li>Counseling on physical activity and healthy lifestyle.</li> </ul>	guidelines which incorporated NCDs		
• Revising the existing curriculums of health professionals to include nutrition	<ul> <li>Number of developed dietary</li> </ul>		
and NCDs.	guidelines		
<ul> <li>Developing dietary guidelines for NCDs.</li> </ul>			
• Incorporate food and nutrition in chronic non-communicable disease			
prevention and control in the in-service training manuals.			
•			
<ul> <li>Advocacy for reviewing existing policies and strategies in relevant to Food</li> </ul>			
and Nutrition implementing sectors to ensure that they are consistent with			
best practices in population-wide approaches to increasing physical activity.			<u> </u>
			<del></del>

Advocate for incorporation of competency based nutrition into the existing			
curricula of health professionals.			
Develop and implement national nutrition, dietetics and healthy life			
guidelines for prevention and management of non-communicable diseases			
and risk factors			
Strategic initiative 2: Promote public awareness on healthy dietary behaviors and phys			
Strategic Actions/activities	Performance Indicators	Lead	Collaborativ
		sector	e sector
<ul> <li>Developing and disseminating standardized health and nutrition messages on healthy dietary behaviors.</li> <li>Develop and disseminate national nutrition, dietetics and healthy life messages to promote healthy dietary lifestyles.</li> <li>Promote and advocate for g healthy nutrition movement through mass media (TV, radio, newspapers, posters, social media, websites, etc).</li> <li>Conducting school-based health promotion to encourage healthy diet and avoid childhood obesity among schoolchildren.</li> <li>Build the capacity of health workers and HEWs (both urban and rural) on diet, physical activity and NCDs.</li> <li>Implementing the International Code of Marketing of Breast milk Substitutes and subsequent WHO resolutions.</li> <li>Developing and implement region specific food guide pyramids for diverse cultural settings.</li> <li>Promotion of healthy lifestyle.</li> <li>Promotion of appropriate IYCF.</li> <li>Develop appropriate communication messages such as leaflets, posters, discussions.</li> <li>Promotion of physical activity and healthy life style in to different programs of the health sector.</li> <li>Develop and implement comprehensive packages of Nutrition and NCDs materials to be used by the community. Create awareness on healthy diet</li> <li>Develop a program for all mass media on NCD</li> <li>Allocate budget for transmission of key messages by radio and TV</li> <li>Disseminate text messages about nutrition related NCDs</li> <li>Creating public awareness on the consumption of organic foods, prevention</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Number of HEWs trained on nutrition and NCDs.</li> <li>Number of schools having nutrition/NCD education sessions.</li> <li>Number of NCD messages Disseminated on mass media.</li> <li>Number of messages transmitted by TV, radio and mobile phones</li> <li>Number of programs broadcasted by the public and private print and electronic media</li> </ul>	МоН	MoE, Media

of contamination by chemical, toxin, heavy metals, and eating trans-fatty			
acids & junk foods,			
• Establish media channels and airtimes for the promotion and prevention of			
nutrition driven non-communicable diseases			
Strategic initiative 3: Provide nutrition assessment and counselling services at the com-			
Strategic Actions	Key Performance Indicators	Lead	Collaborativ
		sector	e sector
<ul> <li>Supporting facilities to integrate nutrition assessment/screening and counseling services into all facility services to identify overweight and obesity.</li> <li>Supporting facilities to integrate nutrition assessment and disease specific dietary counseling into different non-communicable disease clinics (diabetics, hypertension, cancer, etc).</li> <li>Providing periodic nutritional screening and counseling of students for early identification of obesity and overweight at school.</li> <li>Providing periodic nutritional screening for early identification of obesity and overweight, and counseling to girls and boys at youth friendly centers.</li> <li>Supporting Health facility levels nutritional screening and counseling for early identification of obesity and overweight.</li> <li>Promote and support community level healthy dietary practices and behaviors.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Proportion of NCD patients screened for obesity and overweight</li> <li>Proportion of NCD patients received nutrition counseling</li> </ul>	МоН	DPs, HEIs
Conducting periodic nutrition screening both at facility and community levels.			
Nutrition assessment, counseling and services for NCD patients.			
Strategic initiative 4: Create/advocate for external environments that enhance physical	*		
Strategic Actions	Key Performance Indicators	Lead	Collaborativ
		sector	e sector
<ul> <li>Conducting high level advocacy for relevant decision makers on the importance of physical activity in preventing non-communicable diseases.</li> <li>Collaborating with sector line ministries and other concerned bodies for prevention and control of NCD.</li> <li>Ensuring that schools have standardized recreation, play and sports</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Proportion of schools with standard play ground.</li> <li>Number of communities play grounds arranged.</li> </ul>	МоН	MoE, MoWYC, MoSHE
facilities.  • Encouraging schools to provide students with daily physical education, exercises and equip themselves with appropriate facilities and equipment.			

<ul> <li>Advocate and support urban planners to incorporate adequate green areas, and recreation areas that will encourage appropriate physical activities (environmentally friendly living area).</li> <li>Advocacy on physical activity.</li> <li>Develop standard children play ground in schools.</li> <li>Develop standard play grounds/fields in the community.</li> </ul>			
Strategic initiative 5: Promote the establishment of physical activity and nutrition clu			
Strategic Actions/activities	Performance Indicators	Lead	Collaborativ
		sector	e sector
<ul> <li>Establishing physical activity clubs within communities, schools and workplaces in collaboration with sector line ministries.</li> <li>Collaborating with sector line ministries to establish physical activity centers in all workplaces.</li> <li>Establishing nutrition clubs within communities entities, schools and workplaces</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Number of schools having nutrition and physical activity clubs</li> </ul>	МоН	HEIs, , MoSHE
Strategic objective 6: Promote engagement with professional organizations to generat	e evidence for policy guidance and standard settin	g.	1
Strategic Actions	Key Performance Indicators	Lead	Collaborativ
		sector	e sector
<ul> <li>Strengthening surveillance of non-communicable disease risk factors.</li> <li>Promotion of health systems research or epidemiological studies on major non-communicable disease risk factors, including physical inactivity and unhealthy diet.</li> <li>Ensuring national surveys on NCD risk factors address dietary intake, household expenditure, blood lipids, hypertension, and blood glucose in collaboration with the Ethiopian Public Health Institute.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Number of NCD Surveys conducted</li> <li>NCD Surveillance System established</li> </ul>	МоН	EPHI, HEIs, MoSHE
Strategic initiative 7: Strengthen the diagnostic and clinical management capabilities of communicable/lifestyle related diseases.	f the country's health system to prevent and treat of	chronic nor	l-
Strategic Actions	Key Performance Indicators	Lead	Collaborativ
	Ť	sector	e sector
<ul> <li>Equipping health facilities with essential supplies, diagnostic equipment and other treatment inputs.</li> <li>Organizing and conduct sustainable in-service training programs on clinical diagnosis, treatment, counseling and comprehensive care of patients with</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Proportion of HW trained on NCDs</li> <li>Number of modules which include NCDs</li> </ul>	МоН	MoSHE, HEIs

<ul> <li>non-communicable diseases.</li> <li>Establishing and foster networking and collaboration across higher education institutions to harmonize the training curriculum on chronic noncommunicable diseases.</li> <li>Train HWs on NCD.</li> <li>Incorporate NCD in all the relevant training materials.</li> <li>Revising training curriculums to include and harmonize NCDs</li> </ul>			
trategic initiative 8: Formulate and enforce legislation and regulations that address unl	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Strategic Actions	Key Performance Indicators	Lead	Collaborati
		sector	e sector
<ul> <li>Production and distribution of regulatory guidelines on food products to en-</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Healthy diet index</li> </ul>	MoH	MoTI,
sure production and marketing of healthy foods.	• Amount of money collected from		EFDA,
• Formulation and enforcement of legislation that promotes the local	taxation of drinks, tobacco and		MoA
production and consumption of fruits and vegetables.	stimulants		
• Enforcement of labeling of composition (ingredients) of commercially			
produced or imported foods and drinks.			
<ul> <li>Imposing taxation on imported unhealthy (junk) foods and drinks.</li> </ul>			
• Development of the necessary regulations to provide incentives for the production and formulation of healthy foods.			
• Development of regulations to ensure that NCD prevention is an explicit priority in all stages of food systems, including product development, formulation, promotion and distribution.			
• Enforcement of regulations to minimize the impact of marketing on dietary			
patterns and prevent the exploitation of children, young people, and families			
via advertisements of unhealthy diets and beverages.			
Develop regulation guidelines on food products			
Promote local production of fruits and vegetables			
Promotion of implementation of infant feeding regulations.			
Impose taxation to alcoholic drinks, tobacco and stimulants.			
,			
trategic Initiative 9: Increase the production and consumption of organic agricultura	l products (fruits, vegetables and animal source fo	oods).	•
Strategic Actions/activities	Performance Indicators	Lead	Collabora
-		sector	

<ul> <li>Promotion of growing divers food items</li> <li>Increase the production and consumption of fruit and vegetables</li> <li>Strengthen the production and consumption of organic agricultural products</li> <li>Strengthen the pre-post-harvest management system to prevent contamination of agricultural products by chemicals, aflatoxins, inorganic materials etc</li> <li>Ensure livestock, poultry, fishery products are free from any contaminations of inorganic substances</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Proportion of Fruit and Vegetable groups Consumed at HH level</li> <li>Number of pre and post-harvest technologies used to ensure the safety and nutrient quality of foods</li> </ul>
Strategic initiative 10: Ensure that diet and life style non-communicable disease are	incorporated in the school curriculum.
Strategic Actions/activities	Performance Indicators Lead Collaborate
	sector
<ul> <li>Ensure that the food and nutrition related non-communicable disease are incorporated in the school curriculum</li> <li>Establish school nutrition club to prevent obesity and overweight</li> <li>Promote and implement school gardening</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Number of schools with fruit and vegetable garden</li> <li>Number of schools with nutrition clubs</li> <li>MoE, MoSHE, HEIs</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Ensure school feeding programs are from healthy/organic food groups</li> </ul>	
• Ensure school feeding programs are from healthy/organic food groups  Strategic initiative 11: Improve access to water, sanitation and hygiene.	
	Performance Indicators Lead Collaborate sector
Strategic initiative 11: Improve access to water, sanitation and hygiene.	
Strategic initiative 11: Improve access to water, sanitation and hygiene.  Strategic Actions/activities  • Avail safe and clean potable water • Ensure drinking waters are free of any bacteria, heavy metals, residuals, toxins and flouride • Make sure irrigation water provided is not contaminated by chemicals, toxins, heavy metals	<ul> <li>sector</li> <li>Proportion of households having</li> <li>MoWIE MoH, Mol</li> </ul>
Strategic initiative 11: Improve access to water, sanitation and hygiene.  Strategic Actions/activities  Avail safe and clean potable water  Ensure drinking waters are free of any bacteria, heavy metals, residuals, toxins and flouride  Make sure irrigation water provided is not contaminated by chemicals, toxins, heavy metals  Ensure wastewater is well treated before use for irrigation	<ul> <li>sector</li> <li>Proportion of households having</li> <li>MoWIE MoH, Mol</li> </ul>
Strategic initiative 11: Improve access to water, sanitation and hygiene.  Strategic Actions/activities  Avail safe and clean potable water  Ensure drinking waters are free of any bacteria, heavy metals, residuals, toxins and flouride  Make sure irrigation water provided is not contaminated by chemicals, toxins, heavy metals  Ensure wastewater is well treated before use for irrigation  Strategic Initiative 12: Ensure safety and quality of foods in the market.	Proportion of households having access to safe and clean drinking water  Sector  MoWIE  MoH, Mol MoA

<ul> <li>Promote quality of local and imported food items</li> <li>Ensure the food markets are availing foods that are safe and quality to the</li> <li>public</li> <li>Support the business community to bring organic food items to the market</li> <li>Ensure small, medium and large-scale industries are not contaminating the environment by releasing heavy metals, toxins, chemicals, and other products that causes NCD</li> <li>Ensure food and drinking manufacturing industries are producing safe, healthy, nutritious, organic and quality food items</li> <li>Ensure food and drinking facilities including street foods are safe, organic, free from trans-fatty acids, junk foods, sodas, alcohols</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Proportion of food and nutrition business centers produced organic</li> <li>foods</li> <li>Proportion/Number of food and drinking facilities trained on safety and quality of foods</li> <li>Proportion of ocally manufactured and imported food items inspected</li> </ul>		MOTI
Strategic Initiative 13: Support healthy eating, physical activities and improved l			
Strategic Actions	Key Performance Indicators	Lead sector	Collaborator
<ul> <li>Promote healthy eating</li> <li>Promote physical activity in workplaces</li> <li>Incorporate obesity and overweight prevention and control programs in the policies, strategies and programs and support the affected populations</li> <li>Promote and support healthy eating, physical activities, and improved life styles.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Healthy diet index</li> <li>Prevalence of overweight/obesity</li> </ul>	МоН	MoA, MoE, MoSHE, MoTI, HEIs
<b>Strategic Initiative 14:</b> Establish a mechanism to identify the critically affected NCD	patients and include in the social security support		
Strategic Actions	Key Performance Indicators	Lead sector	collaborator
Promote social security for the vulnerable	<ul> <li>Proportion of nutrition related NCDs patients benefitted from social security support</li> </ul>	MoLSA	MoA, MoH, MoE
Strategic Initiative 15: Ensure the government treasury allocates budget for NCD pre	evention and control.		
Strategic Actions	Key Performance Indicators	Lead sector	collaborator
<ul> <li>Ensure all responsible sectors allocated budget for NCD activity</li> </ul>	Proportion/Number of sectors allocated budget for nutrition related NCDs	MoF	MoTI, MoH, All Responsible Sectors

	•		
•	•		
Strategic Initiative 16: Support evidence generation to prevent and control	NCDs.(needs alignment with strategic initiative 6).		
Strategic Actions/activities	Performance Indicators	Lead sector	Collaborator
Include NCDs in the research thematic areas	Number of NCD projects supported by the higher education and research institutes	HEIs	MoH, MoSHE,
Promote prevention and control of NCD in the community	Proportion of health facilities provided educations sessions on NTDs		МоЕ
Ensure life style non-communicable diseases are included in the pre-service curriculum	Number of higher education and research institutions that integrated nutrition related NCD into their curriculum		
Conduct specific research on the prevention and control of NCDs	Number of original researches and reviews done by higher education and research institutions		
Provide community services on the prevention and control of NCDs	Number of events conducted regarding the prevention and control of NCDs		
<ul> <li>Support large scale follow-up studies and implementation researches to bridge the gap between evidence and practice and to provide information on practice, care and outcomes</li> </ul>	Proportion/number of higher education and research institutes that allocated fund for NCD research		

## 5.6 Strategic Objective 6: Strengthen the national capacity to manage natural and manmade food and nutrition emergencies with timely and appropriate response including for internally Displaced Persons and refugees

This strategic objective will focus on strengthening multi-sector response approaches in three key strategic directions/areas, which require coordinated interventions across individual sectors, including:

- Strengthening emergency preparedness to reduce risk and vulnerability to food insecurity and
  malnutrition occasioned by such disasters, thus preventing crises from developing into
  emergencies.
- Strengthening timely and appropriate emergency response that ensures all persons in emergencies receive timely and appropriate assistance to protect their food security and nutritional status and to avoid loss of lives and livelihoods and
- Strengthening emergency recovery, resilience building, and long-term development capacity for food and nutrition to improve post-emergency recovery through resilience building and long term development in order to reduce vulnerability of the populations to food and nutrition insecurity.

The strategic directions, initiatives, actions and key performance indicators are enumerated as follows (Table 6).

Table 4: Strategic directions, initiatives, actions and key performance indicators for the national capacity to manage natural and manmade food and nutrition emergencies with timely and appropriate response including for internally Displaced Persons and refugees.

Strategic objective 6: Strengthen the national capacity to manage natural and manmade food and nutrition emergencies with timely and				
appropriate response including for Internally Displaced Persons and refugees  Strategic Direction 1: Strengthening Emergency Preparedness for food and Nutrition.				
Strategic actions	Key performance indicators	Lead sectors	Collaborating sectors	
Develop contingency plans that address food and nutrition issues during and post-emergency phases	Existence of contingency plans to address food and nutrition emergencies.	NDRM, MoH	MOA, MOFED, DPs	
Strengthen capacities to coordinate food and nutrition in emergencies	Number of expertsreceived capacity building training on food and nutritional emergencies and coordination.	NDRM, MoH, EPHI	MoA, MoH, MoFED, DPs	
Strengthen national capacities to ensure adequate reserve food and supplementary food supply to control food and nutrition emergencies	<ul> <li>Metric tons of reserved food per estimated number of people in need of emergency response</li> <li>Metric tons of supplementary food reserved per estimated moderately malnourished under five children in emergency affected area</li> </ul>	NDRM	MoA, MoH, MoFED, DPs	
Strengthen a timely, adequate and appropriate response system for food and nutrition emergencies	<ul> <li>Number of Emergency repose provided within 72 hr of onset</li> <li>Existence of emergency preparedness plan</li> <li>Number of sectors which prepared evidence-based plan for emergency response.</li> </ul>	NDRM, MoH	MoFED, DPs	
Strengthen multisectoral food and nutrition emergency coordination structure at all level to ensure emergency preparedness and response	Existence of functional food and nutrition emergency coordination structure at all level	NDRM, MoH	All sectors	
Establish/strengthen early warning system for emergency preparedness and response	Early warning data collection mechanism in place and with regular weekly/monthly report and analysis done	NDRM	MoH, MoA, MoE, DPs	
Mapping potentially affected/vulnerable areas to food and nutrition emergencies	Regular mapping of vulnerable areas for food and nutrition emergency done twice per year( hotspot	NDRM	MoFED, MoH, DPs	

	classification)		
Strategic initiative 2: Establish food and nutrition	<u>_</u>		
Strategic Actions	Performance indicators		
Establishing/strengthening nutrition surveillance system	<ul> <li>Number of risk assessments conducted</li> <li>Number of nutrition surveillance sites available</li> <li>Number of nutrition surveillances conducted per annum</li> </ul>	NDRM, MoH, Research Institutions, HEIs	DPs
Ensure Realtime monitoring and reporting and use of technology	monitoring of data	ЕРНІ,МОН	
Strengthen capacity of emergency food and nutrition communication preparedness and response	<ul> <li># of timely shared information of international concern and national warning.</li> </ul>	NDRMC	
Ensure availability of timely and quality food and nutrition data to inform decision	reporting rate.	NDRM, MoH	Research Institutions, HEIs
Strategic initiative 3: Enhance the contingency fun			
Strategic Actions	Performance indicators	T	T
Establish emergency fund raising mechanism at al level to manage emerging food and nutrition crises		NDRM	MoH, DPs
	Formation communication, coordination and dissemination		
Strategic Actions	Performance indicators		
Create public awareness on appropriate IYCF practice	Proportion of mothers knowledgeable about appropriate IYCF practice during emergency	NDRM, MoH	DPs
Create public awareness on early warning information	National, Regional and community level communication system in place for regular update of the community about early warning information	NDRM, MoH, EPHI	Media, Other sectors
Advocate and lobbying of national government and donors to ensure that there is political commitment to release funds that support food and nutrition activities in emergencies	resources	NDRM, MoH	EPHI, all other sectors
	appropriate emergency response for food and Nutrition.		
Strategic initiative 1: Ensure access to safe water,			
Strategic Actions I	Performance indicators		
	Proportion of households who have access to an mproved water source in the emergency affected area MoH	VIE, NDRM, I	DPs, private sector, CSO

Promoting the use of household water	Proportion of households treating water by any means	MoWIE, NDRM,	DPs, private sector, CSO
treatment practices	in the emergency affected area	МоН	
Promoting safe and clean household	Proportion of individuals aged >12 months in	MoWIE, NDRM,	DPs, private sector, CSO
environments	households using hygienic sanitation facilities	МоН	
Ensure environmental sanitation such as	<ul> <li>Proportion of households with access to solid</li> </ul>	MoWIE, NDRM,	DPs, private sector, CSO
proper disposal of human and household waste	waste disposal in the emergency affected area	МоН	
	<ul> <li>Proportion of households with access to liquid</li> </ul>		
	waste disposal in the emergency affected area		
Ensure construction and use of household and	Proportion of households/people who have access to	MoWIE, NDRM,	DPs, private sector, CSO
community latrines	latrine facility in the emergency affected area	МоН	
Conduct awareness creation on proper water,	Proportion of handlers and child care takers	MoWIE, NDRM,	DPs, private sector, CSO
hygiene and sanitation practices	knowledgeable about proper water, hygiene	МоН	
	and sanitation activities		
	<ul> <li>Number of awareness creation sessions</li> </ul>		
	conducted per annum		
Strategic initiate 2: Meeting the special nutrition	nal needs of the most vulnerable groups during emergence	ies	
Strategic Actions	Performance indicators		
Conduct rapid nutritional assessments /surveys	Number of nutritional surveys conducted per	MoH, NDRM	HEIs, Research
	annum		Institutions, DPs, private
			sector, CSO
Ensure estimation of general ration for the	Availability of document illustrating	NDRM	MoH, MoA, DPs
affected people with emergency	estimation of general food ration for the		
	affected people with food and nutritional		
	emergency		
Ensure provision of adequate and nutritious	Proportion of people affected with emergency	MoH, NDRM, MoA	DPs, private sectors,
foods for vulnerable communities as per their	and received food aid		CSO
needs			
Establish and strengthen supplementary and	Number of functional OTPs established in	MoH, NDRM	DPs, private sectors,
therapeutic feeding programs	emergency affected catchment area		CSO
	<ul> <li>Number of functional SC established in</li> </ul>		
	emergency affected catchment area		
	<ul> <li>Number of functional TSFP established in the</li> </ul>		
	emergency affected catchment area		
	•		

(logistic, supplies, equipment) - needed for	&F100		
effective management of severe and moderate	• Stock out report of TSFP supply (RUSF)		
acute malnutrition according to the national	Stock out report of 1311 supply (ROS1)		
protocol			
Monitoring the quality of donated food	The existence of food quality monitoring guideline	EFDA, MoH, NDRM	DPs, private sector, CSO
	oung child feeding activities in emergency response inter-		Dis, private sector, eso
Strategic Actions	Performance indicators	Cittons.	
Promote early initiation and exclusive	Proportion of infants aged <6 months who	MOH	NDRM, DPs, private
breastfeeding	exclusively breastfed in emergency affected	Mon	sectors, CSO
breastreeding	area		sectors, eso
	1		
	Proportion of infants who initiated  hereotical diag within one hour of delivery.		
	breastfeeding within one hour of delivery	MOH MOA NIDDM	
Ensure support and provision of diversified	Proportion of children aged 6-23 months with	MOH, MOA, NDRM	
and nutritionally adequate diet during	minimum acceptable diet in emergency		
emergency	affected area		
Establishing women and child-friendly	<ul> <li>Existence of breastfeeding corner in</li> </ul>	MOH	NDRM, MoWCY, DPs,
breastfeeding corner/spaces at emergency sites	emergency sites		private sectors, CSO
Ensure support and provision of adequate and	<ul> <li>Proportion of WRA with minimum dietary</li> </ul>	MOH, MOA, NDRM	MoWCY, DPs, private
diversified diet for women of reproductive	diversity		sectors, CSO
age (WRA)			
	•		
Ensure monitoring mechanism in place on	<ul> <li>Number of reports on violation of the code of</li> </ul>		
marketing of Breast Milk Substitute	BMS	FDA	
Strategic initiative 4: Addressing micronutrient	(Vitamins and Minerals) requirement.		
Strategic Actions	Performance indicators		
Strengthen routine and therapeutic	Proportion of children with diarrhoea received	MOH	MoWCY, NDRM, HEIs,
micronutrient supplementation (vitamin A,	zinc supplementation		MOTI, DPs, private
iron and folate, zinc) for children, women and	• Proportion of children (6-59 months) received		sectors, CSO
identified vulnerable groups	vitamin-A supplementation in the past six		
	months		
	• Proportion of children (6-59 months) with any		
	form of xerophtalmia and received therapeutic		
	dose of vitamin-A		
	Proportion of pregnant women received iron-		
	folate supplementation		
	Totale supplementation	L	1

Ensure pregnant women and children>= two years received deworming tablets  Ensure the emergency food baskets contain	<ul> <li>Proportion of pregnant women who received deworming tablet in 2<sup>nd</sup> or3<sup>rd</sup> trimester</li> <li>Proportion of children 2-5 yrs who received de-worming tablet</li> <li>Proportion of food aid items fortified with</li> </ul>	MOH  NDRM, MOTI, MOH	MoWCY, NDRM, HEIs, MOE, DPs, private sectors, CSO  DPs, private sectors,
fortified food items	micronutrients		CSO
Providing cash or voucher transfer for dietary diversification/ fresh fruit and vegetables	<ul> <li>Proportion vulnerable individuals received cash or voucher transfer to purchase micronutrient rich food</li> </ul>	NDRM, MOA	DPs, private sectors, CSO
Strategic initiative 5: Improving emergency food			
Strategic Actions	Performance indicators		
Ensure that food distributed during emergencies is of good quality and safe for consumption	<ul> <li>Proportion of food samples passed quality assessment</li> </ul>	NDRM, MOH, MOTI	MOA, DPs, private sectors, CSO
Enhance a system for good storage, transportation and distribution practice for safer of food supplies.	<ul> <li>Proportion of distribution sites received food aid/supply on time</li> <li>Proportion of emergency sites with food aid/supplies store passed the quality assessment</li> </ul>		
Promote hygienic food preparation and storage during an emergency	<ul> <li>Proportion food preparation sites/households demonstrated appropriate/hygienic food preparation</li> <li>Proportion of individuals responsible in food preparation and are knowledgeable about appropriate/hygienic food preparation</li> </ul>		
Monitoring the quality of emergency and donated food	<ul> <li>Existence of food quality monitoring guideline</li> </ul>	FDA, MOI	
	communication, coordination and dissemination on food	and nutrition in emergen	cy response.
Strategic Actions	Performance indicators	1,00,7,1,0	
Create public awareness on healthy dietary practice	<ul> <li>Number of sessions conducted through media concerning healthy dietary habit per year</li> </ul>	MOH, Media	MOA, NDRM, HEIs, DPs
Raise awareness or promote advocacy among policy-makers, planners and donors about issues of emergency and activities	<ul> <li>Number of awareness creation/sensitization workshops undertaken with policy makers and donors per year</li> </ul>	MOH, Media	MOA, NDRM, HEIs, DPs

Wider community mobilization and sensitization for detection and response to	<ul> <li>Number of sessions conducted about food and nutrition emergency issues through</li> </ul>	MOH, MOA, NDRM	Media, DPs, CSO
food and nutrition emergencies	WDA/HDA		
Mainstreaming of nutrition in all sectors to	<ul> <li>Number of sectors included food and nutrition</li> </ul>	MOH	All other sectors
enhance nutrition information and	emergency activities in their annual work plan		
communication			
Charles in initiation 7. Full and all and a surface of		1 1. 1	
· ·	retention and completion rates among food insecure hou <b>Performance indicators</b>	senoids through appropri	ate programming.
Strategic Actions		MOE NDDM MOH	DD CCC
Ensuring School feeding programs in	Proportion of schools with functional school	MOE, NDRM, MOH	DPs, CSO
emergency affected areas	feeding programs located in emergency areas		
	<ul> <li>Number of newly established school feeding</li> </ul>		
	programs per emergency affected woreda		
Provision of clean and safe water in schools	<ul> <li>Proportion of schools with improved water</li> </ul>	MOE, NDRM,	DPs and civic socienties
during emergency	access in emergency affected woreda	MOWIE	
Ensure school feeding program provide	<ul> <li>Number of food groups included in the school</li> </ul>	MOE, NDRM,	DPs and civic socienties
diversified and nutritious food	feeding program	MOWIE	
Ensure the safety and quality of school	Proportion of food handlers demonstrate	MOE, NDRM,	DPs and civic socienties
feeding	appropriate hygienic food preparation and	MOWIE	
	serving practice in school.		
Zero school attrition rate in emergency	Proportion of children dropped-out of their	MOE, NDRM	MoWCY, DPs, CSO
affected area	school in emergency affected woredas	,	,
Develop programme to screen pre-school and	Proportion of schools carried out nutritional	MOH, MOE	NDRM, MoWCY, DPs,
school children for malnutrition	screening per year		CSO
5 <b>-1</b> 10 01 <b>-1110</b> 1 101 1101 1101	<ul> <li>Number of nutritional screening undertaken in</li> </ul>		
	each schools per year		
Strategic initiative 8: Establish and strengthen for	ood and animal feed distribution infrastructure and network	ks in crisis prope areas	
Strategic Actions	Performance indicators	iks in crisis prone areas.	
Provision of conservation and use of grass hay	Proportion of households received livestock	MoA, NDRM	DPs, HEIs, CSO
and crop residue for consumption during dry	feed in emergency affected area		
season	reed in emergency arrected area		
Support vaccination against trans-boundary	<ul> <li>Proportion of livestock vaccinated in</li> </ul>		
and drought induced livestock diseases	emergency affected area		
Strategic direction 3: Strengthening Emergen	cy Recovery, Resilience Building, and Long-term dev	elopment capacity for f	ood and nutrition.
	stem for food and nutrition emergencies that supports the		

functioning after emergencies.			
Strategic Actions	Performance indicators		
Support primary health care units to promote health and nutrition security	<ul> <li>Number of primary health care units rehabilitated for health and nutrition services</li> <li>Number of primary health care units fully supported (human capacity, finance, material and so on)</li> </ul>	МОН	NDRM, MoFED, MoWIE, DPs
1	relihood opportunities for chronically food insecure comm	nunities as part of soci	al protection scheme
Strategic Actions  Strengthen productive soft net programs to support chronically food insecure households	Number of chronically food insecure     households reached through PSNP both in     urban and rural	MOA, NDRMC	NDRM, MoFED, DPs
Create income generating activities for vulnerable households	Number of HHs engaged in Income generating activities through PSNP in urban and rural	MOA, MoLSA	NDRM, MoFED, DPs
Ensure PSNP beneficiaries' access to basic social services in urban and rural areas	<ul> <li>Percent of PSNP beneficiary PW attended ANC4</li> <li>Percent of PLW attended nutrition SBCC session</li> <li>Percent of PSNP beneficiary Lactating women attended Child GMP session.</li> <li>Number of PSNP HHs who received free legal services.</li> <li>Percent of PSNP HH covered with Community Based Health Insurance</li> </ul>	MOLSA, MOH, MOA, General Attorney	RDRM, MOFED, DPs, Justice
<u> </u>	building initiatives and enhancement of national security.		
Strategic Actions Strengthen conflict resolution mechanism at all level	Existence of conflict resolution mechanism in the community.	MOP, NDRM, MoLSA	DPs, MOCT
Strengthen conflict early warning systems	Existence of regular update on conflict sensitive areas.	NDRM, MOP, MoLSA	DPs
· ·	to safe water, sanitation and hygiene following emergence	cies	
Strategic Actions Conduct water resource potential assessment and ground water mapping	Performance indicators     Proportion of climate resilient areas identified, quantified and mapped	MOWIE	

Implement climate resilient water safety plans (CP-WSP)  Carry out environmental safe guards and mitigation measures  Ensure sustainable water access through Rehabilitation of water points  Ensure sustainable water access through New water source development  Establishing/strengthening of systems for continuous monitoring of functionality of	<ul> <li>Percent of water supply schemes with water safety plans in place</li> <li>Percent of water supply schemes screened and with environmental management plans</li> <li>Number of water points rehabilitated</li> <li># of newly developed water points</li> <li>Existence of regular monitoring system for functionality of water supply.</li> </ul>	MOWIE, ECCC  MoWIE  MoWIE  MOWIE	NDRM, MoFED, DPs NDRM, MoFED, DPs DPs
water suppl Strategic initiative 5: Enhance support to appropri	priate social protection (SP) schemes to protect vulnerable	nonulations and chronic	cally food insecure area
including urban areas.	mate social protection (Sr) schemes to protect vulnerable	populations and enronic	carry 1000 misecure area
Strategic Actions	Performance indicators		
Support livelihood diversification of the most vulnerable households in kind and cash	Number of vulnerable households received livelihood support.	MOA, MoLSA, NDRM	MOFED, MoYWC, DPs
Provision of support to Vulnerable HH to upgrade and repair shelters and replenish core household item	Number vulnerable HHs acess to safe and appropriate living space replenished with core household items	NDRM, MOFED	DPs, Private sector, CSO
Provision of psychosocial support to returnees on bouncing back better	Number returnees received psycho social support on bouncing back better	MOWC, MOH	DPs
Assist IDPs and IDP returnees in accessing key documents for restoring their housing, land and property (HLP) rights	Number of IDPs and IDP returnees assisted in accessing key documents for restoring their housing, land and property (HLP) rights	NDRM, MoA, MoH	All other sectors
Strategic initiative 6: Establish and promote live	lihood insurance schemes to support communities to reco	over from shocks.	
Strategic Actions	Performance indicators		
Establish livestock based insurance schemes	Number livestock based insurances developed	MOA,NDRMC	Other sectors
Establish crop based insurance schemes	Number crop based insurances developed	MOA, NDRM	All other sectors
	hood recovery programs by addressing primary production	on to improve food avail	ability and access.
Strategic Actions	Performance indicators	1101	I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I
Enhance capacity of developmenmt Agents (DA) and farmers on improved crop production and diversification technologies and practices	<ul> <li>Number of DAs involved in crop production training</li> <li>Number farmers involved in crop production training</li> </ul>	MOA	NDRM, All other sectors
Provision of support to increase availability of	Number of HHs that received improved seed	MOA	NDRM, All other sectors

improved seeds though Community Based	through community based multiplication		
Seed Multiplication Schemes	scheme.	1101	NEDA AII A
Conduct regular monitoring/Investigation of	Existence of regular soil quality/profile	MOA	NDRM, All other sectors
soil profile/quality	monitoring/investigation mechanism		
Distribute equipments for post-harvest loss	<ul> <li>Number of Vulnerable HH received equipments</li> </ul>	MOA	NDRM, All other sectors
management for vulnerable HH	for post harvest loss management.		
Demonstration proved post-harvest loss	<ul> <li>Number of FTC/Model farmers demonstrated</li> </ul>	MOA	NDRM, All others
management technologies on selected Farmers	post harvest loss management technologies.		sectors
Training Centres (FTCs) and model farmers			
Strategic initiative 8: Ensure sustained and subst	tantial investment in agriculture, food and nutrition securi	ty.	
Strategic Actions	Performance indicators		
Support farmers with small scale irrigation	Number of farmers supported with small scale	MOA	NDRM, All others
tools (drip irrigation kits, tridel pump, water	irrigation tools		sectors, DPs
pumps, etc.)	Č		
Provision of improved agricultural inputs	Proportion of HHs received improved		
and technical support to increase production	agricultural inputs	MOA	
Ensure engagement of private sectors and civil	Number of private sector and CSO engaged in	MOTI, MOFED	All other sectors
societies in sustainable development programs	sustainable Food and Nutrition development	,	
	program		
Strategic initiative 9: Establish and strengthen S			
Strategic Actions	Performance indicators		
Promote conservation and use of grass hay and	Number of households involved in grass hay	MOA, NDRM	DPs
crop residue for consumption during dry	and crop residue conservation	- , .	
season	133 <b>F</b> 233288		
Strengthen customary institutions involvement	Number of institutions involved in rangeland	MOA, NDRM	DPs
in rangeland management	Management	- , .	
Identify range land site and bush clearing and	Number of sites identified and hectare of	MOA, NDRM	DPs
protecting for recovery	grazing land cleared	111011, 1121111	
Reseed grazing land by using indigenous and	Hectare of reseed grazing land using	MOA, NDRM	DPs
improved grass seeds	improved grass seeds	MON, NDKM	
Promote community based forage crops	Number of households involved in improved	MOA, NDRM	DPs
cultivation and utilization	forage cultivation	MIOA, NDIXIII	D1 5
Strategic initiative 10: Create learning opportun	Č		
Strategic Actions	Performance indicators		
Provide Accelerated School Readiness (ASR)		MOE, MOWYC,	All other sectors, DPs
Flovide Accelerated School Readiness (ASR)	Proportion of displaced pre-primary/Primary	MICE, MOW IC,	All other sectors, DPS

and Alternative Learning Program (ALP) for pre-primary and primary children with no access to education	school age girls and boys received learning opportunities through ASR	NDRM	
Construct temporarily learning centers to create safe learning environment for displaced school age children that do not have access to education	Per cent of displaced school age girls and boys learning in safe learning environment	MOE, MOWYC, NDRM	All Other Sectors, DPs
Provide psychosocial training for displaced school age girls and boys	proportion of displaced primary school age girls and boys received psycho-social support	MOE, MOWYC, NDRM	All other sectors, DPs
Strategic initiative 11: Strengthen on Food and		1,210,2	
Strategic Actions	Performance indicators		
Training for teachers on promotion of school nutrition and support nutrition SBCC through school club	<ul> <li>Number of teachers received training on promotion of school nutrition</li> <li>Number of schools implementing nutrition SBCC through school club</li> </ul>	MOE, MOH	All other sectors
*	rgencies on food and nutrition situation of affected com-	munities	
Strategic Actions	Performance indicators	1	
	•		
Conduct regular assessment of the impact of food, nutrition emergencies towards the life of the community	<ul> <li>Number of impact assessments conducted</li> <li>Presence of data on impact of emergencies</li> </ul>	NDRM, MOH, EPHI	All other sectors
Strategic initiative 13: Ensure adequate allocation		Nutrition security Progra	am.
Strategic Actions	Performance indicators		
Mobilize specific budget lines for sustainable implementation of Food and Nutrition Security programs/projects at all levels	Amount of budget allocated for Food and Nutrition Security Program	MOA,NDRM, MOH	MOFED, all other sectors, DPs
Establish a mechanism for tracking of Food and Nutrition program expenditures	<ul> <li>Number of Food and Nutrition expenditure reports</li> </ul>	MOFED	All other sectors
Strategic initiative 14: Investment in production	, processing and marketing of high quality, safe and bene	ficial food products for lo	ocal consumption.
Strategic Actions	Performance indicators	-	-
Strengthen involvement of investors in processed food and supplements production from local foods	Number of industries produced processed food and supplements	MOTI	All other sectors
Strengthen food quality assurance mechanism in private sectors	Existence of regular monitoring system on food quality	FDA, MOH	MOTI

Support and encourage private sectors in subsidizing processed food and supplements for vulnerable/emergency prone communities to increase availability and access	Availability of subsidized processed food and supplements for vulnerable communities	MOTI	NDRM, MOA, all other sectors		
Strategic initiative 15: Ensure proper targeting of Vulnerable households and individuals for food and nutrition response.					
Strategic Actions Performance indicators					
Ensure community participation in	Proportion of community members	NDRM, MOA	All other sectors		
beneficiary selection process for Food and	participated in the beneficiary selection				
nutrition security programs	process				

## **5.1.2.** Water, Sanitation and Hygiene (WASH)

This section describes strategic directions, initiatives, activities and indicators for WASH. Lead organizations and collaborators are also labelled for each of the strategic initiatives and activities. WASH Programme is a multi-sector endeavour of MoWIE, MoH, MoE and MoF. These organizations appear as lead actors in most of the initiatives and activities (Table 7).

Table 5: Strategic objectives, directions, initiatives, actions and key performance indicators for water, sanitation and hygiene and social protection sectors.

trategic activities	Key performance Indicators	Lead sectors	Collaborating Sectors
Strategic objective 1: Improve the availability and accessible	ility of adequate, diversified, safe and nutritious foods for	· all in a sustainal	ple way.
Strategic direction 1: Improve the availability of adequate, a	diversified, safe and nutritious foods for all Citizens at al	l times.	
Strategic initiative 1: Ensure the provision of safe, adequate	and climate resilient water supply and sanitation services	s on sustainable ba	ases.
Strategic Actions	Performance indicators		
Undertake water supply and sanitation studies on water supply systems and sanitation services	No. of WSS study and design conducted	MoWIE	DPs, CSOs/NGOs & private sector
Undertake studies and construction of sewerage systems in major towns	<ul> <li>No. of towns with sewerage system studies and design conducted</li> <li>No. of towns with sewerage system constructed</li> </ul>		
Construction, rehabilitation and expansion of water supply schemes for rural and urban residents.	<ul> <li>Proportion of population and/or number of people served with access to pure water supply as per GTP-2 standards</li> </ul>	MoWIE	
Construction and rehabilitation of communal/public latrines in urban slums and informal settlement areas.	% of population or Number of people with access to improved latrine	МоН	
Construction/upgrading of basic latrine to new improved latrine	Number of Households with access to improved latrine	МоН	
Awareness creation at all levels to reduce water loss and water abuse.	% of population properly utilizing available water & reuse practices	MoWIE	
Strategic initiative 2: Promote adoption of good hygiene pracommunity.	ctices through planned interventions on awareness raising	g and capacity bui	lding of the
Strategic Actions	Performance indicators		
Organize and conduct awareness raising and hygiene education.	% of households' properly practicing personal hygiene.	МоН	DPs, CSOs/NGOs, media & private

trategic activities	Key performance Indicators	Lead sectors	Collaborating Sectors
Organize and conduct capacity building skill trainings on improved latrines construction and waste disposal pits.	<ul> <li>Proportion of households utilizing improved latrines.</li> <li>Number of people with adequate skill on construction and management of improved latrines.</li> </ul>		sector
Conduct advocacy and social mobilization campaigns on hygiene and environmental sanitation.	<ul> <li>% of open defecation free kebeles.</li> <li>% of kebeles with proper solid and liquid waste disposal provisions</li> </ul>		
Strategic initiative 3: Promote the use of sustainable and cost prone areas communities.	t effective technologies to expand water supply coverage	in rural, urban, a	rid and drought
Strategic Actions	Performance indicators		
Constructions of Rural multi village piped water supply system and/or small scale community managed water supply schemes where feasible  Construction of climate resilient water supply schemes	<ul> <li>% of population in rural, urban, arid and drought prone areas served with safe water supply as per GTP-2 standards and service levels</li> </ul>	MoWIE	DPs, CSOs/NGOs & private sector, universities and research institutions
from deep ground water and treated surface water sources.			
Use of renewable energy sources (solar and wind energy and biogas) as a source of power to run water supply systems in rural and urban areas.	Number of schemes utilizing renewable energy		
Strategic initiative 4: Promote access to improved sanitation	U. 1		
Strategic Actions	Performance indicators		
Strengthen the implementation of CLTSH/SLTSH and Sanitation marketing approaches	• % of open defecation free kebeles/Schools.	МоЕ & МоН	CSOs/NGOs & private sector
Create and strengthen sanitation marketing centers.	<ul> <li>Proportion of Woredas with at least one sanitation market centers.</li> </ul>	МоН	
Strategic initiative 5: Strengthen implementation of institution water, latrines, MHM facilities, urinals, hand washing and so		th full WASH page	ckages (drinking
Strategic Actions	Performance indicators		

trategic activities	Key performance Indicators	Lead sectors	Collaborating Sectors
Construction of water supply schemes in schools and health facilities.	<ul> <li>% of schools and/or health facilities with access to improved water supply system.</li> </ul>	MoWIE, MoE & MoH	MoWIE, CSOs/NGOs &
Construction of latrines, urinals, hand washing, waste disposal and placenta pits at schools and health facilities.	<ul> <li>% of schools and health facilities with access to improved latrines and other sanitation facilities</li> </ul>		private sector
Construction of MHM facilities and provision of necessary material support in schools (MHM rooms, sanitary pads, soap and water supply for cleaning and disposal facilities.	% of schools with proper MHM facilities installed/in place.	МоЕ	MoH, MoWIE, CSOs/NGOs & private sector
Organize school hygiene clubs and provide the necessary support in rural and urban schools	<ul> <li>Proportion of schools with functional school hygiene clubs established.</li> </ul>	МоЕ	
Strategic initiative 6: Adopt the use of standard guidelines, of	lesign and construction manuals and procedures for impr	oved sanitation fa	cilities construction.
Strategic Actions	Performance indicators		
Publication and dissemination of guidelines and design manuals developed by the MoE and MoH.	% of sanitation facilities properly constructed as per standard guidelines, and manuals.	MoH & MoE	DPs, CSOs/NGOs, Private sector
Organize capacity building trainings on the use of guidelines and design manuals to technicians and experts at lower levels	No of technicians who have applied improved construction techniques/ the training.		
Strategic initiative 7: Strengthen the role of the public sector aspects.	in the provision of water supply and sanitation services,	regulatory, suppo	ortive and facilitative
Strategic Actions	Performance indicators		
Conduct advocacy to high level decision makers	% of increase in government budget allocation in the sector.	MoWIE, MoH, MoE &	DPs, CSOs/NGOs, Private sector
Facilitate the creation of enabling environment and the necessary support to the private sector	<ul> <li>Number of private sectors engaged in the implementation of the services.</li> </ul>	MoF	
Regular monitoring and evaluation of program implementation and reporting.	Number of joint M&E missions conducted		
Strategic initiative 8: Strengthen the role of the private sector	r in the provision of water supply and sanitation services		
Strategic Actions	Performance indicators		

	Lead sectors	Collaborating Sectors
Proportion/Number of private sector actors involved in WASH implementation.	MoWIE, MoH & MoE	DPs, CSOs/NGOs, Private sector
No of private sector receiving tailor made trainings.		
inate labour exploitation to ensure food security.		
Performance indicators		
	MoLSA	MoJ, Labour union, Development partner
ganization working on food security.		
Performance indicators		
Number of services with standard	MoLSA	MoA,MoE, MoFA, Development partner
communications for food diversification		
Performance indicators		
Number of TDs beneficiary who attend the SBCC session	MoLSA	MoA,MoH,MoE, Development partners
	involved in WASH implementation.  No of private sector receiving tailor made trainings.  Inate labour exploitation to ensure food security.  Performance indicators  Number of cases reported and solved by the ministry  Number of follow focusing on work environment  rganization working on food security.  Performance indicators  Number of proposal reviewed and commented  Number of follow up and support  Number of services with standard  recommunications for food diversification  Performance indicators  Number of TDs beneficiary who attend the SBCC session	involved in WASH implementation.  No of private sector receiving tailor made trainings.  Innate labour exploitation to ensure food security.  Performance indicators  Number of cases reported and solved by the ministry  Number of follow focusing on work environment  Performance indicators  Number of proposal reviewed and commented Number of follow up and support Number of services with standard  Communications for food diversification  Performance indicators  Number of TDs beneficiary who attend the  MoLSA

Strategic direction 2: Improve the accessibility of safe, adequate and diversified nutritious foods for all in a sustainable way.

Strategic initiative 1: Strengthen the role of the community in planning, implementation, management, operation and maintenance of WASH schemes and services for sustained service delivery.

trategic activities	Key performance Indicators	Lead sectors	Collaborating Sectors
Strategic Actions	Performance indicators		
Ensure awareness of the general public on sustainable use of WASH services	<ul> <li>Improved awareness of the public on optimal use of WASH facilities</li> </ul>	MoWIE	DPs,
Promote economic use of water through the adoption of water tariffs and water metering	Increased revenue collection     Reduced wastage of water		CSOs/NGOs, Private sector
Establish WASHCOM's/Water Boards and caretakers for the management, operation and maintenance of WASH schemes.	<ul> <li>Proportion of WASH schemes with WASHCOMs/water boards established and strengthened.</li> </ul>		
Provide capacity building trainings to WASHCOM's/Water Boards and caretakers.	No of WASHCOMs/water boards trained		
Reduce the rate of unaccounted/ non-revenue water	Increased rate of functionality		
Reduce non-functionality of water supply systems and sanitation services	<ul> <li>Increased system efficiency (supply/utilization)</li> </ul>		
Establish spare parts supply chain and management systems	% of schemes having spare parts supply chain services for water supply schemes maintenance		
Strengthen water utilities in urban centers	No of water utilities strengthened		
Strategic Initiative 2: Provision and consistent use of safe	and adequate water supply, sanitation and hygiene f	acilities at	
<ul> <li>Ensure provision and consistent use of safe and adequate water supply to households</li> <li>Ensure provision, consistent use and maintenance of sanitation and hygiene facilities/supplies at community and household level</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Proportion of household with clean and safe drinking water supply</li> <li>Proportion of HH with latrine (improved latrine)</li> <li>Proportion of household with waste disposal sites</li> <li>Proportion of HH with hand-washing facility</li> </ul>	MoWIE	MoH, Media, DPsPrivate sector
Strategic initiative 3: Ensure the active participation of wom		naking in manage	ement.
Strategic Actions	Performance indicators		

trategic activities	Key performance Indicators	Lead sectors	Collaborating Sectors
Ensure Women representation (at least 50%) in the decision making structures of WASHCOMs and Water Boards.	• % of WASHCOMs and Water boards with >=50 per cent women members.	MoWIE	DPs, CSOs/NGOs, Private sector
Organize and conduct capacity building training to women in scheme operation, financial management etc.	Number of women trained in scheme operation and management.	MoWIE	DPs, CSOs/NGOs, Private sector
Strategic initiative 4: Strengthen efforts and systems that proto maximize water yields and quality and to maintain sustain		nservation and ma	nagement practices
Strategic Actions	Performance indicators		
Organize community mobilization events and conduct catchment protection works (construction of SWC structures, afforestation programmes etc.)	% of the population mobilized for catchment protection works     Area in hectares where in catchment protection works carried out	MoWIE	DPs, CSOs/NGOs, Private sector
Identify water safety risks and implement water safety plans.	% of water supply schemes with water safety plan in place.		
Provide capacity building trainings to organized water safety plan team members.	% of WSP team trained		
Strategic initiative 5: Reduce adverse impacts and increase p	positive impacts through better project design and operation	on.	
Strategic Actions	Performance indicators		
Organize and conduct trainings to technical personnel on project/program planning, implementation and M&E.	% of professionals trained	MoWIE, MoH & MoE	DPs, CSOs/NGOs, Private sector
Establish a platform to engage all concerned stakeholders in all steps of project/program planning, implementation and M&E.	Number of multi-stakeholder platforms established		
Strategic initiative 6: Strengthen social protection programs	for ensuring equitable distribution of resources.	1	
Strategic Actions	Performance indicators		
<ul> <li>Establish social protection fund at local level</li> <li>Engage in different fund schemes</li> <li>Encourage the establishment of collective</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Number of people who supports by the local community</li> <li>Number of people who receive start up loan</li> </ul>	MoLSA	MoH, MoA, MoE, Micro finance institution, DPS

trategic activities	Key performance Indicators	Lead sectors	Collaborating Sectors
<ul> <li>insurance system at local level</li> <li>Strengthen tradition social protection systems (edir, ekub, etc) to provide wider services</li> <li>Develop guidelines and manuals for the implementation social security systems</li> <li>Develop/Strengthen appropriate social protection strategies and programs</li> </ul>	Number of local social organization received techniqueal support		
Strategic initiative 7: Improve rural/urban livelihood compos			
Strategic Actions	Performance indicators		
<ul> <li>Promote productive safety net program.</li> <li>Promote job creation programs in the rural/urban areas.</li> <li>Enhance rural/urban credit system for the improvement of standard of life.</li> <li>Conduct adult education programs.</li> <li>Ensure social insurance system.</li> <li>Promote indigenous culture and custom for social well-being.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Number of PSNP beneficiaries receive livelihood support</li> <li>The amount of money dispersed as a loan.</li> </ul>	MoLSA	UJCFSA MoA, Tvt, small and micro finance institution.
Strategic initiative 8: Link PSNP-4 beneficiaries to the avail			
<ul> <li>Conduct house to house visit.</li> <li>Develop a data base and recurred the list of beneficiaries to avoid duplication of effort.</li> <li>Map available governmental and nongovernmental social service oriented institution.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Number of beneficiary's links to basic social services.</li> <li>Disaggregated and organized data of PSNP beneficiaries</li> </ul>	MoLSA	MoA, MoE, MoH Development partners
Strategic objective 3: Ensure the safety and quality of food	throughout the food value chain.		
Strategic direction 1: Ensure the safety and quality of water	<u> </u>		
Strategic initiative 1: Ensure provision of safe water from po			
Strategic Actions	Performance indicators	T	
Conduct water quality tests, improve construction quality and conveyance efficiency.	<ul> <li>% of water supply facilities tested/monitored for water quality. No of checks on</li> </ul>	MoWIE, MoH & MoE	DPs, CSOs/NGOs, Private sector

trategic activities	Key performance Indicators	Lead sectors	Collaborating Sectors
	construction and conveyance systems.		
Improve the capacity of water utilities	% of utilities strengthened	MoWIE	
Strengthening community based WASHCOMs	% of WASHCOMs strengthened	-	
Strategic initiative 2: Strengthen systems and efforts to enforwater supply (domestic, livestock, industrial, others etc.).	rce standards and guidelines for maintaining water qualit	y in all recognized	d water uses; e.g.
Strategic Actions	Performance indicators		
Prepare or update water quality standards and guidelines	Prepared water quality standards and guidelines	MoWIE & MoH	MoWIE, FMHACCA,
Properly implement water safety standards and guidelines	Proportion of institutions complying to water safety stardars	MoWIE & MoH	Standards Authority
Reinforce legal systems on water quality control	Established systems of control mechanisms/authorities	MoWIE & MoH	
Strategic initiative 3: Strengthen a system to conduct sound		y schemes.	
Strategic Actions	Performance indicators	T	T = = ==
Provide portable field test kits to carry out water quality analysis	• % of water supply schemes with water quality checks before & construction	MoWIE	МоН
Provide capacity building and financial support to regional and municipal water quality laboratories	% of water quality laboratories strengthened		
Provide trainings to technicians on water sample collection, water quality testing, analysis and use of laboratory equipment.	% of professionals trained on water quality testing and analysis.		
Strategic initiative 4: Ensure the implementation of a comprensure safe water provision and promote health of the societ		ring, surveillance	and treatment to
Strategic Actions	Performance indicators		
Provide trainings to experts and technicians on water safety plans implementation.	% of professionals trained on water safety plan preparation and implementation.	MoWIE & MoH	MoH, MoWIE, MoA, MoE
Prepare and properly implement water safety plans	% of water supply schemes with water safety plan in place		

trategic activities	Key performance Indicators	Lead sectors	Collaborating Sectors
Establish water quality monitoring and surveillance system.	% of schemes with water quality monitoring and surveillance system in place	МоН	
Provide trainings on water quality monitoring, surveillance and treatment	<ul> <li>% of professionals trained on water quality monitoring and surveillance.</li> </ul>		
Strategic initiative 5: Promote the use of household water tre	eatment technologies and safe storage for a safer consum	ption and better h	ealth.
Strategic Actions	Performance indicators		
Awareness creation on household water treatment, handling and safe storage.  Facilitate the applications of different HWTS options	% of households using house hold water treatment options and safe handling.	MoWIE & MoH	DPs, CSOs/NGOs, Private sector
Engage private sectors on provision and marketing of effective water treatment options		МоН	-
Strategic initiative 6: Promote basic hygiene behaviour and	practices to control WASH related and communicable dis	seases transmissio	n.
Strategic Actions	Performance indicators		
Raise awareness on benefits of hand washing, face and body hygiene	<ul> <li>% of population practicing hand washing with soap/substitute at critical moments</li> </ul>	МоН	MoWIE, NGOs/CSOs
Facilitate access to water supply and soap for hand washing, face and body hygiene at household levels.	<ul> <li>% of people with access to water supply and soap.</li> </ul>		
	% of population practicing hand, face and body washing		
Create awareness on menstrual hygiene management practices	% of women practicing improved menstrual hygiene management		
Conduct advocacy, employing mass media campaigns and IEC/BCC materials.	% of population with improved behavioral change		
Strategic initiative 7: Strengthen efforts to eliminate open de	fecation practices enhance environmental sanitation in ru	iral and urban are	as.
Strategic Actions	Performance indicators		
Implement awareness raising sessions on sanitation related problems and the construction use of latrines	% of open defecation free kebeles	МоН	Private sector, NGOs/CSOs
Supporting kebeles to become open defecation free			

trategic activities	Key performance Indicators	Lead sectors	Collaborating Sectors
Implement community led total sanitation (CLTSH) and sanitation marketing approaches.			
Strategic initiative 8: Protect water bodies from pollution ar	nd contamination.		
Strategic Actions	Performance indicators		
Sensitize and enforce institutions to comply with pollutants regulation proclamation, laws and standards.	% of institutions regulated and monitored for hazardous waste management.	MoWIE & ECCC	MoH, MoWIE, MoA,
Control indiscriminate discharge of industrial hazardous wastes and chemicals into water bodies without adequate treatment.			
Assess the impact of disposal systems on local water sources through detail surveys and studies.	% of disposal systems monitored		
Enforce institutions to implement environmental management plans	% of institutions implementing environmental management plan		
Strictly enforce legislative measures, water safety proclamation and laws			
Strategic objective 4: Improve the nutritional status of ped	ople with special focus on pregnant and lactating women	n, children and ac	dolescents.
Strategic direction 1: Improve the nutritional status of peo	ple with special focus on pregnant and lactating women	, children and ad	lolescents through
the provision of safe water and adequate sanitation services.		,	C
Strategic initiative 1: Ensure provision of safe water and add	equate sanitation services to pregnant and lactating wome	n, children and ac	lolescents.
Strategic Actions	Performance indicators		
Ensure the construction, rehabilitation and expansion of water supply schemes are suitable for pregnant and lactating women, children and adolescents.	No of water supply schemes with inclusive provisions for pregnant and lactating women children and adolescents.	MoWIE	MoWIE, MoH, CSOs/NGOs, utilities, private sector

Ensure water supply and sanitation design standards and manuals incorporate the needs of women, children and

adolescents.

% of designs manuals and guidelines with

inclusive provisions.

trategic activities	Key performance Indicators	Lead sectors	Collaborating Sectors
Conduct training on inclusive design and implementation for special needs	<ul> <li>Number of trainings on inclusive design and implementation.</li> </ul>		
Strategic initiative 2: Ensure the adoption of inclusive desig differently able people.	ns in WASH facilities construction and equity to address	the needs of won	nen, children and
Strategic Actions	Performance indicators		
Construction and maintenance of women, child and disability friendly WASH facilities (i.e. ramps, accessible toilets, and water taps etc.) for communities and institutions (schools and health care facilities).	% of WASH facilities with inclusive designs- gender and differently able people friendly latrines & WSS.	MoWIE & MoH	DPs, CSOs/NGOs, Associations for disability
Strengthen women development groups to improve implementation of hygiene and environmental health activities for vulnerable groups.	Proportion of women groups organized/strengthened and mobilized		
Organize consultative meetings with persons with disabilities and ensure their participation in the planning and implementation of WASH facilities.	Proportion of persons with disabilities organized and consulted.		
Strategic initiative 3: Take special measures to reduce the vertacilities and services.	ulnerability of women to environmental health risks emar	nating from inadeo	quate WASH
Strategic Actions	Performance indicators		
Take measures to relieve women from the huge burden of fetching and carrying water for the family.	% of water schemes constructed in the nearby to villages and homes.	MoWIE	CSOs/NGOs, private sector
Provide tailored trainings to women with a focus on environmental health problems and prevention.	% of women organized and trained on environmental health	МоН	
Strategic direction 2: Ensure that employers and employee i	n both private and public sector adhere with the labor law	. laws.	
Strategic initiative 1: Promote the Ethiopian labour law to en	nsure the right of people with special need.		
Strategic Actions	Performance indicators		

trategic activities	Key performance Indicators	Lead sectors	Collaborating Sectors
<ul> <li>Conduct timely monitoring of different organization and inspect the implementation of labour laws favouring special need.</li> <li>Create awareness about maternity leave for different employers to ensure child breast feeding</li> <li>Create awareness about maternity leave for different employers to ensure maternity and paternity leaves</li> <li>Ensure employment and reasonable wage is paid for people with disabilities to ensure their food and nutritional need.</li> <li>Ensure employees have access to legal support to contribute for their pension</li> <li>Encourage of the establishment of community-based geriatrics centers for sustainable use through community mobilization, private sector engagement, tax contribution</li> <li>Define standards for ensured nutrition for disabled groups</li> <li>Ensure people with disabilities have access to technology /support devices</li> <li>Ensure that disabled people preferential treatment in terms of employment, placement, and engaging them income generating activities.</li> <li>Ensure Medias are advocating to address discrimination to people with disabilities through appropriate technologies/channels.</li> <li>Strategic initiative 2: Ensure that women working in the fact</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Number of cases reported and solved,</li> <li>Number of training given to employer and employee</li> <li>Number of disable who have access to technology, preferential treatment.</li> <li>Number of elderly having community/legal support</li> </ul>	MoLSA  sive activities	MoJ, Attorney General, MoWCY, Development partner
Strategic Actions	Performance indicators		
<ul> <li>Organize awareness creative training to employers and employees</li> <li>Ensure that pregnant and lactating women are</li> </ul>	Number of pregnant employed women assigned to non-labor intensive activities	MoLSA	MoA, MoH, DPs

trategic activities	Key performance Indicators	Lead sectors	Collaborating Sectors
assigned to non-labor intensive activities			
Strategic initiative 3: Ensure that women have equal job opp			
Strategic Actions	Performance indicators		
<ul> <li>Facilitate labour inspection follow up at all level</li> <li>Organize awareness creation training to employers and employees</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Number of employed women.</li><li>Number of training given.</li></ul>	MoLSA	MoJ, Attorney General, MoWCY, Development partner
Strategic initiative 4: Ensure that women assigned in factoric reproductive role		loiting areas cons	idering their
Strategic Actions	Performance indicators		
<ul> <li>Facilitate labour inspection follow up at all level.</li> <li>Organize awareness creative training to employers and employees</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Number of employed women working in less labour intensive area.</li> <li>Number of training given.</li> </ul>	MoLSA	MoJ, Attorney General, MoWCY, Development partner
Strategic initiative 5: Promote healthy family development a	and social stability.		
Strategic Actions	Performance indicators		
<ul> <li>Ensure reasonable wage is paid for labourers (men and women) to ensure their food and nutritional need</li> <li>Facilitate labour inspection follow up at all level.</li> <li>Organize awareness creative training to employers and employees</li> <li>Strengthening the institutional mechanisms that provide supportive environment for a coordinated response to the nutritional demands of Orphans/street children</li> <li>Follow up on implementation of existing policy guide formulated for orphans and vulnerable children</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Improved health and productivity of employees</li> <li>Number of wages revised for daily labor of various jobs</li> <li>Number of Orphans/street children who have got legal and institutional support.</li> </ul>	MoLSA	MoJ, Attorney General, MoWCY, Development partner

trategic activities	Key performance Indicators	Lead sectors	Collaborating Sectors
Strategic initiative 6: Support the implementation of PSNP.			
Strategic Actions	Performance indicators		
<ul> <li>Ensure permanent direct support clients linkage to social services such as Community Care Coalitions (CCC)</li> <li>Self help groups organized for the elderly or disabled</li> <li>NGO programmes supporting specific target groups</li> <li>Appropriate elements of the Health Extension Programme and availability of fee waivers to support medical expenses of poor households</li> </ul>	Number of clients linked to social service	MoLSA	MoJ, Attorney General, MoWCY, Development partner
Strategic objective 5: Improve the nutritional status of people circumstances, people that need special support and care.  Strategic direction 1: Improve the nutritional status of people circumstances, people that need special support and care.			
Strategic initiative 1: Ensure provision of safe water and ade people that need special support and care.	equate sanitation services to people with communicable a	nd non- communi	cable diseases and
Strategic Actions	Performance indicators		
Construction, rehabilitation and expansion of water supply schemes to ensure special needs.  Create awareness on special needs	<ul> <li>% of special needs population with access to the services</li> <li>No of awareness raising sessions conducted on special needs.</li> </ul>	MoWIE	MoWIE, MoH, CSOs/NGOs, utilities, private sector
Strategic initiative 2: Ensure the adoption of food safety man	nagement systems and good hygienic practices.		
Strategic Actions	Performance indicators		
Implement safe storage and handling of food at household levels.	% of households implementing good hygienic practices and food safety management	МоН	CSOs/NGOs, research
Conduct different trainings on food hygiene and safety at community level.	No of trainings conducted on food hygiene and safety		institutions
Introduce innovative technologies for proper food hygiene and safety.	No of innovative technologies introduced/     Reduced failure rate		

trategic activities	Key performance Indicators	Lead sectors	Collaborating Sectors
Strategic initiative 3: Ensure vulnerable groups (PLHIV, TB obese, etc.) are getting appropriate support.	patients, Orphans, disabled people, elderly, street children	en, jobless individ	uals, morbidly
	D		
Strategic Actions	Performance indicators		<u> </u>
• Ensure all vulnerable groups get appropriate	Number of vulnerable people having		
nutrition support	preventive and curative treatment		
• Ensure social safety net program address all the	Number of PSNP clients who have got health		
vulnerable groups	services		
• Ensure malnourished PLHIV and TB patients get	Number of vulnerable people who have got		
appropriate treatment and medical services	nutritional treatment		
• Promote and support income generating activities	Number of vulnerable people who have got		
for PLHIV and TB patients	financial support		
	Number of people with NCD having social		
	security support		
Strategic objective 6: Strengthen the national capacity to n response.			
Strategic direction 1: Strengthen the national capacity to n response.	nanage natural and manmade food and nutrition emerg	gencies with timel	y and appropriate
Strategic initiative 1: Establish/strengthen emergency prepare	redness, response and recovery systems.		
Strategic Actions	Performance indicators		
Strategic Actions Establish a multi-stakeholder coordinating structures and	Performance indicators     Multi-stakeholder coordinating structure in	NDRMC,	DPs, CSOs/NGOs,
		MoWIE,	DPs, CSOs/NGOs, Private sector
Establish a multi-stakeholder coordinating structures and	Multi-stakeholder coordinating structure in	MoWIE, MoH, MoA,	· ·
Establish a multi-stakeholder coordinating structures and task force at all levels.	Multi-stakeholder coordinating structure in place at all levels.	MoWIE,	· ·
Establish a multi-stakeholder coordinating structures and task force at all levels.  Prepare emergency preparedness, response and recovery	<ul> <li>Multi-stakeholder coordinating structure in place at all levels.</li> <li>Number of emergency plans prepared and</li> </ul>	MoWIE, MoH, MoA,	· ·
Establish a multi-stakeholder coordinating structures and task force at all levels.  Prepare emergency preparedness, response and recovery plans.	<ul> <li>Multi-stakeholder coordinating structure in place at all levels.</li> <li>Number of emergency plans prepared and implemented</li> </ul>	MoWIE, MoH, MoA,	· ·

emergency preparedness

emergency sites

• WSS service delivery systems in place for

sector for an emergency preparedness.

system on food and nutrition emergency sites.

Establish a water supply and sanitation services delivery

trategic activities	Key performance Indicators	Lead sectors	Collaborating Sectors
Raise the awareness and participation of the community in emergency preparedness and response activities.	% of communities mobilized for emergency preparedness		
Organize trainings to professionals and decision makers in emergency preparedness and response.	<ul> <li>No of professionals and decision makers trained</li> </ul>		
Strengthen early warning information system on flood and drought	Reduced rate of damage or incidence on life and property		
Strategic initiative 2: Build resilience in urban, rural and dro and social sustainability and implementation of climate resil		promoting environ	mental, financial
Strategic Actions	Performance indicators		
Conduct catchment protection and conservation of water resources.	<ul> <li>Proportions of water resources treated with catchment protection works.</li> </ul>	MoWIE, MoA	CSOs/NGOs
Conduct water resources potential assessment and ground water mapping.	<ul> <li>Proportion of climate resilient areas identified, quantified and mapped.</li> </ul>	MoWIE	
Implement Climate Resilient Water Safety Plans (CR-WSP)	% of water supply schemes with water safety plans in place.	MoWIE, MoH	
Carry out Environmental safeguards and mitigation measures.	% of water supply schemes screened and with environmental management plans.	MoWIE, ECCC	
Strategic initiative 3: Enhance capacities and opportunities f	For improving and sustaining food security livelihood asse	ets and strategies	
Strategic Actions	Performance indicators		
Promote the livelihood component of PSNP4	Number of PSNP client engage in livelihood component	MoLSA	DRMC, MoA, MoH, TvT, Small and micro finance institution Development partners.
Strategic initiative 4: Enhance support to appropriate social including urban	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	ns and chronically	food insecure area
Strategic Actions	Performance indicators		
Promote PSNP4 and UPSNP	Number of PSNP4 and UPSNP beneficiaries	MoLSA	

trategic activities	Key performance Indicators	Lead sectors	Collaborating Sectors
Strategic initiative 5: Ensure that the programmes provide ac	dequate and nutritious foods according to different physic	ological and regio	nal demands.
Strategic Actions	Performance indicators		
Follow up the appropriateness of resource transfer	<ul> <li>Number of beneficiaries receive adequate nutritional food</li> </ul>	MoLSA	
Strategic initiative 6: Establish and promote livelihood insur	ance schemes to cushion and support communities to rec	cover from emerge	encies
Strategic Actions	Performance indicators		
Promote PSNP 4 livelihood component	Number of PSNP4 and UPSNP beneficiaries		
Strategic objective 7: Improve the nutrition literacy of indithe uptake of nutrition services.	viduals, families and communities along the food value	chain to make in	formed decision on
Strategic direction 1: Improve the nutrition literacy of indithe uptake of nutrition services.	viduals, families and communities along the food value	chain to make in	formed decision on
Strategic initiative 1: Strengthen community platforms for ca	apacity building and participatory management of WASI	H schemes and fac	ilities.
Strategic Actions	Performance indicators		
Raise awareness in communities to develop sense of ownership and responsibilities for the management, O&M of WASH facilities.	Number of community development groups and WASHCOMs strengthened	MoWIE	DPs, CSOs/NGOs, private sector
Create awareness to communities on the nutritional impact of water consumption and utilization.	Proportion of community members who have awareness about nutritional impact of water	MoH, MoWIE	
Strategic initiative 2: Enhance the capacity and raise awaren	ess of the community in WASH related problems.		
Strategic Actions	Performance indicators		
Enhancing the capacity of the community, religious leaders, cultural clan leaders and other social networks.	% of the community, religious leaders and social networks strengthened	MoWIE & MoH	Community mobilization offices, DPs, CSOs/NGOs
Strategic initiative 3: Ensure households in the PSNP worda	s are targeted properly for direct case based food or cash	n support	

trategic activities	Key performance Indicators	Lead sectors	Collaborating Sectors
<ul> <li>Promote equity in selection of PSNP targets</li> <li>Ensure the most vulnerable (elders, disables, orphans, street children's, chronically ills,) are getting appropriate counseling and food support</li> <li>Ensure the social protection social mobilization and communication mechanisms are addressing the vulnerable populations</li> <li>Ensure the social protection social mobilization and communication mechanisms are addressing the vulnerable populations.</li> <li>Ensure the involvement of community member in the selection and targeting of the most vulnerable (elders, disables, orphans, street children's, chronically ills,) groups in the social safety net programs.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Decreasing number of complaint in the targeting process</li> <li>Number of vulnerable received food support</li> <li>Number of vulnerable people receive different social protection intervention</li> <li>Number of supportive supervisions conducted</li> <li>Number of trainings provided</li> </ul>	MoLSA	MoH, MoA, DRMC, MoWCY, Development partners
Strategic objective 8: Create a functional governance body implementing sectors.	for strengthening the coordination and integration of f	ooa ana nutrition	n policy
Strategic direction 1: Create a functional governance body implementing sectors.	for strengthening the coordination and integration of f	food and nutrition	ı policy
Strategic initiative 1: Strengthen the governance structure an	nd sectoral coordination at all levels.		
Strategic Actions	Performance indicators		
Establish appropriate coordinating structures or strengthen the existing system to coordinate the different sector ministries.	% of functional WASH coordinating structure established and strengthened at all levels.	MoWIE, MoH & MoE, MoF	DPs, CSOs/NGOs, Private sector, community
Establish/strengthen National & Regional Steering Committees.	NWSC/RWSC established at all levels		
Establish technical committees and working groups from each sector.	Number of functional technical committees and sectoral working groups organized		

• Number of program management units

organized in each sector

Strategic initiative 2: Enhance networking, partnership and learning platforms.

Establish/strengthen program management units in each sector ministries.

Strategic Actions Performance indicators

trategic activities	Key performance Indicators	Lead sectors	Collaborating Sectors
Facilitate networking with Universities and research institutions.	Number of functional networks established.	MoWIE, MoH & MoE, MoF	DPs, CSOs/NGOs, Universities,
Liaise and network with national, regional and global platforms and initiatives for shared learning and capacity building.			institutio
Organize periodic multi-stakeholder forums at all levels as a platform for learning and sharing.	<ul> <li>Number of multi-stakeholder forums organized</li> </ul>		
Facilitate and support research and survey activities in the WASH sector.	<ul> <li>Number of researches and evidences generated in the WASH sector</li> </ul>		
Strategic initiative 3: Strengthen Monitoring, and evaluation	systems.		
Strategic Actions	Performance indicators		
Organize and conduct regular steering committee meetings at all levels.	<ul> <li>Number of steering committee meetings organized at all levels.</li> </ul>	MoWIE, MoH & MoE, MoF	DPs, CSOs/NGOs, Private sector,
Conduct joint reviews and monitoring of programmes.	Number of joint reviews and monitoring missions carried out		community
Conduct joint reviews and implementation support missions to regions, woredas and towns.			
Establish baseline and conduct mid and end term performance evaluations.	Number of performance evaluations undertaken.		
Conduct sector wide inventory of WASH facilities and services and establish WASH MIS.	Functional WASH inventory/MIS System in place		
Prepare periodic activity and financial reports and submit to the NWSC	The level of precise and quality data generated in the sector for decision making.		
Strategic initiative 4: Ensure employers and employees in bo		e laws	
Strategic Actions	Performance indicators	Γ	
Make supportive supervision program	Number of supportive supervisions conducted	MoLSA	MoH,MoA, Development partners
Strategic initiative 5: Ensure provision of facilities for breast	t-feeding and care of infants at places of work and in the	community	paturo

trategic activities	Key performance Indicators	Lead sectors	Collaborating Sectors
Strategic Actions	Performance indicators		
Promote childcare center in each organization	Number of childcare centers	MoLSA	
Strategic initiative 6: Promote nutrition sensitive job creatio quantity meat at rural market, milk	ns to increase availability and accessibility of nutritious	diet to mothers. E.	g availing small
Strategic Actions	Performance indicators		
Conduct labour market assessment	Number of available jobs occupied by women	MOISA	
Strategic objective 9: Ensure sustainable and adequate fin financing mechanisms to translate the policy into action.	ancing through government treasury, development par	tners' allocation a	ind innovative
Strategic direction 1: Ensure sustainable and adequate fin financing mechanisms to translate the policy into action.	ancing through government treasury, development par	tners' allocation o	and innovative
Strategic initiative 1: Ensure adequate government budget a	llocation for the implementation of WASH programs.		
Increase Government commitment and allocation of funds (Federal, Regional, Woreda & towns).	The proportion/share of government funding to the sector	MoWIE, MoH, MoE, & MoF	Federal and regional governments, DPs, CSOs/NGOs, Private sector
Strategic initiative 2: Strengthen efforts to mobilize funds the community.	rough increasing engagement of development partners,	CSOs/NGOs, the p	private sector and the
Strategic Actions	Performance indicators		
Conduct advocacy and mobilize fund from development partners ( donors, CSOs/NGOs)	The proportion/share of donors funding to support the sector	MoWIE, MoH, MoE,	Federal and regional
Facilitate the implementations of NGO managed projects.	<ul> <li>Proportion of NGO managed projects implemented</li> </ul>	& MoF	governments, DPs, CSOs/NGOs,
Strengthen the private sector engagement in financing of programmes and projects.	Proportion of WASH programmes/projects financed and managed by the private sector		Private sector
Strategic initiative 3: Promote local self-financing of WASF	ų į i		
Strategic Actions	Performance indicators		

trategic activities	Key performance Indicators	Lead sectors	Collaborating Sectors
Conduct advocacy and mobilize resources from banks and micro finance institutions (support and/or credit access).	Proportion of self-financed WASH schemes implemented/The level of access to credit from banks & microfinance institution		
Strategic initiative 4: Establish and strengthen cost-sharing/r capacity building costs.	recovery arrangements to share the capital, O&M and		
Strategic Actions	Performance indicators		
Conduct advocacy and community mobilization to raise awareness of the community on cost sharing.	<ul> <li>Proportion of community mobilized or participated in cost sharing awareness raising.</li> </ul>		
Strengthen community contribution (money, labor & material).	Proportion of program budget covered with community contributions		
Strategic initiative 5: Promote the 'user-pay' principles and	increase revenue collection.		
Strategic Actions	Performance indicators		
Set water tariffs in rural and urban areas in line with policy direction.	<ul> <li>Updated water tariffs put in place/ Increased revenue collected from sale of water/payment for services.</li> </ul>		
Strategic initiative 6: Strengthen the capacity of government implementation and monitoring.		ership, planning, b	udgeting, and
Strategic Actions	Performance indicators		
<ul> <li>Conduct capacity building training</li> <li>Develop capacity on resource mobilization and food and nutrition investment tracking system</li> <li>Develop service providers data base</li> <li>Develop advocacy strategies to promote nutrition investment in sectoral programs.</li> <li>Strengthen service delivery capacity and accountability system at all levels to build trust</li> <li>Developed and sign MoU among different sectors.</li> <li>Create a favorable environment to attract more</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Number of training given</li> <li>Organized data of service providers.</li> <li>Availability of skilled labour</li> <li>Proportion of budget covered from government and DPs</li> <li>Number of MoUs signed between MoLSA and other partners</li> </ul>	MoLSA	MoF, MoH, MoA, Development partners

private sectors investments on food and nutrition Trained more work force on food and nutrition Strengthen partnership with national, regional and

trategic activities	Key performance Indicators	Lead sectors	Collaborating Sectors		
global institutions and organizations for learning,					
research, technology transfer and acquisitions of resources					
<ul> <li>Align programs and resources with the food and</li> </ul>					
nutrition policy priorities.					
<ul> <li>Strengthening the capacity at to the government to</li> </ul>					
for resource mobilization for implementing food					
and nutrition policy					
<ul> <li>Strengthen public private partnership for technology transfer and acquisitions of resources.</li> </ul>					
Strategic objective 10: Build the institutional capacities of	food and nutrition policy implementing sectors with hu	 man resource res	eearch and		
technological development.	good and nan aton poncy inflictmenting sectors with hi		caron ana		
Strategic direction 1: Build the institutional capacities of fe	ood and nutrition policy implementing sectors with hun	nan resource, rese	arch and		
technological development.					
Strategic initiative 1: Ensure the availability and maximum u	ntilization of human and financial resources in the WASI	H sector for enhan	ced service delivery.		
Establish appropriate structure at all level and sectors.	<ul> <li>The level of increased efficiency and</li> </ul>	MoWIE, MoH	CSOs/NGOs, the		
	effectiveness of program implementation.	& MoE, MoF	private sector		
Avail skilled professionals at all levels and sectors.	No of skilled professionals mobilized				
Create enabling environment and good working	Investment in working environment and				
conditions.	incentive mechanism.				
Avail the necessary logistics support (vehicles, motor bikes, office equipment, different software etc.)	Availability of required logistics				
Strengthen WASH M&E and MIS Data management	<ul> <li>Strengthened functional MIS System/The level of quality data generated</li> </ul>				
Strategic initiative 2: Develop and implement a comprehensive and cascaded capacity building plan to strengthen the technical capacities of professionals to deal with different aspects of WASH program implementation.					
Conduct capacity gaps or need assessments in the different WASH implementing sectors.	Identified capacity gaps in the sector	MoWIE, MoH & MoE	TVETCs, Universities,		
Organize and conduct tailored capacity building trainings	Number of professionals trained		Research		
to professionals in a range of priority aspects at all levels.	Level of improved performances in implementation	1	institutions		

trategic activities	Key performance Indicators	Lead sectors	Collaborating Sectors
Organize and conduct experience sharing and exposure visits.	<ul> <li>Number of experience sharing events organized</li> </ul>		
Facilitate networking with Universities and research institutions.	<ul> <li>Number of functional networks established with Universities, research institutions</li> </ul>		
Prepare and disseminate WASH guidelines, manuals and other relevant training materials.	<ul> <li>Number of implementation guidelines developed and disseminated</li> </ul>		
Provide training and technical assistance to water utilities to improve utility management.	% of utilities provided with technical assistance		
Strategic objective 11: Enhance evidence generation for d	ecision-making, learning and accountability		
Strategic initiative 1: Collaborate on advocacy strategies to i	increase the involvement of local and international invest	ors on nutrition	
<ul> <li>Establish a strong data base and system for real-time data collection on food and nutrition related information.</li> <li>Develop and install single registry data base.</li> </ul>	Reduced duplication of effort	MoLSA	MoA, MoH, MoE, Development partners

## 5.7 Strategic Objective 7: Improve the nutrition literacy of individuals, families and communities along the food value chain to make informed decision on the uptake of diversified, safe, adequate and nutritious food and nutrition services

Strategic objective seven aims at improving the nutrition literacy of individuals, households, and communities thereby improving the uptake of diversified, safe, adequate and nutritious food, and nutrition services. The objective mainly focuses on improving the nutrition knowledge, attitude, and practice among individuals, households and communities to overcome the burden of different forms of malnutrition. This strategic objective has three strategic directions; namely nutrition literacy at individual level, nutrition literacy at household level, and nutrition literacy at community level. There are strategic initiatives, activities and indicators under each strategic direction that will be implemented and realized through multisectoral collaborations (Table 7).

Table 6: Strategic directions, initiatives, actions and key performance indicators for nutrition literacy of individuals, families and communities along the food value chain to make informed decision on the uptake of diversified, safe, adequate and nutritious food and nutrition services.

Strategic Direction 1: Improve the nutrition literacy of the community through strengthening the		Lead	Collaborate Sectors
policy environment		Sectors	
Strategic Initiative 1: Explore and Use Societal Value and Practice that impact nutrition			
Strategic Action	Key Performance Indicator		
Assess the dietary practice of the community in	# of national researches conducted	EPHI, MOH	All sectors
collaboration with higher education institution and	Presence of data on dietary practice of the		
research center	community at national leve;l		
Conduct research on key barriers of healthy	# of national researches on helthy dietary practice	EPHI, MOH	All sectors
practice	Barriers of healthy dietary practices identified		
Scale up indigenous positive traditional practice to	# of positive traditional practices identified	EPHI	
inform nutrition promotion and communication			
intervention			
Establish a mechanism to capacitate the food and	Number of food and nutrition champions,	MOH	All sectors
nutrition gatekeepers, champions and celebrities	gatekeepers, decision makers, celebrities trained on		
(influential individuals) at all levels to advocate	food and nutrition		
food and nutrition agenda to all			
Strategic Initiative 2: Enhance use of multiple med			
Strategic Action	Key Performance Indicator		
Advocate and use mass media and social media	# of medias with regular broadcasting program on	PM Office	
	Food and Nutrition issues		
Disseminate/broadcast key food and nutrition	Number of media agencies that allocated airtime		
messages for individuals on diversified and healthy	for food and nutrition messages dissemination		
diets, lifestyles and optimal nutrition, physical	Amout of airtime allocated for food and nutrition		
activity, etc.	messages		
Establish mechanism for sharing food and nutrition	# of Food and Nutrition bulletin published and	MOH	
information update timely	shared timely		
Strengthen the capacity of media personnel on Food	# of media personnel trained on Food and Nutrition	МОН	
and Nutrition			
Explore and Adopt New communication	# of new technologies adopted and utilized for food	MInT	
technologies to improve nutrition literacy	and nutrition communication		

Strategic Initiative 3: Enhance capacity at all level to	deliver Food and Nutrition Communication activities		
Strategic Action	Key Performance Indicator		
Conduct National and regional Food and Nutrition	# of FN communication capacity Assessments	EPHI	
Communication capacity assessment	conducted		
Strengthen/Establish Technical Working groups on	Presence of Food and nutrition TWG at all levels	MOH	
Food and Nutrition Communication at all level			
Strengthen collaboration with higher education	# of institution with extra curricular nutrition literacy		
institutions for nutrition literate human power	program(mini media, nutrition club,)		
production			
Strategic Initiative 4: Develop mechanism to capacitation	citate the policy and decision makers on food and		
nutrition issues			
Strategic Action	Key Performance Indicators		
Improve awareness of policy and decision makers	# of advocacy events conducted at different level for	MOH	
on food and nutrition issues including latest	decision makers		
evidences.			
Advocate for Integration C4D/SBCC on MIYCF	# of sectors integrated SBCC intervention into their	All sectors	
framework into sectoral plans	sectoral plan		
Sensitize all sectors to have budget line for food	# of sectors that allocated budget for food and	All sectors	
and nutrition promotion	nutrition promotion		
Strategic Direction 2: Improve the nutrition literac			
Strategic Initiative 1: Ensure institutional capacity			
Strategic Action	<b>Key Performance Indicators</b>		
Strengthen the capacity of health facilities and	Percentage of Health facility providing regular food	МОН	
health service providers on providing food and	and nutrition education.		
nutrition education, and services	# of health workers/HEWs trained on food and		
	nutrition topic		
Strengthen the capacity of schools and teachers on	Percentage of schools providing regular food and	MOE	MOH, Media,
providing food and nutrition education,	nutrition education to students		
	# of teachers trained on food and nutrition topics		
Strengthen the capacity of food and nutrient	Percentage of suppliers providing information on	MOTI, FDA	МОН
suppliers, producers, on providing information on	Food safety and quality to their customers		
safe, adequate and quality food to customers	Perecet of actors on the value chaine trained of		
	nutrition SBCC		
Strengthen the capacity of Farmer Training centers	Percentage of FTC providing regular food and	MOA	МОН
in providing food and nutrition education and	nutrition education to farmers		
services	# of AEW trained on food and nutrition topic		

Strengthen the regulatory capacity of food safety and quality professionals (inspectors, regulators, etc)	# of regulatory body who conduct regular monitoring of Food and nutrition communication activities # of food safety and quality non-compliance reports	FDA	МОН
Strategic Initiative 2 : Ensure institutional capacit the values chain	ty on awareness of food quality and safety along		
Strategic Action	<b>Key Performance Indicators</b>		
•Build the capacity of food and drink manufacturer to produce fortified food with good quality and safety for targeted individuals	Percent of food and drink manufacturers aware of the food safety and quality measures	FDA, MOIT	All sectors
Develop and disseminate SBCC materials on food safety and quality (in protecting food adulteration, misbranding, mislabelling, toxin contamination).	# of SBCC materials with different types developed on food safety and quality	FDA, MOIT	All sectors
Strategic Initiative 3: Enhance the nutrition litera different sectors developmental plan	cy through integration of Food and Nutrition in		
Strategic Action	Key Performance Indicator		
Develop nutrition literacy plan	# of sectors developed nutrition literacy plan # of sectors developed sector specific tools for SBCC	All Sectors	
Establish/strengthen food and nutrition clubs, minimedias in schools	Percentage of schools with mini media for promotion of Food and Nutrition Percentage of schools with nutrition clubs	MOE	
Promote food and nutrition education through school feeding programs as a platform	Percentage of school providing food and nutrition message using school feeding platform	MOE	
Promote school food and nutrition counselling services in schools and out of schools	# of schools providing nutrition counselling services	MOE	
Ensure food and nutrition topics are well incorporated into teachers training curriculum	Percentage of teachers training centres that incorporated Food and nutrition topic in their curricula	МОЕ	
<ul> <li>Provide training for food and nutrition handlers, producers, suppliers on food safety and quality</li> <li>Avail the necessary food and nutrition education and counselling kits for all health facilities</li> <li>Develop and disseminate SBCC tools, training</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Number of food and nutrition suppliers, handlers, producers trained on standards food and nutrition training</li> <li>Number of food and nutrient inspectors, regulators trained on food and nutrition</li> <li>Number of food and nutrition champions, gatekeepers, decision makers, media</li> </ul>		

manuals and guidelines to Health service providers  • Develop and disseminate SBCC tools, training manuals and guidelines / standards, directives to inspectors, regulators etc  • Develop and disseminate SBCC tools, training manuals and guidelines / standards, to food handlers, processors, and supplies etc  • Provide training for Health service providers on food and nutrition education and services	Number of hea and nutrition materials, guide Number of media prinutrition	aining on food and nutrition lth facilities equipped with food commodities, supplies ASBCC lines, standards, rofessionals trained on food and				
Strategic Direction 3 Improve nutrition literacy at						
Strategic Initiative: Improve nutrition literacy throug						
Strategic Action	Key performance l					
Mapping of existing community networks /platforms (WDA/ADA/, CCC/Dagu, parent- teacher association, KWASHO (Water committee)	Number of identified community platforms/networks M		MOA	MOA MOLSA, MOE, MWYCA, MOV other sectors		•
Enhance communication and facilitation skill and knowledge of community workers (HEWs/AEWs/WDA/ADA/PTA etc	# of community workers trained on communication and facilitation skills		MOH	I, MOA	MOLSA, MOE MOWIE DP and	·
Engage community influential (clan leaders, religious leaders, Elders) for promotion of Food and nutrition issues				stry of e/MOLSA	MOLSA, MOE MOWIE DP and	
Strategic Direction 4 : Improve nutrition literacy	of individuals and fa	amilies				
Strategic Initiative 1: Increase the individuals' for nutritional practices  Strategic Actions  • Disseminate/broadcast key food and nutrindividuals on diversified and healthy doptimal nutrition, physical activity, etc.  • Use food and nutrition professionals, gate and decision makers to disseminate approximate appro	ition messages for iets, lifestyles and keepers, champions	<ul> <li>Performance indicators</li> <li>Percentage of individuals rewith food and nutrition mest through media</li> <li>Proportion of individuals rewithing</li> </ul>	ached ssages ached	Media, MO	OH MOWCY, MOE, MOA	
nutrition messages for specific targets	propriate food and with Nutrition Champion's messages		,1011 3			
Strategic Initiative 2 : Improve the capacity of farmers in diversifying their production			MOA	МОН,		
Strategic Actions Performance Indicators			MWIE,			

<ul> <li>Improve knowledge and practice of individual farmer on selection of nutritionally improved nutrient rich crops, vegetables and fruits, animal source foods</li> <li>Promote and support individual farmers skill on backyard gardening caged poultry, small ruminant raring and fishery,</li> <li>Engage religious and community elders to address food taboos and cultural constraints</li> <li>Strategic Initiative 3: Improve knowledge and practice on clear</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Proportion of farmers aware of nutrient rich crop diversification</li> <li>Proportion of farmers with skill on backyard gardening</li> <li>Proportion of individuals reached by religious and community elders on Food and nutrition messages</li> <li>and safe water for individuals and</li> </ul>	MOWIE	MOH,
households	D		Media, MOTI,
Strategic actions	Performance indicators		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
o Increase knowledge and practices of individuals on personal, food and	o Proportion of individuals with		MOA
environmental hygiene and sanitation  o Promote the prevention of fluorosis through de-fluoridation of	adequate Knowledge and practice about sanitation and hygiene		
drinking water	Percent of household using locally		
• Promote safety and quality of water	appropriate water defloration methods		
Promote personal and environmental hygiene	appropriate water deficitation methods		
Strategic Initiative 4: Ensure mechanisms effective targeting of the	vulnerable population in emergency		
response			
Strategic actions	Performance indicators		
<ul> <li>Promote equity in selection of PSNP targets</li> </ul>	• Proportion of direct		
<ul> <li>Develop and implement ASBCC tools for PSNP beneficiaries</li> </ul>	beneficiaries attended the BCC		
	sessions		
	ASBCC tools developed and		
	implemented	14011 1404	EED A
Strategic initiative 5: Improve knowledge and practice of households and safety	related to food preparation, hygiene	MOH, MOA	EFDA, Media,
Strategic actions	Performance indicators		MOWIE
Develop and disseminate household specific food and nutrition	• SBCC materials on		
ASBCC material on consumption of diversified and nutrient	consumption of diversified and		
dense food, food preparation and handling, household and	nutrient dense food, food		
environmental sanitation	preparation and handling,		
<ul> <li>Develop and disseminate area specific culturally accepted recipe</li> </ul>	household and environmental		
• Provide food and nutrition education to households on the	sanitation developed		
			i l
consumption of culturally accepted diversified and nutritious diet.	Culturally accepted household specific recipes developed		

Develop a platform to alert households on food adulteration, misbranding, mislabeling, toxin contamination	<ul> <li>Proportion of households received food and nutrition education on the consumption of diversified and nutritious diet</li> <li>Household food safety and quality alert platforms developed</li> </ul>		
Strategic Initiative 6: Improve awareness and practice of households	on food safety, healthy life styles and	Media, MOH,	MOWIE,
balanced diet.		MOA	Media
Strategic action	Performance indicators		
<ul> <li>Develop a package of food and nutrition messages targeted households which will be disseminated regularly</li> <li>Allocate airtime and creating magazine title for regular or daily updates on food and nutrition issues targeting households</li> <li>Promote and support households on the consumption of diversified and nutrient dense food, healthy lifestyles, physical activity, etc.) through allocating airtime and creating magazine title for regular or daily updates</li> <li>Create awareness of households on food labeling, adulteration, misbranding, contamination (chemicals, heave metals, aflatoxins), consumption of junk foods, trans fatty acids, etc.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Number of local medias allocated airtime and magazine title on food and nutrition targeting households</li> <li>Proportion of households received food safety and quality messages from local media</li> <li>Proportion of households aware of food labeling</li> </ul>		
Strategic initiative 7: Improve knowledge and practice of households of	on the culturally diverse production and	MOA, MOH	MOWIE,
utilization of nutrient dense, diversified, safe and quality foods throughout	· ·		MOLSA,
Strategic actions	Performance indicators		Media,

<ul> <li>Develop and disseminate SBCC tools to support Households production and consumption of nutrient dense, diversified, safe an quality diets year rounds</li> <li>Provide training to households for the establishment of backyard gardening for fruit and vegetables, caged poultry farming, dairy products and rearing of small ruminant, fisheries</li> <li>Provide food and nutrition education to households on food taboor and cultural constraints on selection and utilization of foods</li> <li>Promote production and consumption of wild foods (animal and plant sources)</li> <li>Develop a strategy to exchange cultural diversity of traditional food of various cultures and their relevance other areas</li> </ul> Strategic Initiative 8: Promote and support consumption of locally production.	utilization of nutrient dense, diversified, safe and quality diets year rounds  • Proportion of households with appropriate skill on on backyard gardening for fruit and vegetables, caged poultry farming, dairy products and rearing of small ruminant, fisheries	MOTI, MOH	MOWCY
and fortified food of good quality and safety by households			
Strategic actions	Performance indicators		
Develop factsheets on fortified food and disseminate to	Proportion of households		
households	consumed fortified foods		
• Use local media to alert households on the safety and quality of	Proportion of households		
food items	reach through media for food safety and quality		
Strategic Initiative 9: Promote delivery of nutrition education to		MOE	МОН,
incorporation of nutrition topics into adult education program and		WOL	Media
and using them as agents to teach their parents			
Strategic actions	Performance indicators		
• Ensure nutrition topics are incorporated in the integrated adult	Presence of nutrition topics in		
education curriculum	adult education curriculum		
• Facilitate the take home message and knowledge gained in	No of nutrition topics		
school transferred to parents	curriculum revised and is		
Advise parents to encourage students to apply the knowledge  arised in a healt in their heavy helds.	incorporated in the integrated adult education		
gained in schools in their households	No of households benefited		
• Educate the families to procedure nutrient rich foods and supply for school feeding programme	from the nutrition education to		
for school recuing programme	from the nutrition education to		

<ul> <li>Promote the benefits of comprehensive school nutrition services (Deworming, WIFAS, Nutrition education, etc) to parents</li> <li>Facilitate a means to transfer of knowledge from students to parents</li> <li>Educate and build the capacity of parent teachers association PTA about the effect of food and nutrition for education sector</li> </ul> Strategic Initiative 10: Improve the knowledge of households in early risk	produce and supply nutrient rich fresh food to school feeding programme  • Proportion of parent's received nutrition message from their children  • Proportion of PTAs received orientation/training about food and nutrition  identification and response to disaster	NDRMC, MOA, MOH	Media
Strategic Actions	Performance indicators	1.1.311, 1.1.311	
<ul> <li>Improve knowledge and practice of households in early identification, assessment, planning and responding man made or natural disaster risk management.</li> <li>Develop behaviour change communication mechanism relevant for nutrition-sensitive disaster risk management.</li> <li>Using social and behavioural change communication to impart information about resilience to nutrition related shocks in all farmers</li> <li>Develop food and nutrition SBCC material for distribution sites</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Proportion of households with improved knowledge and practice in early identification, assessment, planning and responding to disasters</li> <li>Presence of a mechanism for behaviour change communication relevant for nutrition-sensitive disaster risk management</li> <li>Proportion of farmers aware about resilience to nutrition related shocks</li> <li>Number of food distribution centers delivered nutrition messages targeted households</li> </ul>	МОН	Media,
Strategic Initiative 11 : Promote effective delivery of nutrition messag through building the capacity of frontline actors and social gathers	es to communices and nousenoids	WIOII	MOA,
Strategic Action	Performance Indicators		MOLSA,

<ul> <li>Ensure food and nutrition messages are incorporat women development army and Men Development networks training packages</li> <li>Develop and implement communication mechanisms community influential (elders, religious and clan le consumption of diversified, nutritious, organic, saf cross cultural foods/diets/.</li> <li>Ensure the community structures such as ekub, edit churches and mosques are incorporating food and issues as part of their day to day discussions and a improved food and nutritional outcomes in the community strategic Initiative 12: Create public awareness on food and</li> </ul>	in the women development army training packages  • Presence of nutrition messages in the men Development Army training package  • communication mechanisms targeting community influential people in the community implemented	Media, MOH	NDRMCC MOA,
<ul> <li>Channels</li> <li>Develop a package of food and nutrition messages targeting the community which will be disseminated regularly</li> <li>Allocate airtime and creating magazine title for regular or daily updates on food and nutrition issues to the community</li> <li>Create awareness of the community on food labeling, adulteration, misbranding, contamination (chemicals, heave metals, aflatoxins), consumption of junk foods, trans fatty acids, etc.</li> <li>Broadcast/transmit messages on the consumption of indigenous, organic and culturally accepted foods by the community using different channels</li> <li>Develop a strategy to promote and support consumption of food items that are edible by on community or areas are also adapted and consumed by other communities</li> <li>Engaged local media agencies for regular food and nutrition education and messaging</li> <li>Promote and support the community on the consumption of diversified and nutrient dense food,</li> </ul>	Performance indicators  Number of local medias allocated airtime and magazine title on food and nutrition targeting the community members  Number of local and community media supporting the food and nutrition education and messaging  Proportion of community members produced and consumed diversified, nutritious, organic, safe, quality and culturally accepted foods  Men DA training manuals/tools incorporated food and nutrition  Proportion of community members with backyard garden  Number of faith organizations incorporated nutrition education	ivicula, ivioli	EFDA, MOTI, MOLSA

healthy lifestyles, physical activity, etc.) through allocating airtime and creating magazine title for regular or daily updates  • Strategic Initiative 13: Integrate nutrition in formal educate		
Strategic Actions	Performance indicators	
Design curriculum and ensuring to incorporate nutrition in the curriculum of elementary, secondary and higher education for health science students, food and nutrition students on the food and nutrition policy and its strategy     Identify gaps, craft and implement operational research to generate and disseminate evidences and ensure/advocate/promote utilization of results and recommendations to address the identified gaps	<ul> <li>Number of health, agriculture and technology institutions that have incorporated nutrition courses in their curriculum</li> <li>Adult literacy program curriculum included nutrition</li> <li>Proportion of universities with food and</li> </ul>	MoH, MoA, DPs

## 5.8 Strategic Objective 8: Create a functional governance body for strengthening the coordination and integration of food and nutrition policy implementing sectors.

Functional governance is essential for strengthening the coordination and integration of multi-sectoral food and nutrition policy implementing sectors. The strategic objective on the functional governance of the implementing sectors shall be realized through the implementation of the following strategic directions, initiatives, actions and key performance indicators (Table 9).

Table 7: Strategic directions, initiatives, actions and key performance indicators for a functional governance body for strengthening the coordination and integration of food and nutrition policy implementing sectors.

Strategic Direction 1: Ensure strong food and nutrition govern	Strategic Direction 1: Ensure strong food and nutrition governance structure from federal to Kebele level.			
Strategic initiative 1: Establish a functional food and nutrition council that overhauls the implementation of the strategy.				
Strategic action	Performance indicator	Lead Sector	Support sectors	
• Establish and effectively run Food and Nutrition		Office of the Prime	All other sectors	
Council (FNC) with the required authorities, resources and	FNC is functional	Minister		
accountability. Establish a legal body to coordinate food and	Functional Agency Established			
nutrition programs from federal to kebele levels.				
Ensure the establishment of food and nutrition council from				
regional/urban administration to kebele level and monitor				
budget allocation and implementation of food and nutrition				
policy				
Strategic initiative 2: Create an institutional arrangement in different implementing sectors to ensures				
	accountability and effective implementation of FNC/FNP			
Strategic Actions	Performance indicators			
Sustain political will and commitment on nutrition;	• Number of nutrition	Food and Nutrition	All sectors and	
mainstream nutrition as a priority agenda item in all	indicators in sectorals plans	Council	regional	
FNP implementing sectors and beyond	• Amount of budget allocated		governments	
• Ensure establishment of an appropriate structure	for nutrition		ENC as anotonist	
(Coordinating structure, Directorate, case teams, and	• Presence of nutrition		FNC secretariat	
dedicated nutrition focal persons) that can carry out	professional at all levels			
nutrition activities in all FNS implementing sectors.	• Presence of appropriate			
• Ensure the implementation of sectoral food and nutrition	structures for nutrition in	All sectors		
strategies.	each sectoral office	All sectors		
Review and approve the allocation of adequate food and				
nutrition budget for each sectors and monitor its				
implementation.				
Give directives for the development of strategies for				

<ul> <li>capacity building and resource mobilization</li> <li>Ensure the inclusion of sector specific activities identified in the food and nutrition strategy and monitor their implementation using preset indicators.</li> <li>Identify key food and nutrition sectors and fulfill human resource and infrastructure to make them center of excellence and monitor its implementation</li> <li>.Monitor the implementation of the regional and international agreements related to food and nutrition.</li> <li>Prepare periodic joint activity and financial reports</li> </ul>			Research
and submit to the NWSC		All sectors	institutions
Strategic initiative 3: Ensure effective system for technical	advice and dynamic evidence base	d revision of FN poli	cy and strategy
Strategic actions	Performance indicators	•	
<ul> <li>Establish food and nutrition technical committee and determine its roles and responsibilities.</li> <li>Identify relevant nutrition policies policy issues for advocacy and dynamic revision of the policy, strategies, directive and guidelines based on evidence</li> <li>Strengthen multisectoral nutrition coordination for a harmonized, Multisectoral response; efficient resource mobilization and utilization; and accountability on nutrition programming.</li> <li>Continue providing leadership to regions on cascading and executing the FNS implementation plan.</li> <li>Upgrade and/or strengthen regional food and nutrition coordinating bodies and technical committees in all regions for effective implementation of FNS and bringing accountability.</li> <li>Upgrade and/or strengthen food and nutrition coordinating bodies and technical committees in all zones and woredas for effective implementation of FNS and bringing accountability.</li> <li>Upgrade nutrition coordination platforms in all kebeles.</li> <li>Ensuring regular reporting and feedback mechanisms for multisectoral nutrition implementation at all leves.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Presence of nutrition Technical committee at various levels</li> <li>Eveidence based revisions of the policy/strategy undertaken</li> <li>Effective Multisectoral coordination in place</li> <li>Presence of functional regional and woreda level nutrition coordination bodies and technical committees</li> <li>Number of Multisectoral feedbacks given food and nutrition implementation</li> <li>Presence of Food and Nutrition tracking system</li> <li>Improved practice</li> </ul>	Food and Nutrition Council	All sectors

<ul> <li>Establish a functional reporting and accountability structure between national, regional, zonal and woreda coordinating bodies, chaired by the highest respective political office</li> <li>Ensure Food and Nutrition implementation tracking system</li> <li>Build the capacity of food and nutrition program implementing line ministries, agencies and institutes at all levels to collect and utilize nutrition data for planning and decision making.</li> </ul>	Implementing line ministries in generating, analyzing data and using it for decision making		
Strategic initiative 4: Ensure that schools play a pivotal roll Strategic Actions	Performance Indicators	mood and adolescent	onesity
Ensure presence of playground before licensing	Percent of schools with play	MoE	МОН
Develop a standard meal menu for university,  colleges and school feeding programs to ensure healthy diet.	ground  Presence of standard menu for school feeding	МоЕ	МОН
colleges and school feeding programs to ensure healthy diet. school feeding  Strategic Initiative 5: Create a favorable policy environment for training and deployment of food and nutrition professionals in the implementing sectors			
Strategic Actions	Performance Indicators	Lead sector	Support sectors
<ul> <li>Formulate nutrition workforce standards based on the level of competency required for different roles.</li> <li>Create nutrition and dietetics posts and career paths.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>nutrition workforce standards developed</li> <li>nutrition and dietetics posts and career paths created</li> </ul>	Public service commission	• All other sectors
Strategic Initiative 6: Develop a system for ensuring the safety	and quality of foods		
Strategic Actions	Performance Indicators		
<ul> <li>Give direction on the development of strategies that ensure the safety and quality of food and monitor its implementation.</li> <li>Ensure the competitiveness and economic benefits of the country from food export through improving food safety and quality.</li> <li>Support the development of plan and allocation of budget at regional and city administrations and monitor its implementation.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Strategies for monitoring and evaluation of food safety and quality of developed and implemented</li> <li>Presence of quality control laboratories</li> <li>Presence of nutrition related legislations</li> </ul>	Ethiopian Food and Drug Agency	• MOA MOTI

<ul> <li>Strengthen the regulatory system throughout the country.</li> <li>Enhance the capacity of implementers on quality and safety of nutrition supplies.</li> </ul>	
Enhance the capacity of implementers on quality and	
butoty of natition supplies.	
• Establish and equip quality control laboratories at	
national and regional levels.	
Capacitate regional regulatory bodies and strengthen	
coordination among them.	
Develop and enforce nutrition related legislations.	
Establish a system for ensuring the safe and quality food	
manufacturing practice through licensing and	
monitoring	
Develop a system for ensuring safe and quality	
packaging and distribution of processed foods.	
• Develop food laws and standards. Presence of food laws and MINT HEIs, Res	earch
• Strengthen interface between research and industry for standards Institutions	,
diffusion of innovation on food and nutrition.  Presence of interface for Sectors	
Establish a system for ensuring propriety and intellectual innovation diffusion	
rights of food and nutrition product or technology Presence of a system for ensuring	
innovator. propriety rights	
Strategic Initiative 7: Strengthen Institutional capacity of FNS for food and nutrition to promote appropriate social behavior	avior
change communication	
Strategic actions Performance Indicators	
• Harmonization of available social and behavioral change   Presence of nutrition focal   Health   FNC	
communication materials on optimal nutrition person/case teams	
throughout the life cycle.	
Define feasible, locally accepted Communication for Presence of harmonized SBCC	
Development activities to bring about the behavioral materials	
changes required for improved nutrition.	
• Strengthening nutrition monitoring and support at all Locally acceptable improvised	
• Strengthening nutrition monitoring and support at all levels of the health system.  Locally acceptable improvised communication materials present	
levels of the health system.  • Mainstreaming of gender issues in all nutrition and	
levels of the health system.  • Mainstreaming of gender issues in all nutrition and health relatedBCCs.  communication materials present  Presence of functional referral	
levels of the health system.  • Mainstreaming of gender issues in all nutrition and health relatedBCCs.  communication materials present  Presence of functional referral	
levels of the health system.  • Mainstreaming of gender issues in all nutrition and health related BCCs.  Presence of functional referral system.	

<ul> <li>Linking local media with community organizations</li> <li>Strengthening the community level linkages between frontline development actors with basic nutrition materials (IEC, demonstration materials).</li> <li>Strengthening interface between higher learning and research institutions for exchange of evidence for nutrition programming.</li> <li>Strategic Initiative 8: Develop a system for evidence</li> </ul>	nutrition and health trainings linkage between local media and community organizations  Presence of strong nutrition database system for SBCC Resources	ation of un-to-date	information for
monitoring and evaluation and decision making	generation, synthesis and dema	ation of up to date	information for
Strengthen joint operational research planning in the areas of food and nutrition among sectors and institutions	Number of Joint Operational research	EPHI EIAR CS A	•
Conduct midterm and end line evaluation, impact assessments and surveys	End line and midterm evaluation report		
Develop a central food and nutrition information platform /databases for research, surveys and programmatic data that allow triangulation of information from all sectors.	Presence of central food and nutrition information platform /databases		
Conduct systematic review and publication of the existing nutrition data for programming and decision making.			
Identifying key strategic and operational gaps, existing potentials and opportunities to prevent food and nutritional problems in the country;	Gaps on existing potentials and opportunities to prevent food and nutritional problems identified		
Supporting the monitoring and evaluation of food and Nutrition activities; short and long term food and nutrition programs / services at all levels;			
Leading the implementation of operational research/studies related to food and nutrition programs.			
Availing up-to-date strategic information for further policy discussions and measures.	Presence of up-to-date strategic information for further policy discussions and measures.		

Strengthening information sharing system and develop action plans to adopt research recommendations to practical interventions	Development of action plans based 0n research recommendations to practical interventions		
Developing a system for protecting the public from med based commercial pressures (advertisements) that are again optimal nutrition practices.	nst	Media	Sectors
Designing a system for open media based dialogue on fo and nutrition issues.	od		
Linking local media with community organizations.			
Design strategy to disseminate feasible, locally accept behavioral change communication for improved food a nutrition.			
Build human resource capacity on food and nutriti	on Presence relevant nutrition	MoSHE	Other
leadership and governance,	professional in each sector	Universities	sectors
	ate Presence of research based		
evidences to inform nutrition programming.	evidence for decision making		
Strategic Initiative 9: Ensure nutrition sensitivity of wo	rk places to promote breast feeding		
Strategic Actions	<b>Performance Indicators</b>		
Ensure employers and employees in both public and	Percent of public and private	MoLSA	All Sectors
private sectors comply with maternity leave laws	institutions complying with maternity		
Ensure provision of facilities for breast-feeding and	leave laws		
care of infants at places of work and in the	Percent of facilities with breast		
community	feeding facility		
Promote nutrition sensitive job creations to			
increase availability and accessibility of nutritious diet			
to mothers. E.g availing small quantity meat at rural			
market, milk			
Strategic initiative 10: Ensure access of households laborategic Actions	Performance Indicators	ng water	
		Ministry of	МоН
Develop a system for improving context specification programs to ensure food and nutrition security.	y.	Water, Electricity and Irrigation	WOII
• Increase access to electricity for better use of food a			
nutrition technologies.	electric power		
Develop a context specific approach to increase acce	ess % of households with access to		

to safe and adequate water.	safe water supply
Strategic Initiative 11: Develop a system for regulation of fo	** *
<ul> <li>Establish a system for food price regulation to increase act to nutritious food</li> <li>Establish system for ensuring the safe and quality manufacturing practice through creating support environment for product development.</li> <li>Strengthen linkages between food and Pharmaceutical again and ministry of agriculture and VDFMHACA, Ethio Pharmaceutical supply agency</li> <li>Develop a mechanism for ensuring food safety and qualong the food system.</li> <li>Mainstream nutrition in agro-processing and imsubstitution.</li> <li>Provide leadership, policy and operational guidelines;</li> </ul>	Presence of a system for food price regulation  FMHACA  Presence of system for ensuring Safe food manicuring and handling practices  Presence of the linkage  Presence of the linkage  MoTI  FMHACA  VDFMHA  CA  Conformity  office  MoA  The procedure of the linkage office  Adequate budget allocated for fortification  Adequate budget allocated for fortification  Presence of a system for food price authority  MoH  MoA  Adequate budget allocated for fortification
<ul> <li>establishment of necessary laws and legislations for food fortification initiatives in the country.</li> <li>Technically support and oversee the implementation of national food fortification initiatives within participating ministries/agencies/ authorities, private sectors, academia and academia and academia and academia and academia and academia and academia academia.</li> </ul>	nutrition case team Sectors
<ul> <li>Mutrition Development Partners including civil society organizations.</li> <li>Mobilize resources and ensure that adequate budget is alloc for the different food fortification activities</li> <li>Support and encourage operational research to optimize micronutrient oriented interventions.</li> <li>Establish and strengthen nutrition directorates, case teams focal points</li> <li>Strengthening interface between higher learning and rese institutions for exchange of evidence for nutrition programi.</li> <li>Develop mechanism for management of food system</li> <li>Improve capacity for the implementation of FNP at all level</li> <li>Harmonization of available social and behavioral chacommunication materials on optimal nutrition throughout the cycle.</li> </ul>	ated Presence of harmonized SBCC materials  and earch ng.

• Strengthening food and nutrition monitoring and support at all levels.	
• Mainstreaming of gender issues in all food and nutrition trainings.	Gender is mainstreamed in food and nutrition trainings
• Strengthening the community level linkages among frontline development actors.	Presence of community level linkages among frontline development actors
• Strengthening food and nutrition supply management system	Number of facilities with zero Stock out report
Improving budget allocation for nutrition.	Proportion budget allocated for nutrition
• Enhancing resource mobilizing capacity for implementing food and nutrition policy.	Amount of non-treasury budget mobilized
Strengthening food and nutrition information system and database.	
• Ensure complementary food cooking demonstration	Proportion/Number of health
practices for mothers and caretakers with the expected	facilities with food cooking
quality (clean utensils, clean environment, ensure	demonstration practices for mothers
diversity, appropriate targeting of 6-23 months old	and caretakers with the expected
children,)	quality

5.9 Strategic Objective 9: Ensure sustainable and adequate financing through government treasury, development partners' allocation and innovative financing mechanisms to translate the policy into action.

Strategic strategies to ensure sustainable and adequate financing through government treasury to translate the policy into action are essential. The strategic objective shall be realized through the implementation of the following strategic directions, initiatives, actions and key performance indicators (Table 10).

Table 8: Strategic directions, initiatives, actions and key performance indicators to ensure sustainable and adequate financing through government treasury, development partners' allocation and innovative financing mechanisms. **Strategic Direction 1: Enhance the contribution of the government, private sectors and partners in financing the implementation of food and Nutrition strategy.**Strategic initiative 1: Enhance the contribution of the government sector in financing the implementation of food and Nutrition strategy

strategy			
Strategic Actions	<b>Performance Indicators</b>	Lead sectors	Support sectors
<ul> <li>Strengthen partnership with national, regional and global institutions and organizations for learning, research, technology transfer and acquisitions of resources</li> <li>Strengthen the capacity of all levels and multiple sectors of government to support and promote nutrition through effective leadership, planning, budgeting, and implementation and monitoring.</li> <li>Develop capacity on resource mobilization and food and nutrition investment tracking system.</li> <li>Develop advocacy strategies to promote nutrition investment in sectoral programs.</li> <li>Strengthen service delivery capacity and accountability system at all levels to build trust.</li> <li>Create a favorable environment to attract more private sectors investments on food and nutrition.</li> <li>Regular Resource mapping and tracking</li> </ul>	Amount of non-treasury budget mobilized     Presence of san advocacy strategy	and regional and city administrations	Partners
Strategic Initiative 2: Enhance the contribution of the priva		entation of food and N	utrition strategy.
Strategic Actions	Performance Indicators		

<ul> <li>Strengthen public private partnership for technology transfer and acquisitions of resources.</li> <li>Devise a system for encouraging private sectors to discharge their social responsibilities.</li> <li>Enhance investments on food and nutrition to support the implementation of food and nutrition policy.</li> <li>Collaborate on advocacy strategies to increase the involvement of local and international investors on nutrition.</li> <li>Create trade fares on food and nutrition to attract national, regional and international investors.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Number of Public private partnerships established</li> <li>Number of technologies transferred</li> <li>Proportion of private sectors discharging their social responsibilirt</li> <li>Number of local and foreign investors on food and nutrition</li> <li>Number of collaborations with local and foreign investors on food and nutrition</li> <li>Number of trade fares conducted</li> </ul>	Government sectors, Partners
Strategic Initiative 3: Enhance the contribution of the development of	opment partners in financing the implementation of f	ood and Nutrition
Strategic Actions	Performance Indicators	Support Sectors

<ul> <li>Strengthen partnership with national, regional and global institutions and organizations for learning, research, technology transfer and acquisitions of resources.</li> <li>Align programs and resources with the food and nutrition policy priorities.</li> <li>Strengthening the capacity at to the government to for resource mobilization for implementing food and nutritionstrategy.</li> <li>Develop advocacy strategy for mobilizing resources for the implementation of food and nutritionstrategy.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Number of national, regional and global institutions and organizations for learning, research, technology transfer and acquisitions of resources.</li> <li>Alignment of sectoral policies with food and nutrition policy</li> <li>Presence of an advocacy strategy</li> </ul>	Government sectors Private sectors
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5.10 Strategic Objective 10: Build the institutional capacities of food and nutrition policy implementing sectors with human resource, research and technological development.

Building the institutional capacities of food and nutrition policy implementing sectors with human resource, research and technological development at all levels is a necessary precondition to successfully implement the food and nutrition strategy. The strategic objective on building of the institutional capacities of the food and nutrition policy implementing sectors will be realized through the implementation of the following strategic directions, initiatives, actions and key performance indicators (Table 11).

Table 9: Strategic directions, initiatives, actions and key performance indicators to build the institutional capacities of food and nutrition policy implementing sectors.

Strategic Initiative 1: Strengthen food and nutrition related training capacities and provision at all levels  Strategic Actions  Performance indicators  Lead Sector  Collaborating Sector  Provide and integrate food and nutrition contents, develop and revise curricula for Food and Nutrition pre-service trainings in students of food, nutrition, dietetics, health, agriculture, water, food science and technology and postharvest technology.  Support TVETs colleges to strengthen their food and nutrition related education.  Provide awareness on food and nutrition related policy to implementer sectors at all levels.  Embed food and nutrition related topics/contents in the school curricula contextualized to Ethiopian cultures and traditions.  Provide competency based in-service trainings in food, nutrition and related areas to build the capacity of personnel from implementing sectors.	Strategic Direction 1: Strengthen food and nutrition related research, training and service capacities at all levels.						
<ul> <li>Provide and integrate food and nutrition contents, develop and revise curricula for Food and Nutrition pre-service trainings in students of food, nutrition, dietetics, health, agriculture, water, food science and technology and postharvest technology.</li> <li>Support TVETs colleges to strengthen their food and nutrition related education.</li> <li>Provide awareness on food and nutrition related policy to implementer sectors at all levels.</li> <li>Embed food and nutrition related topics/contents in the school curricula contextualized to Ethiopian cultures and traditions.</li> <li>Provide competency based in-service trainings in food, nutrition and related areas to build the capacity of personnel from implementing</li> </ul>	Strategic Initiative 1: Strengthen food and nutrition related training capacities and provision at all levels						
curricula for Food and Nutrition pre-service trainings in students of food, nutrition, dietetics, health, agriculture, water, food science and technology and postharvest technology.  Support TVETs colleges to strengthen their food and nutrition related education.  Provide awareness on food and nutrition related policy to implementer sectors at all levels.  Embed food and nutrition related topics/contents in the school curricula contextualized to Ethiopian cultures and traditions.  Provide competency based in-service trainings in food, nutrition and related areas to build the capacity of personnel from implementing	Strategic Actions	Performance indicators	Lead Sector	Collaborating Sector			
	<ul> <li>curricula for Food and Nutrition pre-service trainings in students of food, nutrition, dietetics, health, agriculture, water, food science and technology and postharvest technology.</li> <li>Support TVETs colleges to strengthen their food and nutrition related education.</li> <li>Provide awareness on food and nutrition related policy to implementer sectors at all levels.</li> <li>Embed food and nutrition related topics/contents in the school curricula contextualized to Ethiopian cultures and traditions.</li> <li>Provide competency based in-service trainings in food, nutrition and related areas to build the capacity of personnel from implementing</li> </ul>	food and nutrition related programs <ul> <li>Proportion of HEIs with food and nutrition and related programs</li> <li>Proportion of competency based</li> </ul>	✓TVET	✓MoH ✓HEIs			

<ul> <li>Support HEIs and TVETs to provided pre-service and in-service trainings to the key Food and Nutrition policy implementing sectors.</li> <li>Establish and avail data base center under the governance</li> <li>Strengthen and disseminate food composition tables (FCT) and food dietary guidelines (FDG).</li> <li>Integrate food and nutrition policy implementation along the extension system.</li> <li>Establishment of nutrition demonstration corners at implementing sectors.</li> </ul>	which implemented pre- service training	MoH, MoA	All other sectors
Strategic initiative 3: Strengthen food and nutrition related research capacities at all levels			
Strategic Actions	Performance Indicators	Lead Sectors	Supporting Sectors
<ul> <li>Establish and strengthen food and nutrition related research facility</li> <li>Institutionalize food and nutrition research system</li> <li>Build human resource capacity for food and nutrition research system</li> <li>Include food and nutrition as their research thematic areas and as an essential component of their community services.</li> <li>Support key implementing sectors through dissemination of research findings and relevant innovative technologies, tools and varieties.</li> </ul>	Number of HEIs who established food and nutrition related facilities	MoH, MoA	MoSHE, MINT, EPHI, EIAR
Strategic Initiative 4: Enhance development and use of innovations and technologies in		T 10	
Strategic Actions	Performance Indicators	Lead Sectors	Supporting Sectors

<ul> <li>Provision of sustained training and maintenance of newly introduced and food and nutrition related technologies</li> <li>Collaborate and support innovation, adaptation and adoption of food and nutrition related technologies along the food value chain.</li> <li>Collaborate and support innovation, adaptation and adoption energy saving and water harvesting technologies to address food and nutrition related challenges of rural and urban households.</li> <li>Support dissemination and adoption of new food and nutrition related technologies through extension services.</li> <li>Promote practice based advice on food and nutrition related technologies along the food value chain compatible to the local conditions.</li> <li>Strengthen monitoring and evaluation system the performance of the newly introduced food and nutrition related technologies along the food value chain.</li> <li>Collaborate with the implementing sectors on issues related to food and nutrition technologies compatible to local conditions.</li> <li>Provision of sustained training and maintenance of newly introduced or locally manufactured food and nutrition related technologies</li> </ul>	Number of new technologies developed  Number of new technologies utilized by the different end users  Number of new technologies performing better than the standard/existing one  Number of new technologies developed  Number of new technologies adopted	Higher learning and research institutions  Research Institutions  HEIs Research Institutions  MINT Private sector	MINt, MoSHE All Sectors MoSHE MINT MoA
Strategic direction 2: Institutional capacities of food and nutrition policy implementing sect			
Strategic Initiative 1: Build the institutional capacities of food and nutrition policy implementation		urce	
Strategic Actions	Performance Indicators		
<ul> <li>Strengthen food and nutrition related research, training and service capacities of individuals and systems at all levels.</li> <li>Provide food and nutrition pre-service trainings for students of food, nutrition, dietetics, health, agriculture, water, food science and technology and postharvest technology.</li> <li>Support TVETs colleges to strengthen their food and nutrition related education.</li> <li>Provide continuous professional development for relevant personnel from food and nutrition intervention implementing sectors.</li> <li>Provide awareness on food and nutrition related policy to the university/TVET communities (staff and students) through various approaches.</li> </ul>	Number of graduates employed in the area of food and nutrition related programs across the implementing sectors.	MoSHE, MoE	• MoH, MoA, MoIT, MoWIE, MoF, MoLSA, MoWYC, NDRMC, Media,
• Support higher learning institutions and TVET colleges to integrate food and nutrition contents and develop and revise curricula of food and nutrition related pre-service	Number of continuous professional development	MoH, MoA, MoE, MoIT,	MoSHE

<ul> <li>Provide competency based in-service trainings in food, nutrition and related areas to build the capacity of individuals from implementing sectors.</li> <li>Build the capacity of national and regional media and school mini-media personnel with food and nutrition competencies. to promote positive nutrition practices.</li> <li>Support the food science, nutrition and related fields workforce development and system strengthening efforts of the key implementing sectors through pre-service and in-service trainings.</li> <li>Build the capacity of all FNP implementing sectors through strengthening food and nutrition council and nutrition technical committees at all levels.</li> <li>Advice the higher education institutions (universities and TVETs) with regard to new skill set relevant to individual implementing sectors.</li> </ul>	nutrition covered.  MoF, MoLSA, MoWYC, NDRMC, Media	
• Establish an independent regulatory body for accreditation of food and nutrition courses/programs provided in the higher education system of the country.	Number of food and nutrition related programs accredited	• MoE, MoSHE.
• Liaise with higher education institutions to provide internship/placement for food and nutrition students.	Number of students attached or placed in the sector	• MoSHE
Strategic initiative 2: Build the institutional capacities of food and nutrition policy implement	<u> </u>	
Strategic Actions	Performance indicators	
<ul> <li>Planning, organizing and provision of space for food and nutrition related platforms.</li> <li>Establish food, nutrition and dietetics training centers of excellence.</li> <li>Include food and nutrition as their research thematic areas and as an essential componen their community services.</li> <li>Enabling the environment for research and capacity building partnership with implementing sectors and industries and international research institutions and fund agencies.</li> <li>Share facilities and infrastructure for food and nutrition related researches.</li> <li>Consider/protect intellectual property rights/patentable results.</li> <li>Allocating proportional funding to support food and nutrition related research.</li> <li>Support key implementing sectors through dissemination of research findings and relevinnovative technologies, tools and varieties.</li> <li>Support the continuous professional development (CPD) efforts of the implement sectors.</li> <li>Develop comprehensive food composition table of Ethiopia and food based diet guideline for Ethiopia.</li> </ul>	publications in peer reviewed journals.  Number of food and nutrition research based knowledge translation into practice.	MoH, MoA, MoE, MoIT, MoWIE, MoF, MoLSA, MoWYC, NDRMC, Media

Diagning organizing and provision of space for food and putrition related mistforms			
• Planning, organizing and provision of space for food and nutrition related platforms.	Publication of the	МоН,	MoSHE, RI
<ul> <li>Allocating proportional funding to support food and nutrition related research.</li> </ul>	Ethiopian food	MoA,	
• Establish and implement Information and Communication technology (ICT) supported	composition table and	MoE,	
robust information management, accountability, implementation and monitoring and	dietary guideline Citizens.	MoIT,	
evaluation system.		MoWIE,	
• Support the establishment of food, nutrition and dietetics training centers of excellence.		MoF,	
• Support the development of comprehensive and up-to-date composition tables (FCT) of all		MoLSA,	
Ethiopian foods and food based dietary guideline (FBDG) for Citizens.		MoWYC,	
<ul> <li>Establish community level centers of excellence for wider experience sharing among food</li> </ul>		NDRMC,	
and nutrition implementation sectors.		Media	
<ul> <li>Support development of sector specific food and nutrition centres/infrastructures.</li> </ul>			
<ul> <li>Allocating proportional funding to support food and nutrition related research in</li> </ul>	Proportion of funding	Private	FMHACA, MoH,
compliance with the requirements of the FMHACA.	allocated for corporate	sector	MoA, MoE,
• Engaging the private sector in policy development in regard to food and nutrition	*		MoIT, MoWIE,
innovative strategies.	and nutrition.		MoF, MoLSA,
<ul> <li>Support development of food and nutrition related centres/infrastructures with emphasis to</li> </ul>			MoWYC,
corporate responsible action.			NDRMC, Media,
corporate responsible action.			MoSHE
Strategic initiative 3: Build the institutional capacities of food and nutrition policy implem	enting sectors with technolog	ical developn	nent.
Studencia actions	Performance indicators		
Strategic actions	Performance indicators	Lead	Collaborators
Strategic actions	Performance indicators	Lead MoSHE,	Collaborators MoH, MoA,
<ul> <li>Innovate, adapt and adopt food and nutrition related technologies along the food value</li> </ul>			
		MoSHE,	МоН, МоА,
<ul> <li>Innovate, adapt and adopt food and nutrition related technologies along the food value chain.</li> </ul>	Number of new labour and energy saving and water	MoSHE, RIMoWY	MoH, MoA, MoE, MoIT,
Innovate, adapt and adopt food and nutrition related technologies along the food value	Number of new labour and energy saving and water	MoSHE, RIMoWY C,	MoH, MoA, MoE, MoIT, MoWIE, MoF,
<ul> <li>Innovate, adapt and adopt food and nutrition related technologies along the food value chain.</li> <li>Innovate, adapt and adopt energy saving and water harvesting technologies to address food</li> </ul>	Number of new labour and energy saving and water harvesting technologies or patents released.	MoSHE, RIMoWY C, NDRMC,	MoH, MoA, MoE, MoIT, MoWIE, MoF,
<ul> <li>Innovate, adapt and adopt food and nutrition related technologies along the food value chain.</li> <li>Innovate, adapt and adopt energy saving and water harvesting technologies to address food and nutrition related challenges of rural and urban households.</li> </ul>	Number of new labour and energy saving and water harvesting technologies or patents released.	MoSHE, RIMoWY C, NDRMC,	MoH, MoA, MoE, MoIT, MoWIE, MoF,
<ul> <li>Innovate, adapt and adopt food and nutrition related technologies along the food value chain.</li> <li>Innovate, adapt and adopt energy saving and water harvesting technologies to address food and nutrition related challenges of rural and urban households.</li> <li>Suggest/advise on up-to-date food and nutrition related technologies along the food value</li> </ul>	Number of new labour and energy saving and water harvesting technologies or patents released.	MoSHE, RIMoWY C, NDRMC,	MoH, MoA, MoE, MoIT, MoWIE, MoF,
<ul> <li>Innovate, adapt and adopt food and nutrition related technologies along the food value chain.</li> <li>Innovate, adapt and adopt energy saving and water harvesting technologies to address food and nutrition related challenges of rural and urban households.</li> <li>Suggest/advise on up-to-date food and nutrition related technologies along the food value chain compatible to the local conditions.</li> <li>Provision of sustained training and maintenance of newly introduced food and nutrition related technologies along the food value chan.</li> </ul>	Number of new labour and energy saving and water harvesting technologies or patents released.	MoSHE, RIMoWY C, NDRMC,	MoH, MoA, MoE, MoIT, MoWIE, MoF,
<ul> <li>Innovate, adapt and adopt food and nutrition related technologies along the food value chain.</li> <li>Innovate, adapt and adopt energy saving and water harvesting technologies to address food and nutrition related challenges of rural and urban households.</li> <li>Suggest/advise on up-to-date food and nutrition related technologies along the food value chain compatible to the local conditions.</li> <li>Provision of sustained training and maintenance of newly introduced food and nutrition related technologies along the food value chan.</li> <li>Monitor and evaluate the performance of the newly introduced food and nutrition related</li> </ul>	Number of new labour and energy saving and water harvesting technologies or patents released.	MoSHE, RIMoWY C, NDRMC,	MoH, MoA, MoE, MoIT, MoWIE, MoF,
<ul> <li>Innovate, adapt and adopt food and nutrition related technologies along the food value chain.</li> <li>Innovate, adapt and adopt energy saving and water harvesting technologies to address food and nutrition related challenges of rural and urban households.</li> <li>Suggest/advise on up-to-date food and nutrition related technologies along the food value chain compatible to the local conditions.</li> <li>Provision of sustained training and maintenance of newly introduced food and nutrition related technologies along the food value chan.</li> <li>Monitor and evaluate the performance of the newly introduced food and nutrition related technologies along the food value chain.</li> </ul>	Number of new labour and energy saving and water harvesting technologies or patents released.	MoSHE, RIMoWY C, NDRMC, Media	MoH, MoA, MoE, MoIT, MoWIE, MoF, MoLSA,
<ul> <li>Innovate, adapt and adopt food and nutrition related technologies along the food value chain.</li> <li>Innovate, adapt and adopt energy saving and water harvesting technologies to address food and nutrition related challenges of rural and urban households.</li> <li>Suggest/advise on up-to-date food and nutrition related technologies along the food value chain compatible to the local conditions.</li> <li>Provision of sustained training and maintenance of newly introduced food and nutrition related technologies along the food value chan.</li> <li>Monitor and evaluate the performance of the newly introduced food and nutrition related technologies along the food value chain.</li> <li>Collaborate and support innovation, adaptation and adoption of food and nutrition related</li> </ul>	Number of new labour and energy saving and water harvesting technologies or patents released.  Number of up-to-date (but	MoSHE, RIMOWY C, NDRMC, Media	MoH, MoA, MoE, MoIT, MoWIE, MoF,
<ul> <li>Innovate, adapt and adopt food and nutrition related technologies along the food value chain.</li> <li>Innovate, adapt and adopt energy saving and water harvesting technologies to address food and nutrition related challenges of rural and urban households.</li> <li>Suggest/advise on up-to-date food and nutrition related technologies along the food value chain compatible to the local conditions.</li> <li>Provision of sustained training and maintenance of newly introduced food and nutrition related technologies along the food value chan.</li> <li>Monitor and evaluate the performance of the newly introduced food and nutrition related technologies along the food value chain.</li> <li>Collaborate and support innovation, adaptation and adoption of food and nutrition related technologies along the food value chain.</li> </ul>	Number of new labour and energy saving and water harvesting technologies or patents released.  Number of up-to-date (but compatible to local	MoSHE, RIMOWY C, NDRMC, Media	MoH, MoA, MoE, MoIT, MoWIE, MoF, MoLSA,
<ul> <li>Innovate, adapt and adopt food and nutrition related technologies along the food value chain.</li> <li>Innovate, adapt and adopt energy saving and water harvesting technologies to address food and nutrition related challenges of rural and urban households.</li> <li>Suggest/advise on up-to-date food and nutrition related technologies along the food value chain compatible to the local conditions.</li> <li>Provision of sustained training and maintenance of newly introduced food and nutrition related technologies along the food value chan.</li> <li>Monitor and evaluate the performance of the newly introduced food and nutrition related technologies along the food value chain.</li> <li>Collaborate and support innovation, adaptation and adoption of food and nutrition related</li> </ul>	Number of new labour and energy saving and water harvesting technologies or patents released.  Number of up-to-date (but compatible to local practice) technologies put	MoSHE, RIMOWY C, NDRMC, Media	MoH, MoA, MoE, MoIT, MoWIE, MoF, MoLSA,

	households.		MoWIE,		
•	Support dissemination and adoption of new food and nutrition related technologies through		MoF,		
	extension services.		MoLSA,		
•	Suggest practice based advice on food and nutrition related technologies along the food		MoWYC,		
	value chain compatible to the local conditions.		NDRMC,		
•	Provision of sustained training and maintenance of newly introduced food and nutrition		Media		
	related technologies along the food value chan.				
•	Monitor and evaluate the performance of the newly introduced food and nutrition related				
	technologies along the food value chain.				
•	Provide incentives including tax exemption to import food and nutrition related				
	technologies along the food value chain compatible to the local conditions.				
•	Avail food and nutrition related technologies along the food value chain compatible to	Number of up-to-date		MoH,	MoA,
	local conditions.	(compatible to local	sector, RI	MoE,	MoIT,
•	Collaborate with the implementing sectors on issues related to food and nutrition	conditions) technologies		MoWIE,	MoF,
	technologies compatible to local conditions.	made available for the		MoLSA,	
•	Provision of sustained training and maintenance of newly introduced or locally	food and nutrition sector.		MoWYC,	
	manufactured food and nutrition related technologies along the food value chan.			NDRMC,	Media,

## 5.11 Strategic Objective 11: Enhance evidence generation for decision-making, learning and accountability.

The strategic objective on enhancing evidence generation for decision making, learning and accountability shall be realized through the implementation of the following strategic directions, initiatives, actions and key performance indicators along with the corresponding lead and collaborating institutions (Table 12).

Table 10: Strategic directions, initiatives, actions and key performance indicators to enhance evidence generation for decision-making, learning and accountability.

<ul> <li>issues related to food and nutrition by and large.</li> <li>Strengthening capacity of nutrition practitioners and research in conducting research and generating quality data for decision making</li> <li>Establishing and strengthening collaboration b/n the MOH, RHB and other structures with universities and research institutes</li> <li>Establishing nutrition bulletins</li> <li>Establishing and expanding new research institutes with capacity of generating quality data at least to the regional level</li> </ul>	b/n the MOH, RHB and other structures with universities and research institutes  • Number of well-equipped functional research institutes with capacity of generating quality data at least to the regional level  • Number of nutrition-bulletins established	
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Strategic initiative 2: Enhance evidence based decision making through dissemination of food and nutrition research findings to end users.

Strategic Action	Performance Indicators	Lead sector	Support sector
Disseminate food and nutrition related research through publications, national and international conferences,	<ul> <li>Number of publications on food and nutrition</li> <li>Number of conferences/fora on food and nutrition</li> <li>Number of conferences/fora on food and nutrition</li> <li>Number of consultative for a</li> </ul>	Education/higher learning institutions/research institutions	All other sectors
journal clubs and communities of	conducted b/n decision makers and researchers		

<ul> <li>practice.</li> <li>Organize periodic food and nutrition forum to disseminate research findings and best practices.</li> </ul>					
Strategic Initiative 3:	Lidentify gaps with the	e scope	e of advancing food ar	nd nutritio	on related learning.
Strategic Action	Performance		Sector		Support Sector
	Indicator				•
<ul> <li>Analyze food and nutrition data and provide timely feedback to improve service provision in respective sectors.</li> <li>Publish and disseminate regular reports/newsl etters on the food and nutrition situation at all levels.</li> <li>Establish a coordinated national food and nutrition information network.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Number of publications such as newsletters, reports</li> <li>Number of timely feedbacks provided</li> <li>Existence of coordinated national food and nutrition information network.</li> <li>Availability of updated nutrition guidelines, strategies, policy.</li> </ul>	•	EHPI EIAR Universities		All other sectors

Update and available food and nutrition related resources.				
		evaluation the FNI	P/Strategyimplementation by sectors.	
Strategic Actions	Performance Indicators			
<ul> <li>Regularly report on the progres and performance of FNI implementation to the PMO/Parliament and Regional parliament and cabinets</li> <li>Regularly report on the financial progress and performance to the PMO/Parliament.</li> <li>Develop a system for enforcing rules and regulations the support effective implementation of the policy objectives.</li> <li>Develop a mechanism of sharing lessons among the various implementing sectors and reward better achievements.</li> </ul>	communication of repute to the PMO/Parliament and Regional parliament and cabinets  Reports are coming regularly Regular financial reports are coming regularly Regular financial reports are coming regularly Number of FNP relate implementation lesson including best experies shared, among the heat structures  Number of implement stakeholders and partners awarded for best	orts t Council  rt d d is, nees lth ing	All sectors and regional governments and city administrations	
Strategic in initiative 5: Develop a system for monitoring and evaluation of the implementation of FNP/strategy by lower				
level implementing sectors.	Danauta ana aamina	Invalance ating	NCO	
<ul> <li>Regularly report on the progress and performance of FNP implementation to the next higher level of authority.</li> <li>Regularly report on the financial progress and performance to the next higher level of authority.</li> </ul>	Reports are coming regularly Regular financial report present Experience sharing for a prepared	Implementing sectors	NGOs	

<ul> <li>Develop a system for enforcing rules and regulations that support effective implementation of the policy objectives.</li> <li>Develop a mechanism of sharing lessons within sectors at different levels and reward better achievements.</li> <li>Strategic Direction 2: Evidence get Strategic initiative 1: Strengthen the</li> </ul>	<u> </u>		ced ndertake operational research in areas of food
and nutrition.	1		*
<ul> <li>Support the food and nutrition research environment to generate evidence for decision making.</li> <li>Establish a strong data base and develop data sharing guideline on food and nutrition related information.</li> <li>Play a leadership role to organize food and nutrition platforms for conferences to disseminate key research findings for action.</li> <li>Develop policy briefs on priority topics of national importance in food and nutrition by carrying out systematic reviews of the best available evidences</li> <li>Strengthening capacity of nutrition practitioners and research in conducting research and generating quality data for decision</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Number newly established and functional surveillance system sites owed by the national universities</li> <li>Number of nutrition practitioners and research trained in conducting research and generating quality data for decision making</li> <li>Number of well-equipped functional research institutes with capacity of generating quality data at least to the regional level</li> <li>Number of national nutrition and health researches conduction in</li> </ul>	MoSHE, RI	MoH, MoA, MoE, MoIT, MoWIE, MoF, MoLSA, MoWYC, NDRMC, Media

making	collaboration among		
Establishing and	universities, MOH		
strengthening the in place	and partners		
health and demographic			
surveillance system sites			
owed by the national			
universities to generate			
quality nutrition information			
Establishing and			
expanding new research institutes			
with capacity of generating			
quality data at least to the regional			
level			
Establish a unified food and	Development of strong	MoH, MoA, MoE,	MoSHE, RI
nutrition information system	food and nutrition data	MoIT, MoWIE,	
in all key implementing	base system	MoF, MoLSA,	
sectors to monitor and	•	MoWYC,	
evaluate the impact of		NDRMC, Media	
nutrition interventions.			
• Establish a strong data base			
and system for real-time data			
collection on food and			
nutrition related information.			
Develop a data sharing			
guideline for food and			
nutrition related information.			
• Establish sentinel sites for the			
collection of data on food and			
nutrition.			
• Consider the concerns of			
the private sector on issues related			
to food and nutrition by and large.			
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
Strategic initiative 2: Develop the capacity to organize various food and nutrition platforms.			
Disseminate food and nutrition	Number of	MoSHE, RI	MoH, MoA, MoE, MoIT, MoWIE, MoF,
related research through	platforms developed		MoLSA, MoWYC, NDRMC, Media

<ul> <li>publications, national and international conferences, journal clubs and communities of practice.</li> <li>Organize periodic food and nutrition forums to disseminate research findings and best</li> </ul>	and put in practice.		
practices.			
• Identification of gaps with the			
scope of advancing food and nutrition related learning.			
<ul> <li>Analyze food and nutrition data and provide timely feedback to improve service provision in respective sectors.</li> <li>Publish and disseminate regular reports/newsletters on the food and nutrition situation at all levels.</li> <li>Establish a coordinated national food and nutrition information network.</li> <li>Updating and making available food and nutrition related resources.</li> </ul>	Establish national food and nutrition information network.	MoH, MoA, MoE, MoIT, MoWIE, MoF, MoLSA, MoWYC, NDRMC, Media	MoSHE, RI
Strategic Initiative 3: Ensure fairness of t			ormance accountability.
<ul> <li>Regularly report on the progress performance of FNP implementation to the next higher level of authority.</li> <li>Regularly report on the financial progress and performance to the next higher level of authority.</li> <li>Develop a system for enforcing rules and regulations that support effective implementation of the policy objectives.</li> </ul>	timely reporting food and nutritio program and  Number of finance reptimely reported to	their MoH, MoA, n MoE, MoIT, MoWIE, MoLSA, cial MoWYC, orts NDRMC, to the Media, RI	

<ul> <li>Develop a mechanism of sharing lessons within sectors at different levels and reward better achievements.</li> <li>Review and inform implementation progress of the food and nutrition policy.</li> </ul>	Number of people informed on the progress of food and nutrition policy implementation	MoSHE, RI, MoH, MoA, MoE, MoIT, MoWIE, MoLSA, MoWYC, NDRMC, Media, RI	Media
Inform the implementation progress of the food and nutrition policy.	Number of food and nutrition related scheduled broadcast services	Media	MoSHE, RI, MoH, MoA, MoE, MoIT, MoWIE, MoLSA, MoWYC, NDRMC, Media, RI
<ul> <li>Regularly report on the progress and performance of FNP implementation to the PMO/Parliament.</li> <li>Regularly report on the financial progress and performance to the PMO/Parliament.</li> <li>Develop rules and regulations enforcing and supportin effective implementation of the policy objectives.</li> <li>Develop a mechanism of sharing lessons among the various implementing sectors and reward better achievements.</li> </ul>	Number of reports released to the PMO/Parliament Availability of rules an regulations supporting and enforcing the implantation of policy objectives	FNC	MoSHE, RI, MoH, MoA, MoE, MoIT, MoWIE, MoLSA, MoWYC, NDRMC, Media, RI

5.12 Strategic objective 12: Ensuring effective Social and Behavior Change Communication
The strategic objective of ensuring effective social and behavioral change communication shall be realized through the implementation of the following strategic directions, initiatives, actions and key performance indicators (Table 13).

Table 11: Strategic directions, initiatives, actions and key performance indicators to ensure effective Social and Behavior Change Communication.

Table 12: Strategic directions, initiatives, actions and key performance indicators to ensure effective Social and Behavior Change Communication.

Strategic direction 1: Enhance the nutrition literacy of individuals and household members and communities through SBCC					
Strategic Initiative 1: Ensure effective SBCC strategy for positive behavioral change.					
Strategic Actions	Performance Indicators	Lead Sector	Support sector		
<ul> <li>Develop geographically tailored and target specific SBC media guide</li> <li>Use culturally appropriate and context specific social and behavior change communication channels appropriate for targets through the lifecycle.</li> <li>Advocate for nutrition to be one of the national development agenda to be included in the broadcasting and communication plan.</li> <li>Align media message with the nation food and nutrition guidelines, directives and communication strategies before broadcasting.</li> <li>Create a platform for teaming up up with nutrition thinktanks (experts) for designing food and nutrition message for communication and advocacy.</li> <li>Create a system for private media to discharge their social responsibility in promoting healthy lifestyle (diet, physical exercises, alcohol lifestyles, decreasing screen time, sedentary behaviours and optimal nutrition.</li> <li>Support food and nutrition advocacy campaigns on food and nutrition related policies, strategies and legislations.</li> <li>Provide media coverage for broadcasting multi-sectoral nutrition related best practices.</li> <li>Provide media coverage, promotion and documentary programs for sector specific best practices and innovations related to food and nutrition interventions.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Proportion of medias with target specific guides</li> <li>Proportion of medias which incorporated target specific nutrition in their plan</li> <li>Number of advocacy events on media message</li> <li>Presence of a platform for involving nutrition think-thanks</li> <li>inconsistencies with the nutrition guidelines and directives</li> <li>Media air time allocated in addressing nutrition as an agenda Number of media based awareness creation sessions on diet based diseasesAmount of air time allocated for nutrition awareness creation</li> <li>Amount of screen/air time allocated for food and nutrition</li> <li>Prime tome allocated for promoting healthy life styles</li> <li>Number times feedback is given to the media regarding broadcasting</li> </ul>	Media	All sectors		

- Allocate prime time to promote healthy diets, lifestyles and optimal nutrition for better and sustained impact
- Conduct media monitoring for coverage, quality and impact.
- Promote public nutrition literacy on healthy dietary practices, healthy lifestyles, and lifestyle related noncommunicable diseases. Promote cultural food diversity and and their relevance to health
- Create public awareness on food safety and food quality through information dissemination.
- Allocate air/screen time for food and nutrition awareness creation.

nutrition issues

- Proportion of primary and secondary schools incorporated nutrition in their curricula (as a course or competency)
- Number of culturally appropriate SBCC nutrition related materials created and utilized cognizant of the regional/local contexts
- Number of public awareness schemes conducted on food safety, quality and standards.
- Proportion medias included nutrition to their broadcasting agenda.
- Number of incident media messages inconsistent with nutrition guidelines and directives
- Number of community based food and a nutrition campaigns conducted
- Number of nutrition think-thank team established

•

<ul> <li>Mainstream food and nutrition sensitivity to existing sectoral behavioural communication and advocacy programs.</li> <li>Develop a mechanism for capacitating and use of food and nutrition gate keepers, champions and decision makers at all levels.</li> <li>Develop sector specific advocacy guideline on the importance of implementing nutrition related policies, strategies, legislations and guidelines.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Number of BCC programs which integrated food and nutrition</li> <li>Presence of a system for building the capacity of nutrition gate keepers, champions and decision makers at all levelsProportion of sectors which</li> </ul>	
	Number of signatory sectors mainstreamed nutrition to their existing sectoral behavioural communication and advocacy	

programs.

<ul> <li>Develop dietary guidelines based on best evidences to translate food and nutrition policy into action.</li> <li>Develop physical activity guide for promotion of healthy life style.</li> <li>Develop a system for inclusion of psychosocial stimulation for children in different nutrition services including treatment of malnutrition, growth monitoring and promotion, day care, kindergarten.</li> <li>Standardize and harmonize key food and nutrition messages throughout the life cycle.</li> <li>Include nutrition through the life cycle in to the health communication strategy.</li> <li>Mainstream nutrition in each communication material of directorate in the ministry of health.</li> <li>Promote healthy diet and life styles using all contact points in health facilitiesCreate public awareness on healthy dietary practices, healthy lifestyles, and lifestyle related non-communicable diseases</li> <li>Create public awareness on food safety and food quality through information dissemination</li> <li>Promoting fortification of selected food vehicles with those nutrients that are commonly deficient in the diet</li> </ul>	-Endorsed national dietary guideline -Number of regions adapted dietary guideline Proportion of facilities included psychosocial stimulation in relevant guidelines Number of agricultural training curricula which incorporated nutrition sensitive agriculture.  • Presence of nutrition through the life cycle in to the health communication strateg  • Proportion of health facilities promoting healthy diet and life styles using all contact points in health facilities	• Health	
<ul> <li>Promote the importance of healthy diet and physical activity in schools.</li> <li>Include nutrition messages in the educational curriculum</li> <li>Promotion of using standard meal menu for university, colleges and school feeding programs.</li> <li>Incorporate Nutrition sensitive agriculture modules in forestry and other agriculral training and education curricula to broaden the understanding of foresters and sensitize them to the potential role of forests in contributing to the wellbeing of local communities</li> <li>Promote adolescent nutrition and delayed marriage</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Proportion of primary and secondary schools having play ground</li> <li>Proportion of primary and secondary schools incorporated nutrition in their curricula (as a course or competency)</li> <li>Proportion of universities having standard meal menu</li> <li>Proportion of universities implementing standard meal menu</li> <li>Number of universities/colleges incorporated nutrition to the existing curricula</li> </ul>	MoE	

• Improve the awareness of key stakeholders about the importance of forests and environmental conservation for food security.		• MoA • MoTI	•
<ul> <li>Promote wild foods, particularly vegetables and fruits, in national and local media, in schools, and among health extension workers to underline their nutritional value.</li> <li>Promote biofortification of selected crops with those nutrients that are commonly deficient in the diet to improve nutrient density</li> <li>Improve knowledge and practice of nutrition-sensitive disaster risk management among farmers, using behaviour change communication.</li> <li>Advocacy and promotion industrial food fortification of selected foods with those nutrients commonly deficient in the diet.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Proportion of HEW aware of availability and importance of wild foods, particularly vegetables and fruits</li> <li>Proportion of food producing companies producing bio-fortifies food</li> </ul>		

Strategic initiative 2. Strengthen the use of social and behavioural change communications (SBCC) to promote nutrition sensitive agriculture				
Promote nutrition knowledge to religious leaders	8	MoA	• MoH	
	knowledge of the benefits of nutrition		<ul> <li>MoSHE</li> </ul>	
• Create awareness on the nutritional benefits of neglected crops	Number of people that used neglected		• MoTI	
and animal products	crops and animals products		<ul> <li>MoE</li> </ul>	
Provide nutrition education in schools and community based	Number of schools and community based		<ul> <li>Media</li> </ul>	
organizations (CBOs)	organizations who provide training on		<ul> <li>Dps</li> </ul>	
	nutrition education		<ul> <li>Private</li> </ul>	
Promote school gardening	Number of schools that have school garden		sectors	
• Improve knowledge and practice of Agriculture development				
agents, households and farmers on NSA (bio-fortified pulses,	Proportion of farmers with Improved			
vegetables and iron/zinc reach beans), livestock development and	knowledge and practice on NSA			
fishery (provision of materials, breeds and etc) and through				
appropriate SBC strategy				
• Promote social behavioral change communication (SBCC) to	Proportion of HHS increased			
increase utilizations of nutrient rich food items	utilizations of nutrient rich food items			
• Facilitate enhanced community conversation (ECC) on food	Proportion of enhanced food			
utilization through the saving groups and social gatherings.	utilization through the saving groups			
	and social gatherings			

<ul> <li>Include nutrition message in both agriculture and extension package (nutrition sensitive and specific) inform</li> <li>Promote social behavioural change communication (SBG increase utilizations of nutrient rich food items</li> <li>Facilitate enhanced community conversation (ECC) or utilization through the saving groups and social gatherings.</li> <li>Include nutrition message in both agriculture and</li> </ul>	CC) to n food health	<ul> <li>Number of nutrition (nutrition sensitive and specific) information included in both agriculture and health extension package</li> <li>Number of food processing techniques promoted to improve nutrient intakes</li> <li>Proportion of enhanced community conversation (ECC) on food utilization through the saving groups and social gatherings.</li> <li>Proportion of agriculture and health</li> </ul>		
extension package (nutrition sensitive and specific) information	ation	extension package (nutrition sensitive		
Studenia Initiativa 2. Conduct assist and believe the		and specific) information included	1:4	and hansah-13
Strategic Initiative 2: Conduct social and behavioral chalevels.	inge coi	mmunications on maternal nutrition at fact	mty, community	and nousenoid
Strategic Actions	•	Performance Indicators	lead Sector	Support sector
Counsel pregnant and lactating women (PLW) on	•	Proportion of mothers who took extra	МоН	MoWCY,
adequate intake of diversified foods, additional meals		meals during pregnancy and lactation		MoA, DPs
and daytime rest during antenatal periods.	•	Proportion of PLWs careened and linked to		EBA
Linkage of PLW to appropriate support nutrition		nutritional services (PSNP-TDS, TSFP)		
services	•	Number champion women involved in		
Involve champion women to serve as role models to		PLW nutrition support		
support the nutrition of PLW.	•	Proportion of pregnant women in the		
Counsel pregnant women on food taboo, . addressing norms related to religious fasting of PLW through		last trimester and/or last round of ANC who received counselling on early initiation of		
multiple channels and multiple contact points	breast feeding			
(religious leaders, influential community members,	•	Proportion of pregnant women in the last		
women/men groups, medias, community care		trimester and/or last round of ANC who		
coalition, child parliament and any other community		received counselling on feeding of		
platforms)		colostrum		
Involve husbands, grandparents and others who play	•	Proportion of pregnant women who		
key roles in providing continuous care for PLW.		consumed diversified foods (at least five		
• Promotion of the use of micronutrient supplement and		food groups)		
fortified foods	•	Allocation of air time/print media for		
Promotion of healthy life style: increased awareness		nutrition messaging by media outlets		

on personal hygiene and environmental sanitation,		
negative consequences of tobacco use and use of		
harmful substances such as alcohol and Kchat.		
Promote utilization of insecticide-treated nets (ITNs)		
in all malaria endemic areas by PLW		
Promote birth preparedness and complication		
readiness for all pregnant women		
Promote and enforce code of marketing of breast-milk		
substitute		
Ensure social responsibilities of media outlets in		
nutrition messaging (e.g. proper transmission of		
nutrition message in accordance with the national		
regulations and laws, allocate free airtime messaging		
for nutrition message, allocate air time/program for		
nutrition)		

# 6. Institutional framework and coordination mechanisms for the Ethiopian Food and Nutrition Strategy

As food and nutrition issues are multi-dimensional and cross-sectoral in nature, they require a multi-sectoral food and nutrition coordination body to ensure more interaction and cross-sectoral collaboration to guide the implementation of the Food and Nutrition Policy. Therefore, the National Food and Nutrition Council (NFNC), which is composed of all sectoral ministers, regional presidents and city administrators and lead by the prime minister will overhaul the overall implementation of the FNP. The council will convene biannually or more frequently as deemed necessary to give directives and make major decisions related to Food and Nutrition issues. There will be a standalone secretariat (commissioner) office for the National Food and Nutrition council with its own organizational structure to serve as a hub for routine activities of the multisectoral coordination. The secretariat coordinates and supports food and nutrition implementing sectors and stakeholders to discharge their duties and responsibilities. Analogues structures shall be established at the regional, zonal, woreda and Kebele levels. The Regional Food and Nutrition Council shall be chaired by the Regional President that will be accountable to the national Food and Nutrition Council. Similarly, structures at zonal and woreda levels will be led by the respective zonal and woreda administrators to efficiently coordinate and implement the food and nutrition activities. At kebele level, the food and nutrition committees will be established and led by the kebele administrators.

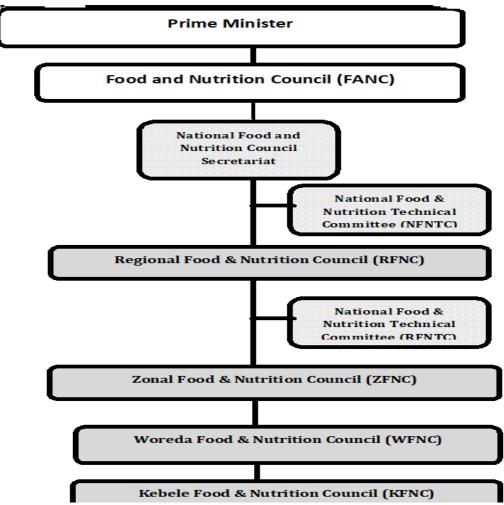


Figure 1: Institutional arrangements.

#### 6.1. Food and Nutrition Technical Committee

The Food and Nutrition Council Secretariat will have a Food and Nutrition Technical Committee composed technical experts from food and nutrition policy implementing sectors, academia, development partners and private sector. Nutrition Technical Committees should regularly report their plans and performances to respective National Food and Nutrition Secretariat.

The technical committee will have three steering committees, namely: National food and nutrition programme management steering committee, national food fortification Steering Committee and National food and Nutrition monitoring, evaluation and research steering committee.

#### 6.2. National Food and Nutrition Program Management Steering Committee (NFNPMSC)

The Ministry of Health and Ministry of Agriculture will lead the NFNPMSC in order to efficiently coordinate nutrition specific as well as nutrition sensitive program implementation in the country. The NFNPMSC will establish working groups to support different interventions in both the nutrition specific and sensitive sectors. The objective is to provide technical support to the National food and Nutrition Council/Secretariat for the implementation of the national Food and nutrition strategy.

# 6.3. National Food and Nutrition Program Monitoring, Evaluation and Research Steering Committee

The Ethiopian Public Health Institute (EPHI) and Ethiopian Institute of Agricultural Research (EIAR) are responsible to chair and coordinate the National Food and Nutrition Program Monitoring, Evaluation and Research Steering Committee for efficient implementation of the strategy. The general objective of the steering committee is to provide technical support for the monitoring, evaluation and research to ensure successful implementation of the National food and Nutrition strategy.

#### 6.4. National Food Fortification Steering Committee (NFFSC)

Ministry of Industry is responsible for chairing and coordinating the National Food fortification steering committee (NFFSC) in the country. NFFSC is comprised of relevant sectors/ agencies/ authorities, private sectors, donors, nutrition development partners, universities and associations whose participation in efforts to address micronutrient malnutrition is necessary. The objective of the NFFSC is providing technical guidance on the national food fortification program.



Figure 2: Multisectoral Nutrition Coordination Platform, National Nutrition Steering Committees.

#### 7. Monitoring and evaluation framework

The monitoring and evaluation system uses high level performance (outcome and impact) indicators emanating from the strategic objectives of the policy directions and output level indicators for strategic actions. Each sector is expected to report to the food and nutrition secretariat quarterly based on the agreed indicators and a predesigned template for reporting. Sectoral performance will be evaluated by the secretariat against key indicators using balanced score card that will be presented to the council on the biannual meeting. A similar evaluation exercise will be carried out at all levels. The policy monitoring and evaluation system will be linked to other existing sectoral monitoring and information systems. The monitoring and evaluation system helps to identify best practices to facilitate rational revision of the policy over time.

In order to strengthen the monitoring and evaluation system:

- 1. The National Food and Nutrition council secretariat will effectively collaborate with all stakeholders for periodic and effective monitoring of food and nutrition strategy implementation and progresses made from federal to Kebele levels.
- Predetermined specific indicators and targets will be incorporated into the
  existing monitoring and evaluation system of each sector and will be tracked at
  different levels of government structures from Kebele to the House of Peoples'
  Representatives.
- 3. There will be a continuous Food and Nutrition Surveillance, surveys and routine Information Management System.
  - 3.1. Recording and reporting of sex and age disaggregated nutrition data within existing sectoral information systems will be integrated.
  - 3.2. Appropriate integration of nutrition sensitive and specific indicators in sector specific woreda based plans will be ensured.
  - 3.3. Joint operational research planning in the areas of food and nutrition among sectors and institutions will be strengthened.
  - 3.4. Roll out a unified food and nutrition information system (UNIS) to capture appropriate nutrition sensitive and nutrition specific indicators that can be collected at facility and community levels, including nutrition surveys and assessments and their link to DHIS2.
  - 3.5. Strengthen District Health information system (DHIS2) to incorporate appropriate food and nutrition specific indicators that can be collected at facility and community levels, including nutrition surveys and assessments.
  - 3.6. Conduct midterm and end line evaluation, impact assessments and surveys.
  - 3.7. Ensure incorporation of nutrition indicators in each sector planning.
  - 3.8. Develop a central food and nutrition information platform /databases for research, surveys and programmatic data that allow triangulation of information from all sectors.
- 4. Build the capacity of nutrition program implementing line ministries, agencies and institutes at all levels to collect and utilize nutrition data for planning and decision making.
- 5. Ensure regular Integrated Supportive Supervision (ISS) and multisectoral & sectoral review meetings at all levels.
- 6. Conduct systematic review and publication of the existing nutrition data for programming and decision making.

### 7.1. Monitoring the Food and Nutrition Security(FNS): Indicators

A number of government and non-government institutions are at the centre of the collection, management, analysis and dissemination of relevant food and nutrition information. An overview is provided in Annex 1 as reference for possible future expansion of the FNS monitoring system. Over time, the information contained in Annex 1 need to be updated periodically.

#### 8. Annexes

### 8.1. Annex 1: Priority performance long term indicators in Ethiopia.

Priority Area	Performance Indicator
Economic growth and	GDP growth rate
transformation	Domestic revenue to GDP ratio
	Human development index
	Foreign exchange reserves
	Proportion of national budget used for poverty focused programs
	Life expectancy
	Share of rural non-farm employment, Industrialization intensity index
Good governance and	Corruption Perceptions Index (CPI)
security	Number of people internally displaced
	Beneficiary assessment of quality of services in the police and judiciary
	Level of awareness about rights and entitlements
	Gender development index
	Gini coefficient
Increasing the incomes	Incidence and depth of poverty (Poverty index)
of the poor	Economic dependency
	Share of rural non-farm employment
	Per capita income
	Wealth index
Increasing food security	Food security index
	Food balance sheet
	Hunger index
	Proportion of income spent on food
	Yield rates of major crops
	Postharvest loss rate
	Decrease in food safety claims
	Crop variety score
	Crop diversity score
Social Transformation in	Nutrition Literacy
food and nutrition	Access to safe and adequate water
	Improve food processing practices
	Improve rood processing practices     Improved consumption practices(DDS)
	Improved consumption practices(DDS)     Improved intra household allocation of food resources
NY 40'4' and add a	Improved food storage practices
Nutritional status	Nutritional status of children Nutritional status of women
	Prevalence of anemia
	Vitamin A deficiency
	Childhood immunization Childhood illnesses Proportion of pregnant
	women and children using bed net in malarious areas
	Breastfeeding
	Improved micronutrient coverage (Iron, Iodine, Vitamin A)
	Prevalence of obesity among adults, adolescents, children

Health status	Institutional deliveries in public and PNFPs
	HIV prevalence
	• Infant mortality (every 5 years)
	Maternal mortality (every 5 years)
	Proportion of children stunted (every 5 years)
	Proportion of Children Wasted
	Proportion of Children with low birth weight
	Prevalence of diet related chronic non-communicable diseases( diabetes,
	Hypertension, stroke, cancer)
Primary education	Net-school enrolments
	Pupil-teacher ration
	Classroom- pupil ratio
	Literacy rate (every 5 years)
	School dropout rate
	Universal Primary education coverage
	Gender parity in Universal Primary education coverage
Water and sanitation	Proportion of rural population with 1.5km to safe water and urban population within 200 m
	Proportion of the population with good sanitation facilities

## 8.2. Annex 2: Selected monitoring indicators relevant to FNS M&E framework.

Indicator	Baseline Value	5-year target
% of GoE budget allocated for food and nutrition	Value	target
Percent of < 5 years children stunted	36.8%	
Percent of children < 5 years wasted	7.2%	
Percent of childer < 5 years underweight	21.1%	
Percent of mothers pregnant women malnourished		
Number infants exclusively breast fed up to 6 months	58.8%	
Vitamin-A deficiency: supplementation in the past 6 months	47.1%	
Weight of child when receiving measles immunization (9 months)		
Anaemia in children	56%	
Anaemia in mothers	23%	
Proportion of food secure population		
Iodine deficiency in mothers	35%	
Iodine deficiency in children	38%	
Post-harvest loss for cereals	30%	
Post-harvest loss for fruits and vegetables	50%	
Proportion of adults with chronic diseases		
Proportion of adults with metabolic syndrome		

Proportion of adults dying from chronic diseases 51.5%
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8.3. Annex 3: Key performance indicators identified to monitor the nutritional impact of nutrition interventions enumerated in the strategic document.

	Key indicator	Base line value	End line value
Food availability	Food stocks available (in a given period) at HH		
.,	Per capita ASF/food supply (FBS)		
	Availability of milk/egg throughout the year		
	Total household ASF/food production (e.g. litters		
	ilk/day)		
Food access	Food security index		
(household)	HH food diversity score		
	Food consumption score		
	HH Food Insecurity and Access Scale		
	Access to milk throughout the year		
	Income generation		
Food	Individual dietary diversity scores (women)		
consumption	Individual dietary diversity scores (child, 6-23 m)		
(individual)	Nutrient intake		
	Consumption of iron-rich or iron-fortified (or vitamin		
	A) foods		
	% of women/children consuming		
	ASF/milk/eggs/dried meat		
Environmental	Morbidity rate in human (diarrhea, Respiratory		
health	infection)		
	% of HHs having latrines		
	% of HHs having access to drinking water		
	% of HHs having access to hand washing facility		
Care practices	Children ever breastfed		
	early initiation of BF		
	Exclusive BF under 6 m		
	Continued BF at 1 and 2 y		
	Introduction of solid, semi-solid or soft foods,		
	Minimum meal frequency of infants,		
	Minimum acceptable diet for infants		
	Duration of BF		
	Colostrums intake rate		
	Rate of impregnated mosquito net usage		

	Preconception supplementation of folic acid	
	IFA adherence	
Gender	Workload (number of hours spent in agriculture	
	activities per day)	
	% of the revenue controlled by the women	
	% of men participating in nutrition education	
	Women Empowerment in Agriculture Index	
	% of women participating in intervention committees	
	and activities	
Nutritional	Prevalence of acute malnutrition (SAM/MAM)	
status	Prevalence of stunting	
	Prevalence of under weight	
	Prevalence of child overweight and obesity	
	Prevalence of overweight/obesity in pregnant women	
	Prevalence of under nutrition in women	
	Prevalence of total anemia in women, adolescents and	
	children	
	Prevalence of nutritional anemia in women, children	
	and adolescents	
	Prevalence of folate deficiency in women and	
	adolescents	
	Prevalence of chronic iodine deficiency	
	Prevalence of current iodine deficiency	
	Prevalence of night blindness in pregnant women	
	Prevalence of vitamin A deficiency in children	
	Prevalence of zinc deficiency	
	Prevalence of calcium deficiency in pregnant women	
	and children	

#### 8.4. Annex 4: Glossary of terms

- o Food any solid or liquid allowed to be taken into the body (eaten) in a given country.
- Nutrition the science of ingestion, digestion, absorption, transport, metabolism and excretion of foods and the actions of nutrients within the body for physical and mental growth and development, prevention of diseases and development of the immune system.
- Nutrients chemical substances obtained from food and used in the body to provide energy, repair of body tissues, support growth and aid the normal functioning of hormones.
- Nutrition security (optimal nutrition) to achieve nutrition security, individuals need more than just access to sufficient, safe and nutritious food. They must also have safe water and adequate sanitation, the ability to access health care services, and knowledge of sound household and community practices in child care, food storage and preparation and hygiene. (The food-care-health model).
- Food security food security exists when all people, at all times, have physical, social and economic access to sufficient, safe and nutritious food to meet the dietary needs and food preferences for active and healthy living.
- Food value chain defined as the set of linked activities required to transform raw materials (farm) into products for end consumers (table). It covers primary agricultural food products, food processing, food transport, vendor and retail and food preparations in catering establishments, street vendors and households and consumption of foods.